

offer facilities or drinking water. your pet. Many BLM sites do not Bring plenty of water for you and

public lands? Visit the Public Land Looking for a map, book, permit, or recommendation to explore your

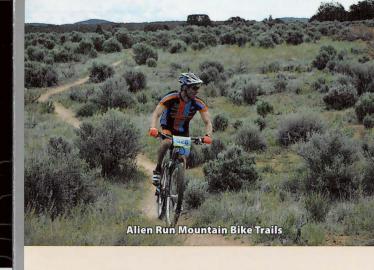
the "Land of Enchantment," the Bureau of Land other activities on more than 13 million acres of public land w Mexico's public lands are diverse, encom

deserts, rugged lava flows, badlands, deep canyons, wild and scenic rivers, wilderness, and other distinctive landscapes. The majority of BLM-managed public land is open for recreational use, and opportunities abound for hiking, hunting, fishing, camping, horseback riding, off-roading, a other activities. The BLM also manages National Conservationals (NCLs), public lands with exceptional qualities. Thes

New Mexico's NCL units include four national monuments New Mexico's NCL units include four national monuments; two national conservation areas; three national scenic and historic trails; two wild and scenic rivers; 18 wilderness areas; and 47 wilderness study areas (WSAs). Those WSAs with legal public access are listed at the end of each mapback section. WSAs are places that are characterized by "naturalness" and that Congress is considering designating and protecting as wilderness—places that offer outstanding opportunities for solitude and primitive recreation. more information on the sites described in this brochur ease visit www.blm.gov/visit.

HELP US PROTECT YOUR PUBLIC LANDS We need your help to protect your public lands for current and future generations to enjoy. To report crimes in progre on BLM public lands, please call 911. To report crimes against natural resources on BLM lands, contact the BLM's Law Enforcement Dispatch at (800) 637-9152.

The BLM welcomes you to the great State of New Mexico



NORTHWEST NEW MEXICO

(505) 564-7600 6251 College Boulevard • Farmington, NM 87402

The 7,242-acre wilderness is in a badland area of rolling, water-carved clay hills. The area, rich in fossils, has yielded numerous specimens important to science.

Alien Run Mountain Bike Trails

that cover more than 26 miles. The original loop and the Outer Limits Trail encircle a rumored UFO crash site. The trail features swooping flow trail, rim riding, slickrock sections, and tight turns through the piñon-juniper woodland. The Alien Run Outer Limits extension features rocky climbs and olunging downhills. The trail is known for including one of the largest selections of slickrock in New Mexico.

Angel Peak Scenic Area

Within this 10,000-acre area rises the scenic Angel Peak, at nearly 7,000 feet. A short nature trail leads to an overlook of blue and gray shale badlands formed from floodplains of ancient rivers. Angel Peak has three picnic areas with ADA accessible toilets. The campground has nine sites available for tent camping. There are ADA accessible restrooms. No drinking water or electrical hookups are available.

A favorite with photographers for its hoodoo formations, the wilderness is a remote, desolate area of steeply eroded and colorful badlands. Time and natural elements have created strange rock formations here and some of the most extraordinary scenery in New Mexico.

More than 800 acres are available for off-highway vehicle (OHV) enthusiasts in this sand dune area.

Glade Run Recreation Area The Glade Run Recreation Area offers many miles of

motorized and nonmotorized trails through piñon-juniper woodland with sandstone bluffs, sandy arroyos, and badlands. Jeeps, utility-type vehicles (UTVs), all-terrain vehicles (ATVs), dirt bikes, mountain bikes, equestrians, and hikers will all find a place to play. Ten designated campsites are available at the Brown Springs Campground, which has shelters, picnic tables, campfire rings, two vault toilets, a group shelter with large grill, and a tot lot track for kids on dirt bikes or ATVs. Designated and dispersed camping in the recreation area requires a free permit from the BLM. The recreation area is known for its national class rock ng hosted the Grand Nationals Rock Crawlin Championships for many years. The oldest continuously held mountain bike race in the United States, the Road Apple Rally, also takes place here.

Head Canyon Off-Highway Vehicle Recreation Area

Head Canyon provides an opportunity for OHV users to ride or practice their skills on an open motocross track. The track covers the majority of the 140 acres found at Head Canyon.

Navajo Lake Horse Trail

This 6,750-acre area overlooks the Navajo Lake Reservoir. his equestrian trail provides scenic views of Navajo Lake Dam and the upper waters of the San Juan River.

Piñon Mesa Recreation Area

The Piñon Mesa Recreation Area is a beautiful badlands area for hiking, biking, and equestrian use. OHVs are allowed on designated roads and trails.

Simón Canyon Recreation Area

This sandstone canyon offers dispersed camping, hiking, and pirdwatching. The San Juan River provides excellent fishing at the mouth of Simón Canyon. Overlooking the area, the partially restored Simón Ruin, a single-room Navajo Pueblito, s built on top of a 20-foot-tall boulder. The recreation area has a restroom, picnic tables, and campfire rings. No drinking water or electrical hookups are available.

RIO PUERCO FIELD OFFICE (505) 761-8700 100 Sun Avenue, NE, Pan American Building, Suite 330 Albuquerque, NM 87109

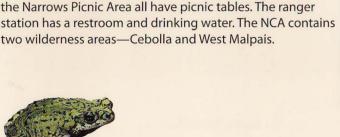
Cebolla Wilderness

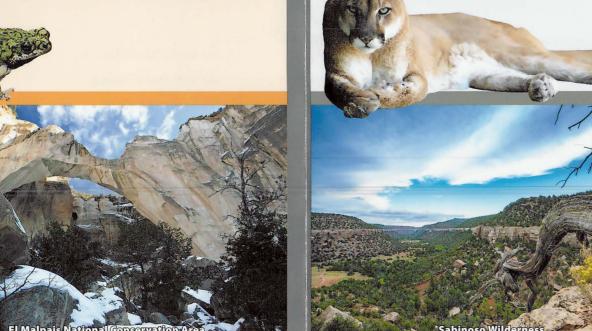
The 61,600-acre Cebolla Wilderness is made up of sandstone mesas, canyons, and grassy valleys. It contains La Ventana Natural Arch, a dramatic sandstone arch sculpted by wind and water. The wilderness, which features four hiking trails, is located within the El Malpais National Conservation

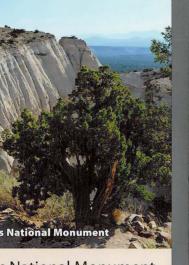
Chain of Craters Backcountry Byway The 33-mile byway passes through El Malpais NCA. Visitors may see volcanic cinder cones and sandstone bluffs, explore hiking trails, and camp in this unique natural setting. Highclearance vehicles are suggested.

