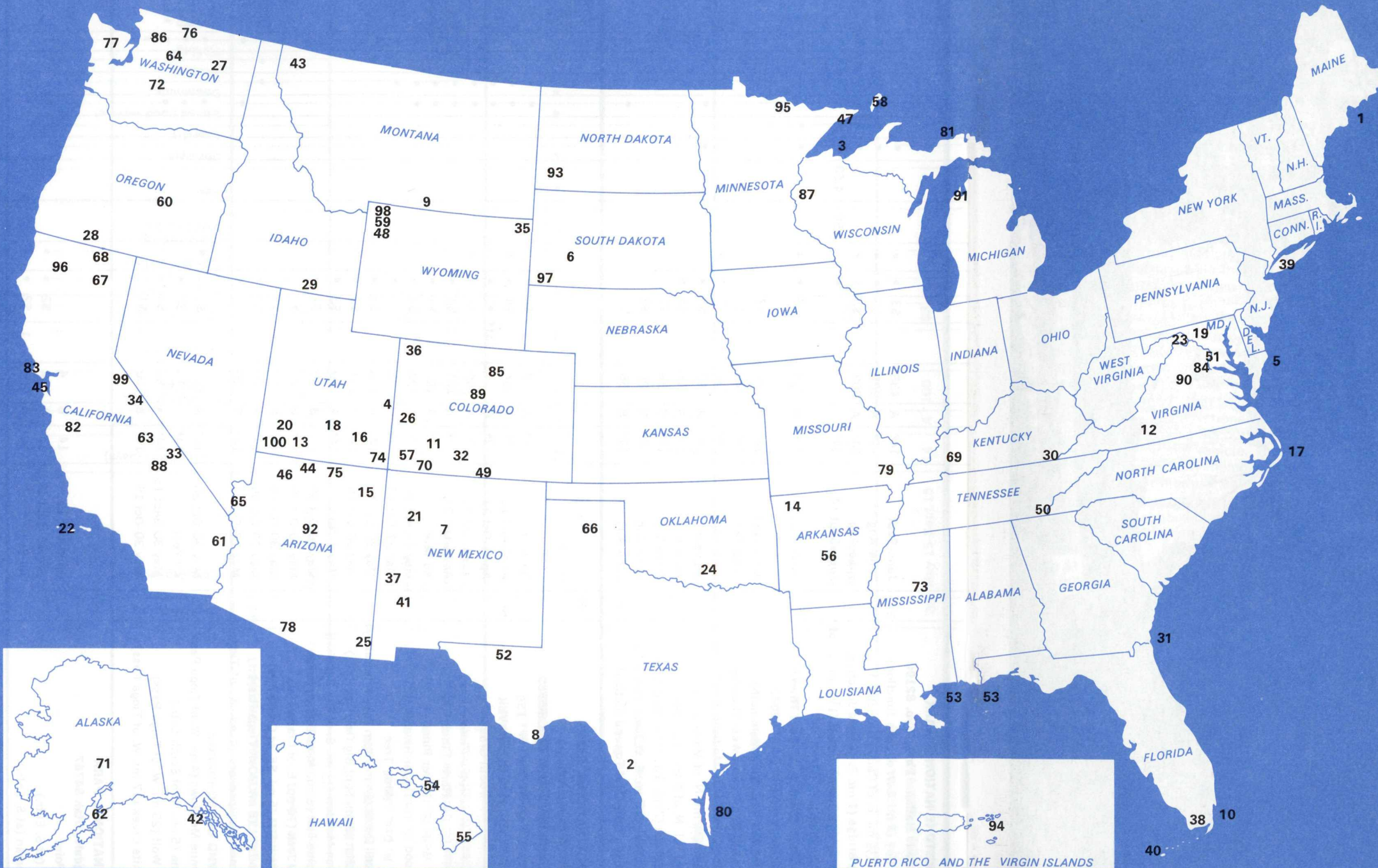