El Malpais National

Conservation Area (505) 280-2918 This "bad country" (El Malpais) includes lava flows, some dating back 800,000 years. A must-see is La Ventana Natural Arch, a beautiful sandstone arch with easy access from Highway 117. The Joe Skeen Campground offers 10 campsites with picnic tables, shelters, and a restroom. The El Malpais Ranger Station, La Ventana Natural Arch, and







Kasha-Katuwe Tent Rocks National Monument Kasha-Katuwe Tent Rocks is known for its scenic, cone-shaped tent formations, which are composed of pumice, ash, and tuff deposits from volcanic eruptions 6-7 million years ago. The monument includes two national recreation trails: the Slot Canyon Trail (3 miles roundtrip) and the Cave Loop Trail (1.2 miles). A 1-mile ADA accessible loop trail at the Veterans' Memorial Overlook offers stunning views of the picturesque Peralta Canyon and Jemez Mountain peaks. There are picnic tables and restrooms. No drinking water is available. The

Ojito Wilderness

Deep, meandering arroyos offer miles of terrain in which to wander amid canyons, cliffs, and some colorful geological formations. Summer monsoon rains often provide just enough rain to make this area flourish with blooming desert plants.

The Perea Nature Trail (1 mile roundtrip) is a flat interpretive

monument is closed to dogs, excluding service animals.

trail that takes visitors through the riparian zone of the Rio Salado. Views from the trail include the purple-hued rock

Perea Nature Trail

formations of the nearby Nacimiento Mountains. West Malpais Wilderness The West Malpais Wilderness encompasses grassland, piñon juniper woodland, ponderosa pine stands, and basalt lava

fields. A designated trail leads to Hole-in-the-Wall, an area

surrounded (but not covered) by lava flows. The wilderness

White Ridge Bike Trails

The bike trails cross a landscape of spectacular beauty and exceptional geology. The trails were developed for mountain biking, but hikers are also welcome. The westernmost trail is also open to equestrian use.

WILDERNESS STUDY AREAS

is located within the El Malpais NCA.

2 Empedrado and La Leña

The adjacent Empedrado and La Leña Wilderness Study Areas (WSAs) feature deep arroyos, highly sculpted mesas, canyons, and sandstone and shale outcrops. Sweeping vistas can be found throughout these remote areas. The Continental Divide National Scenic Trail passes through these WSAs.

3 Cabezon

Cabezon Peak's dramatic volcanic formation is a well-known New Mexico landmark (elevation, 7,795 feet; prominence, about 1,300 feet). A primitive trail leads to the base of the cliffs; basic mountaineering experience is required to reach

4 Chamisa and Ignacio Chavez The northern portion of these adjacent WSAs is arid, while

the southern portion consists of a higher plateau dominated by piñon and ponderosa pines. The Continental Divide National Scenic Trail passes through the Ignacio Chavez WSA.

5 El Malpais

This area is characterized by rugged basalt flows. Grassland, piñon-juniper woodland, and open stands of ponderosa pine cover the area. The Continental Divide National Scenic Trail passes through a portion of the WSA.

6 Chain of Craters

More than a dozen volcanic cinder cones found here are part of a larger group of craters. The lower elevations are dominated by piñon-juniper woodlands, which give way to forests of ponderosa pine at higher elevations. The Continental Divide National Scenic Trail passes through the WSA.

TAOS FIELD OFFICE (575) 758-8851

The Rio Chama was designated by Congress as a wild and scenic river in 1988. Towering cliffs, heavily wooded side canyons, and historic sites offer an outstanding wild river backdrop for the angler or boater. Access is primarily by boat; however, visitors can hike to the river in a few areas.

WILDERNESS STUDY AREA

1 Rio Chama

The landscape of the Rio Chama WSA consists of gently rolling, sagebrush-covered plains and a 900-foot-deep canyon of colorful siltstone and sandstone carved by the Rio Chama.

NORTHEAST NEW MEXICO

Diablo Canyon Recreation Area

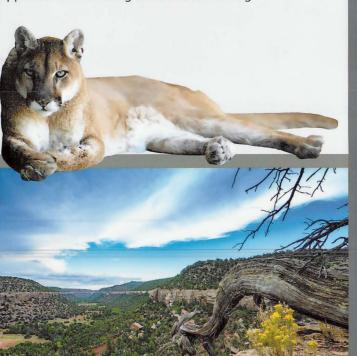
This area near Santa Fe is a very popular destination for rock climbers. A 2-mile, nonmotorized route through the canyon brings visitors to the Rio Grande. There are no facilities.

La Cieneguilla Petroglyph Site

Hundreds of petroglyphs can be found along a trail that winds its way along a rock-lined escarpment near the Santa Fe River southwest of Santa Fe. There are no facilities.

Posi-Ouinge Recreation Area

Adjacent to Ojo Caliente Hot Springs, this area features a trail (approximately 1 mile roundtrip) to one of the largest pueblo ruins in the Southwest. The area also has





Río Grande del Norte National Monument

O GRANDE GORGE VISITOR CENTER (575) 751-489

The 242,710-acre Río Grande del Norte National Monument, designated in March 2013, comprises rugged, wide-open plains at an average elevation of 7,000 feet. It is dotted by volcanic cones and cut by steep canyons, with rivers tucked away in their depths. One of its highlights is the Rio Grande Gorge, which is more than 82 miles long. The gorge is carved through layers of volcanic rock and ash and in places is about 800 feet deep and a mile wide. When flows are sufficient, the Rio Grande offers some of the best whitewater boating in New Mexico. The main river and its tributaries, particularly the Red River, also provide great opportunities for fishing.

There are two visitor centers within the monument—in the north, Wild Rivers Visitor Center; in the south, Rio Grande Gorge Visitor Center.

Most campgrounds in the monument have covered shelters,

tables, grills, restrooms, and drinking water. Dispersed camping is also allowed in most of the monument's undeveloped areas. In the upper gorge, the Wild Rivers Recreation Area near Questa has several campgrounds and nonmotorized trails that provide access to the river and along the rim of, or into, the Guadalupe Mountains. In the lower gorge, Orilla Verde Recreation Area has campgrounds, some with electric and water hookups, one with showers (Rio Bravo Campground), and all have river access. There are several developed trails in this area and at the Taos Valley Overlook, which offers more than 23 miles of nonmotorized trails.

The western portion of the monument, the Taos Plateau, is dominated by several large volcanoes that rise 1,000–2,000 feet above the surrounding plain. Cerro del Yuta—or Ute Mountain—is the highest peak within the monument (elevation, 10,082 feet; prominence, approximately 2,500 feet). The Cerro del Yuta Wilderness encompasses 13,420 acres that encircle Cerro del Yuta. The western portion of the monument is home to New Mexico's largest elk herd and is a favorite hunting destination. Roads here are not maintained and can be hazardous when wet or during winter months.

The 8,120-acre Río San Antonio Wilderness is located in the northwest corner of the monument. It consists of an open grass and shrub plain cut starkly by a narrow gorge about 100 feet deep, where Douglas fir and spruce line the Rio San

Rio Grande and Red River Wild and Scenic Rivers

There are around 60 miles of the Rio Grande and about 4 miles of the Red River included in the nation's Wild and Scenic River System. Activities of note are fishing, float boating, hiking, birdwatching, and wildlife viewing. ghorn sheep and elk are among the more charismatic species that visitors may see.

Sabinoso Wilderness

The Sabinoso Wilderness is a remote area in northeastern New Mexico. The wilderness includes a series of high, narrow mesas surrounded by cliff-lined canyons. The area is known for its exceptional opportunities for hiking, horseback riding, backcountry camping, and hunting.

This reservoir on the Santa Cruz River provides recreational

opportunities for anglers, picnickers, campers, and boaters (no wakes allowed). A campground and several day-use sites near the lake have sheltered picnic tables and grills. Restrooms and drinking water are available.

Wild Rivers Backcountry Byway

Santa Cruz Lake Recreation Area

This backcountry byway is a closed-loop road providing access to the Wild Rivers area of the Río Grande del Norte National Monument north of Taos. The low-speed, paved road is about 13 miles long and provides access to many scenic views and recreational opportunities. Drinking water is available (seasonally, from April to October) at developed recreation sites along the byway.

SOUTHWEST NEW MEXICO

SOCORRO FIELD OFFICE (575) 835-0412

901 South Highway 85 • Socorro, NM 87801 Datil Well Recreation Area Campground

The Datil Well Recreation Area Campground includes one of the 15 original water wells along the Magdalena Livestock Driveway, a 120-mile cattle trail that stretched from

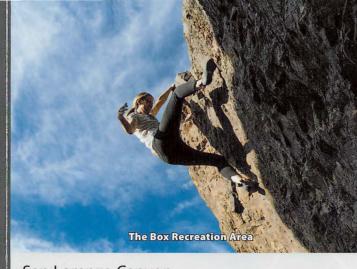
Springerville, Arizona, to Magdalena, New Mexico, in the 1800s. There are 22 individual campsites and one large group site, all with picnic tables, barbeque grills, and fire pits. Some sites have covered shelters. There are also 3 miles of looped hiking trails with several scenic overlooks. Restrooms are available. Drinking water is available seasonally, from April 15 to October 15.

Fort Craig National Historic Site Established in 1854, Fort Craig was one of the largest forts in

the West. This site is known for its authenticity, having been altered only by the hands of time. Ruins of stone structures stand in contrast to the fort's crumbling adobe buildings. This day-use area has an interpretive trail, picnic tables, restrooms, and drinking water. Johnson (Gordy's) Hill Recreation Area

This 7,647-acre area offers excellent OHV and mountain bike opportunities and challenges for all experience levels.

Quebradas Backcountry Byway The Quebradas Backcountry Byway is an unpaved county road traversing 24 miles of rugged, colorful landscapes east of Socorro/Escondida, south to San Antonio (east of I-25 and the Rio Grande River). The byway winds through scenic and unique geologic features. No drinking water is available along the byway.



drinking water are available.

Organ Mountains – Desert Peaks National Monument

education area in the Rio Grande Bosque. The area includes a 1/2-mile, self-guided nature walk with interpretive signs, an amphitheater, and a pond. There are picnic tables, a group shelter, and restroom. No drinking water is available.

sandstone and basalt mesas. The 500-foot Red Hill Cinder Cone, and its associated lava flow, is a prominent feature.

drinking water.

sandstone mesas, volcanic cinder cones, gently rolling hills, and lava flows in piñon-juniper woodlands interspersed with grasslands.

The Sierra Ladrones range rises from the Rio Grande Valley. The WSA offers diverse topography, including high mountain peaks, isolated canyons, and badlands. There are no designated trails; however, hikers who find their way to the top of the Ladron Mountains are rewarded with panoramic views. The highest point in the range is 9,114 feet, with a prominence

of more than 3,000 feet above the surrounding plain.

Low-lying hills cut by numerous arroyos characterize this arid area. The WSA is located adjacent to the Sevilleta National Wildlife Refuge.

11 Stallion

piñon and juniper vegetation covering much of the WSA.

12 Presilla and Sierra de Las Cañas The variety of landforms in the neighboring Presilla and

Sierra de Las Cañas WSAs includes arroyos cut through colorful layers of rock; sheer rock escarpments; deep, narrow canyons; mountain ridges; and badlands. These WSAs are bisected by the Quebradas Backcountry Byway.

prominence, approximately 1,600 feet) rises above the Plains

of San Augustin. This WSA offers interesting features, such as scenic pinnacles, a forested mountain environment, and

14 Continental Divide Rolling grasslands give way to steeper slopes covered in piñon-juniper woodlands and ponderosa pine forests. surrounding plains. The Continental Divide National Scenic Trail passes through this WSA. Pelona Mountain (elevation,

9,167 feet) is the highest point within the WSA.

15 Devil's Backbone

The Devil's Backbone WSA is characterized by sharp, rugged ridges and peaks rising above the surrounding desert grassland.

16 Antelope

managed by the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service.

17 Jornada del Muerto

Jornada del Muerto (Journey of the Dead) WSA is almost entirely composed of rugged lava flows broken by sinkholes and pressure ridges.

LAS CRUCES DISTRICT OFFICE (575) 525-4300

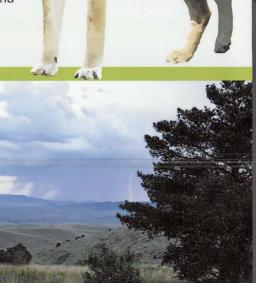
Aden Hills Off-Highway Vehicle Recreation Area This OHV area includes 8,000 acres of open, flat, and rolling terrain, including about 18 miles of motorcycle and

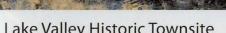
Broad Canyon Wilderness

The 13,902-acre wilderness is well known for its steep walls and rock shelters that house important cultural sites.

Lake Valley Backcountry Byway

and mining country and past the ruins of the 1880s mining town of Lake Valley. Nestled between the Mimbres and Caballo Mountains and the Cookes Range in southwestern New Mexico, the byway is rich in history and offers beautiful scenic views.





silver was discovered. Today, it is a ghost town. The restored schoolhouse provides a glimpse of what schooling in a rural area was like in the early 20th century. Restrooms and

DRIPPING SPRINGS VISITOR CENTER (575) 522-1219

up of four separate units: the Doña Ana Mountains, the Robledo Mountains, the Potrillo Mountains, and the iconic Organ Mountains.

Organ Mountains unit of the monument, visitors may access more than 4 miles of easy hiking/biking trails to scenic areas Dripping Springs Trail and a portion of the La Cueva Trail (see visitor center staff for more information).

The Aguirre Spring Recreation Area in the Organ Mountains unit is nestled at the base of spectacular cliffs and overlooks the Tularosa Basin. Sites with shelters and shade trees may be used for picnicking or camping. The campground has a total of 55 individual campsites and two group sites available for reservation. Accessible restrooms are also available. Drinking water is available only outside the campground at the campground host site. The recreation area is also the trailhead for the Pine Tree National Recreation Trail loop (4 miles) and the Baylor Pass National Recreation Trail (12 miles roundtrip). These trails offer hikers access to very scenic sections of the Organ Mountains.

The Potrillo Mountains unit of the Organ Mountains – Desert Peaks National Monument is home to six different wilderness areas: the 27,673-acre Aden Lava Flow Wilderness, the 16,935-acre Cinder Cone Wilderness, the 12,155-acre East Potrillo Mountains Wilderness, the 8,382-acre Mount Riley Wilderness, the 105,085-acre Potrillo Mountains Wilderness, and the 9,616-acre Whitethorn Wilderness. The area offers visitors sandy areas, playas, lava fields, cinder cones, and volcanic craters. Visitors can make their way up Mount Riley for views of the nearby Aden Lava Flow, which features large fields of lava flows and volcanic craters

Organ Mountains Wilderness

The 19,916-acre wilderness is located in the rugged and scenic Organ Mountains - Desert Peaks National Monument. The area features massive, jagged spires, pinnacles, and outcroppings with steep, rocky ridges interspersed by narrow, rocky canyons.

Point of Rocks

The large basalt outcropping known as Point of Rocks was a guiding landmark that travelers depended on when crossing a waterless portion of the Jornada del Muerto. The rock indicated that water was 10 miles away. Today, the route is part of El Camino Real de Tierra Adentro National Historic Trail. There is a parking lot and an interpretive kiosk at Point of Rocks, as well as a ½-mile loop trail to the top of the landmark and ridge.

Prehistoric Trackways National Monument Prehistoric Trackways National Monument is adjacent to the Organ Mountains - Desert Peaks National Monument. Fossil tracks of amphibians, reptiles, and insects predate the dinosaurs, providing scientists with important information about life 286 million years ago. The best way to view these

fossils is to join a BLM-led hike. OHV trails, from easy to

extreme, are another feature of the monument. The city of Las Cruces Museum of Nature and Science also has fossil trackways on exhibit. In addition, visitors may, by special arrangement, view the fossil tracks stored for scientific study at the New Mexico Museum of Natural

Robledo Mountains Wilderness

Sierra de las Uvas Wilderness

History and Science in Albuquerque.

The 16,776-acre wilderness is characterized by rugged, steep canyons covered by desert grasses and shrubs. Robledo Mountain stands at an elevation of 5,866 feet. This wilderness area spans both the Prehistoric Trackways and Organ Mountains - Desert Peaks national monuments.

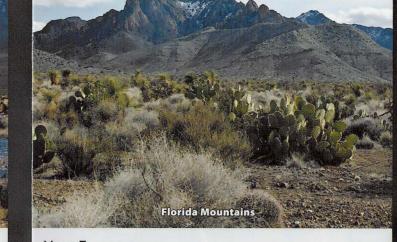
The 11,114-acre wilderness offers a variety of landscapes

prominence, nearly 2,000 feet).

are also available.

This 29-mile, nonmotorized trail—which runs along the western flank of the Organ Mountains and the eastern side of the Franklin Mountains—provides spectacular views of the mountains jutting majestically above the desert floor. Visitors may also see mule deer, coyotes, and other wildlife. The trail connects to the Franklin Mountain State Park trail system in Texas and is used primarily by mountain bikers; however, some sections near Vado are very sandy and difficult for mountain bikes. (For map, go to www.blm.gov/visit.)

Tortugas Mountain Recreation Area Tortugas (Tortoise) Mountain is a small, hump-backed mountain (elevation, 4,928 feet; prominence, about 600 feet). Numerous nonmotorized trails encircle the mountain. Parking is provided in two lots; shaded picnic structures



Yost Escarpment

A 1 ½-mile trail along the Jornada del Muerto provides visitors with an opportunity to experience the difficulties of traveling this desolate, waterless, 90-mile route (today, part of the El Camino Real de Tierra Adentro National Historic Trail). The Jornada del Muerto was taken by Spanish explorer Juan de Oñate and his expedition in 1598. Later, thousands of wagons, people, and livestock traveled across the Yost Escarpment to the small New Mexican towns on New Spain's northern frontier. The interpretive trail ends atop a steep cliff once crossed by determined travelers and huge freight

WILDERNESS STUDY AREAS

18 Apache Box

way to steep, rocky slopes and mesas southeast of the canyon. 19 Blue Creek The Blue Creek features rolling and rugged desert hills and

drainages north of the Gila River and the Gila Lower Box

WSA. Black Mountain dominates the WSA, while Blue Creek

Apache Box includes a deep, narrow canyon carved by Apache

Creek. Sheer cliffs rise 600 feet above the canyon floor and give

delineates part of the eastern boundary.

20 Gila Lower Box

The Gila Lower Box WSA is an oasis in the desert. The Gila River has cut a 5-mile-long, steep-walled canyon that is 600 feet deep in some places. The river is lined with lush groves of deciduous trees offering some of the best birding n New Mexico.

21 Peloncillo Mountains

Low mountains, cliffs, and numerous canyons, with gentle hills covered in desert grasses and shrubs, characterize this WSA. This range straddles the New Mexico/Arizona border (a 40/60 percent split). At an elevation of nearly 7,000 feet, Gray Mountain (in the New Mexico Bootheel) is the high point in the range and rises about 1,600 feet above the urrounding landscape.

22 Cookes Range

The northern portion of this WSA is extremely rugged, while the southern portion features rolling, open hills cut by deep canyons. The highest point of the range is Cookes Peak, a craggy spire (elevation, 8,018 feet; prominence, roughly 3,600 feet). The peak is a prominent landmark in southwestern New Mexico; nearby springs made the peak an important marker of water for American Indians, Spanish, and American travelers passing through the region.

23 Cedar Mountains The rolling hills and valleys of this area are covered with

rrounding basin).

he Florida Mountains are characterized by a spectacular, ugged ridgeline and steep canyons. Vertical spires rise oughly 7,300 feet above sea level (2,800 feet above the

25 Big Hatchet Mountains This rugged desert mountain range is home to Big Hatchet

mahogany, and oak trees in the higher elevations, where desert bighorn sheep may be found. 26 Alamo Hueco Mountains This area is characterized by highly eroded volcanic

dominated by juniper and oak brush. This WSA is considered

shrubs in the lowlands give way to piñon-juniper, mountain

(575) 627-0272

SOUTHEAST NEW MEXICO

Fort Stanton – Snowy River Cave National

Conservation Area (575) 354-0099 The Fort Stanton – Snowy River Cave National Conservation Area was established in 2009 to protect, conserve, and enhance the unique and nationally important historic, cultural, scientific, archaeological, natural, and educational subterranean cave resources. Fort Stanton Cave is more than 31 miles long; the Snowy River passage inside it is the longest cave formation in the world. Fort Stanton was

The NCA covers about 25,000 acres and offers a variety of recreational activities, including more than 90 miles of multiuse trails for horseback riding, mountain biking, and hiking.

Two developed camping areas are available: the Cave Canyon Campground and the Rob Jaggers Camping Area. The Cave Canyon Campground has tables, shelters, and fire rings. There is a vault toilet, but no drinking water. The Rob Jaggers Camping Area has a large parking area, shelters (including a group shelter), fire rings, vault toilets, and facilities for staging horseback riding. There are eight RV hookups with electricity and drinking water, with additional drinking water outlets.

this 1,920-acre site. The single-track trails are ideal for mountain biking as well. The area has camping sites with shelters, grills, fire rings, and an OHV loading ramp. There are restrooms, but no drinking water is available.



Mescalero Sands North Dune Off-Highway Vehicle Area

Black River Recreation Area

More than 610 acres of towering sand dunes await your enjoyment in the Mescalero Sands North Dune Off-Highway Vehicle Area. The dune field stretches over most of the area and lends itself well to UTVs and ATVs, off-highway motorcycles, sand rails, and dune buggies. RV camping is allowed in the north, middle, and south parking lots. Dispersed camping is allowed in the dunes away from the parking lots, but these areas can be accessed only by vehicles capable of traversing soft sand. There are covered shelters, tables, grills fire rings, and restrooms. No drinking water is available.

Valley of Fires Recreation Area (575) 648-2241 Valley of Fires Recreation Area is located next to the

Carrizozo Lava Flow. The lava flow covers about 125 square miles, is 4-6 miles wide in places, and runs about 160 feet deep. At approximately 5,000 years old, it is considered to be one of the youngest lava flows in the continental United States. The recreation area has a visitor center, paved ADA accessible nature trail, and 19 campsites with picnic shelters, tables, grills, and drinking water at each site. RV electric hookups are available at 14 sites. Two sites are wheelchair accessible. The restroom is fully accessible and has showers. Vault toilets are also available.

WILDERNESS STUDY AREAS

These WSAs feature a volcanic cinder cone, Little Black Peak, which was one of several sources of the Carrizozo Lava Flow. The peak is the only feature rising significantly above the surrounding plain (elevation, 5,613 feet). The surface of the lava is extremely rough and broken by fractures, collapsed lava tubes, and pressure ridges. Sparse desert shrubs and grasses grow in the cracks, providing an interesting contrast of green against the black lava.

28 Mathers

CARLSBAD FIELD OFFICE (575) 234-5972 620 East Greene Street • Carlsbad, NM 58220

growing shrub. The WSA provides habitat for the dunes

agebrush lizard and lesser prairie chicken.

area teems with birds. The Cottonwood Day Use Area has an ADA accessible path to a wildlife viewing deck. There are

No drinking water is available.

Guadalupe Backcountry Byway This 30-mile paved byway follows the transition from the Chihuahuan Desert west of Carlsbad into the pines of

Hackberry Lake Off-Highway Vehicle Use Area

This 55,800-acre OHV area offers more than 80 miles of

diverse trails. Vegetated, sandy, rolling hills include many

areas known by riders as the "whoop-de-doo" trails. Picnic shelters, grills, and restrooms are available. Camping is permitted. No drinking water is available. La Cueva Nonmotorized Trail System

niking, and equestrian trails. Mountain bike trails range from

The Pecos River Corridor includes 7,180 acres of public lands along the Pecos River and Red Bluff Reservoir. There is a boat

This trail system, located next to the city limits of Carlsbad,

provides about 15 miles of excellent mountain biking,

ramp at Red Bluff Reservoir. **WILDERNESS STUDY AREAS**

32 Lonesome Ridge

The Lonesome Ridge WSA is located on the southeastern side of the Guadalupe Mountains, a steep and scenic imestone mountain range with Chihuahuan Desert shrubs at the lower elevations and ponderosa pine at the top of the ridge. The Golden Stairway Trail (5 miles roundtrip) connects the valley bottom to the top of the ridge. The WSA adjoins the U.S. Forest Service Guadalupe Escarpment WSA and the Wilderness Area of Guadalupe Mountains National Park in Texas.

This OHV area includes about 35,000 acres of open, flat, and rolling terrain, including more than 100 miles

sites in New Mexico. There are more than 21,000 diverse petroglyphs near the trail. The site offers a small campground/picnic area with five shelters, one group/ADA site, two RV sites, and restrooms. Pets are allowed in the campground but not on the trails. Drinking water **WILDERNESS STUDY AREAS**

The number and concentration of petroglyphs make this

area one of the largest and most interesting petroglyph

Three Rivers Petroglyph Site

hills and steep mountain slopes dissected by numerous canyons and arroyos. This WSA is located in the McGregor Range, an area used by the U.S. Army for military exercises. The military must be contacted before anyone may visit this area. Recreational Access Permits are available at Fort Bliss Training Complex in El Paso, Texas (915) 568-3215.

mountain range, just north of Guadalupe Mountains

ack riders. Where the trail passes through BLM public land

El Camino Real de Tierra Adentro

ultural society, which endures and flourishes today. ld Spanish National Historic Trail m Abiquiú, New Mexico, to Los Angeles in 1829. Serapes and

The Information Corner

ightly and, once you reach your destination, practice oor skills that leave no trace

equently Asked Questions about

Does the BLM Charge Fees? stails contact the nearest BLM office or visit www.blm. o/recreation. A variety of Federal Recr

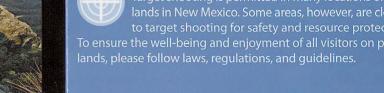
Is My Pet Allowed on Public Lands?

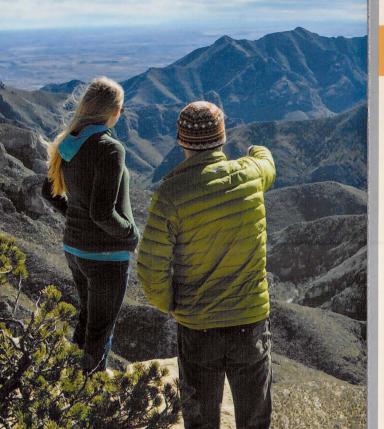
Are Off-Highway Vehicles Allowed?

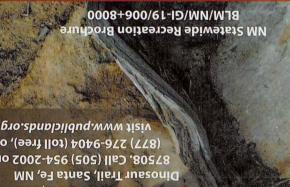
Where Can I Camp? Camping is allowed on most BLM-managed public lands. Developed campgrounds are noted on the map. Visitors can also rough it on much of the ersed public lands in the state. Camping is generally

/www.wildlife.state.nm.us/ohv/.

here Can I Find Fire Information?





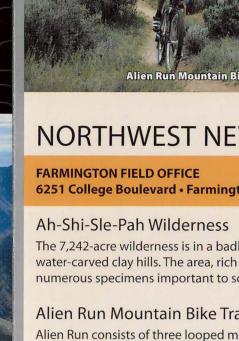




TO YOUR PUBLIC LANDS!

special areas are managed to conserve and protect nationally significant landscapes recognized for their outstanding cultural, ecological, and scientific values. They also contain some of New Mexico's most spectacular landscapes.





Alien Run consists of three looped mountain bike trails

Bisti/De-Na-Zin Wilderness

Dunes Off-Highway Vehicle Recreation Area

226 Cruz Alta Road • Taos, NM 87571 Rio Chama Wild and Scenic River

(575) 758-885 226 Cruz Alta Road • Taos, NM 87571

opportunities for hiking and mountain biking.





San Lorenzo Canyon This scenic canyon offers opportunities for hiking, picnicking, horseback riding, photography, and primitive camping near slot canyons and a variety of spectacular

sedimentary and volcanic rock formations. No drinking water is available. Socorro Nature Area The Socorro Nature Area is a 120-acre environmental

The Box Recreation Area

WILDERNESS STUDY AREAS 7 Mesita Blanca This flat to rolling grassland area is broken by isolated

The 640-acre Box Canyon is a popular technical rock

climbing and bouldering area that requires specialized skills

and equipment. It has a parking area and restroom but no

This geologically and historically significant area features

9 Sierra Ladrones (Ladron Mountains)

This semi-arid area is known for its rugged terrain and nearly vertical escarpments. Wild horses may be seen among the

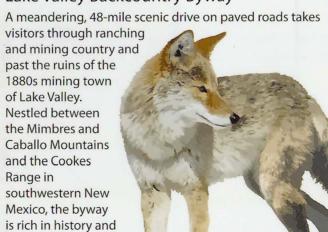
13 Horse Mountain The rugged and steep Horse Mountain (elevation, 9,350 feet;

sweeping vistas. Views from the high ridges stretch out for miles across the

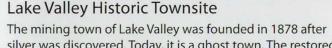
Antelope is an open landscape of rolling desert prairie adjoining the Little San Pasqual Wilderness, which is

1800 Marquess Street • Las Cruces, NM 88005

Sierra Vista Trail







The Organ Mountains – Desert Peaks National Monument was established May 21, 2014. Spanning 496,529 acres, the monument is the largest in the state. The area is known for its ruggedly beautiful landscape and its significant scientific, historic, and prehistoric resources. The monument is made

from the Dripping Springs Natural Area Visitor Center in the and historic ruins. There are accessible restrooms, 12 picnic sites, and one large family/group picnic site (no camping) that can be reserved by calling the Las Cruces District Office Drinking water is also available. Pets are not allowed on the

grasses and shrubs. Cedar Mountain is the high point of the ange (elevation, 6,194 feet; prominence, about 1,700 feet) 24 Florida Mountains

Peak (elevation, 8,333 feet; prominence, about 3,700 feet), the highest mountain in the vicinity. Desert grasses and

extremely valuable wildlife habitat.

mountains, mesas, vertical cliffs, and long canyons

ROSWELL FIELD OFFICE 2909 West Second Street • Roswell, NM 88201

established in 1855 to protect settlers in the area.

of volcanic rock, cliffs, mesas, buttes, and deep canyons. The highest point is Magdalena Peak (elevation, 6,509 feet; The NCA also contains 22 miles of roads available for OHV use.

Haystack Mountain Off-Highway Vehicle Area From novices to experts, on bare rock and sandy washes, OHV enthusiasts can find terrain to fit their skill level at

27 Little Black Peak and Carrizozo Lava Flow

The area, on the western edge of the southern Great Plains, features sand dunes stabilized by shinnery oak, a low-

Black River Recreation Area The Black River is an oasis in the Chihuahuan Desert. A wide variety of plants, fish, and reptiles make their home in and around this spring-fed river. During migration seasons, the

also interpretive kiosks, picnic tables, grills, and a restroom.

the Guadalupe Escarpment. There are three pullouts with interpretive kiosks.

Pecos River Corridor

31 Devil's Den Canyon Devil's Den Canyon WSA contains the mouth of a major drainage on the west side of the Guadalupe Mountains. legetation varies from desert shrubs and grasses, to piñonuniper woodlands, ponderosa pines, and riparian trees and shrubs in the canyon bottom.

33 Mudgetts

This WSA is characterized by steeply rolling limestone hills and deep canyons with scattered Chihuahuan Desert plants. It adjoins the Wilderness Area of Carlsbad Caverns National Park to the south. AS CRUCES DISTRICT OFFICE (575) 525-4300

1800 Marquess Street • Las Cruces, NM 88005

Red Sands Off-Highway Vehicle Area



29 Culp Canyon The Culp Canyon WSA is characterized by gently rolling

Brokeoff Mountains The Brokeoffs are a remote, rugged Chihuahuan Desert National Park. This is a harsh, challenging environment of imestone ridges and canyons that are sometimes more than

NATIONAL TRAILS designated by Congress

Continental Divide National Scenic Trail

City with Santa Fe, New Mexico. The 404 trail miles

ided not only the Old Spanish Trail, but also the Santa Fe

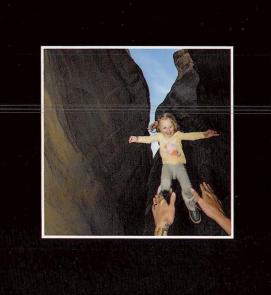
rail and El Camino Real de Tierra Adentro. Congress designated he Old Spanish Trail a national historic trail in 2002.

erious consequences. Information about the laws and ions that apply on public lands in New Mexico can be

BLM Public Lands

Passes are available and honored at BLM fee sites.

ost BLM public lands, pets are welcome as long

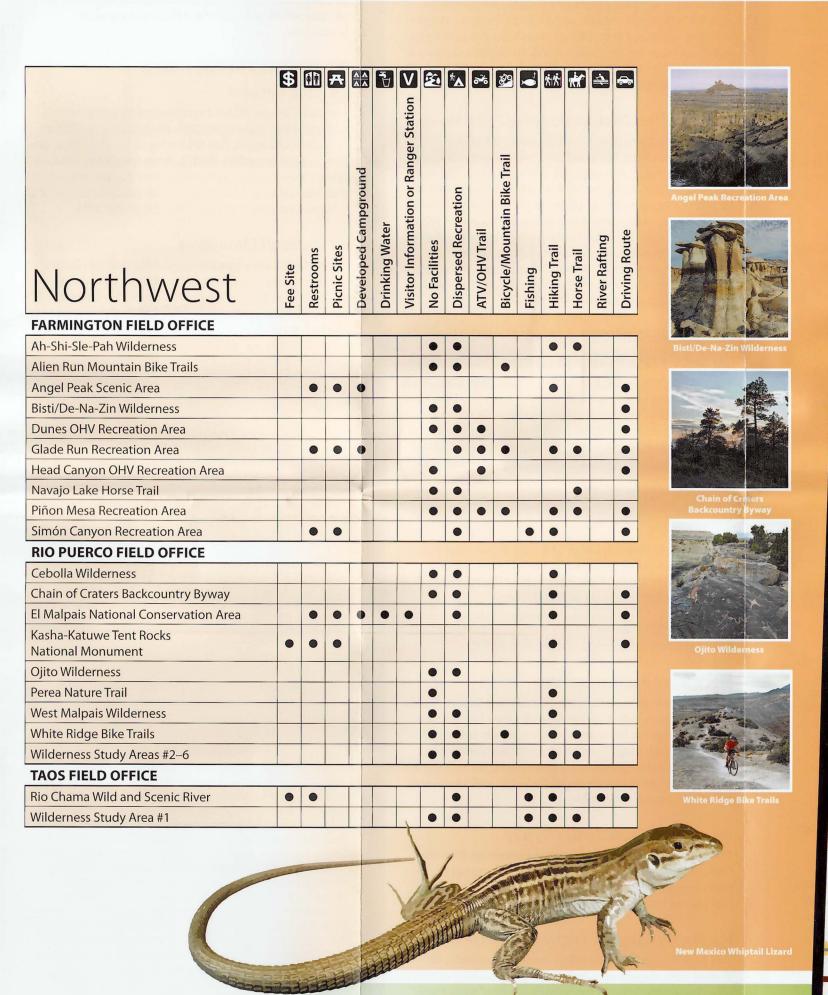




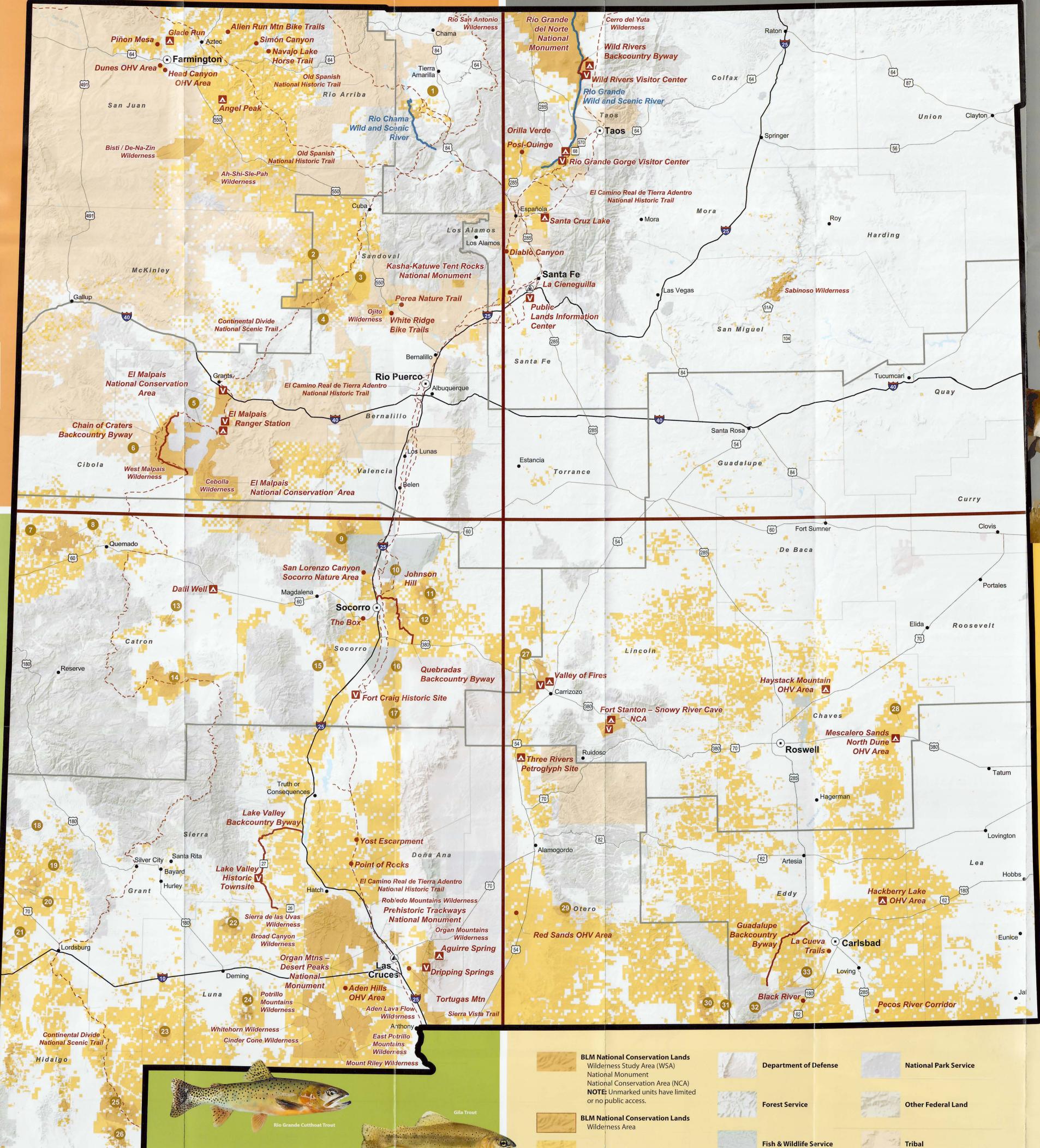


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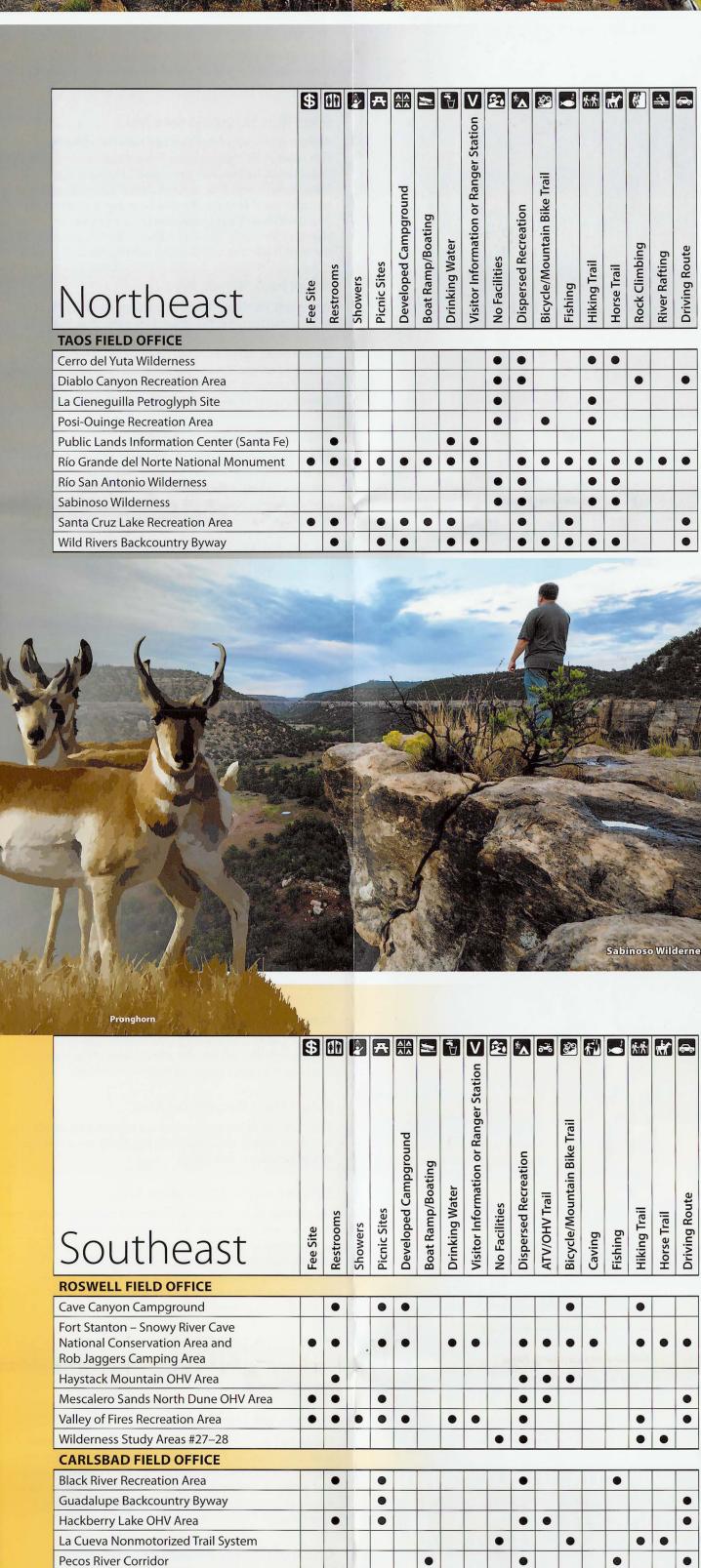
PUBLIC LANDS RECREATION GUIDE



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| | | | | | | Visitor Information or Ranger Station | | e rail | | | | | | |
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| | | | | pun | | r Rar | | | | Bicycle/Mountain Bike Trail | | | | |
| | | | | Developed Campground | | n or | | Dispersed Recreation | | Bik | | | | |
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| | | SU | es | ed C | Wat | forn | ties | d Re | /Tra | lour | nbin | ail | = | lout |
| Cauthanast | ite | Restrooms | Picnic Sites | dol | Drinking Water | or In | No Facilities | erse | ATV/OHV Trail | le/N | Rock Climbing | Hiking Trail | Horse Trail | Driving Route |
| Southwest | Fee Site | Rest | icni | Seve | Orin | /isit | No F | Jisp | YTV/ | Sicyc | Pock | likir | lors | Orivi |
| SOCORRO FIELD OFFICE | | _ | | | _ | | | _ | ` | | _ | _ | | |
| Datil Well Recreation Area Campground | • | • | • | 0 | • | | | | | | | • | | |
| Fort Craig National Historic Site | | • | • | | • | • | | | | | | • | | |
| ohnson (Gordy's) Hill Recreation Area | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | | | | |
| Quebradas Backcountry Byway | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | • |
| an Lorenzo Canyon | | | | | | | • | • | | | | • | | • |
| ocorro Nature Area | | • | • | | | | | | | | | • | | |
| he Box Recreation Area | | • | | | | | | | | | • | | | |
| Vilderness Study Areas #7–17 | | | | | | | • | • | | | | • | • | |
| AS CRUCES DISTRICT OFFICE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aden Hills OHV Recreation Area | | | | - | | | • | • | • | | | | | • |
| Aden Lava Flow Wilderness | | | | | | | • | • | | | | • | • | |
| Aguirre Spring Campground | • | • | • | • | | | | • | | | | • | | • |
| Broad Canyon Wilderness | | | | | | | • | • | | | | • | • | |
| Cinder Cone Wilderness | | | | | | | | • | | | | • | • | |
| Oripping Springs Natural Area | • | • | • | | | • | | • | | • | | • | | • |
| ast Potrillo Mountains Wilderness | | | | | | | • | • | | | | • | • | |
| ake Valley Historic Townsite and Backcountry Byway | | • | • | | • | • | | | | | | | | • |
| Nount Riley Wilderness | | | | | | | • | • | | | | • | • | |
| Organ Mountains – Desert Peaks National Monument | • | • | • | • | • | • | | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| Organ Mountains Wilderness | | | | | | | • | • | | | | • | • | |
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| ierra de las Uvas Wilderness | | | | 1 | | | • | • | | | | • | • | |
| ierra Vista Trail | | | | | | | • | • | | • | | • | • | |
| ortugas Mountain Recreation Area | | | • | | | | | • | | • | | • | • | |
| Whitethorn Wilderness | | | | | | | • | • | | | | • | • | |
| ost Escarpment Vilderness Study Areas #18–26 | | | | | | | • | | | | | • | | • |



Bureau of Land Management



Guadalupa Ganyon Wilderness Study



Wilderness Study Areas #31–33

Three Rivers Petroglyph Site

BLM Recreation Site

↑ BLM Backcountry Byway

City/Town

Wilderness Study Areas #29–30

Red Sands OHV Area

LAS CRUCES DISTRICT OFFICE





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County Boundary

River/Stream

Water Body

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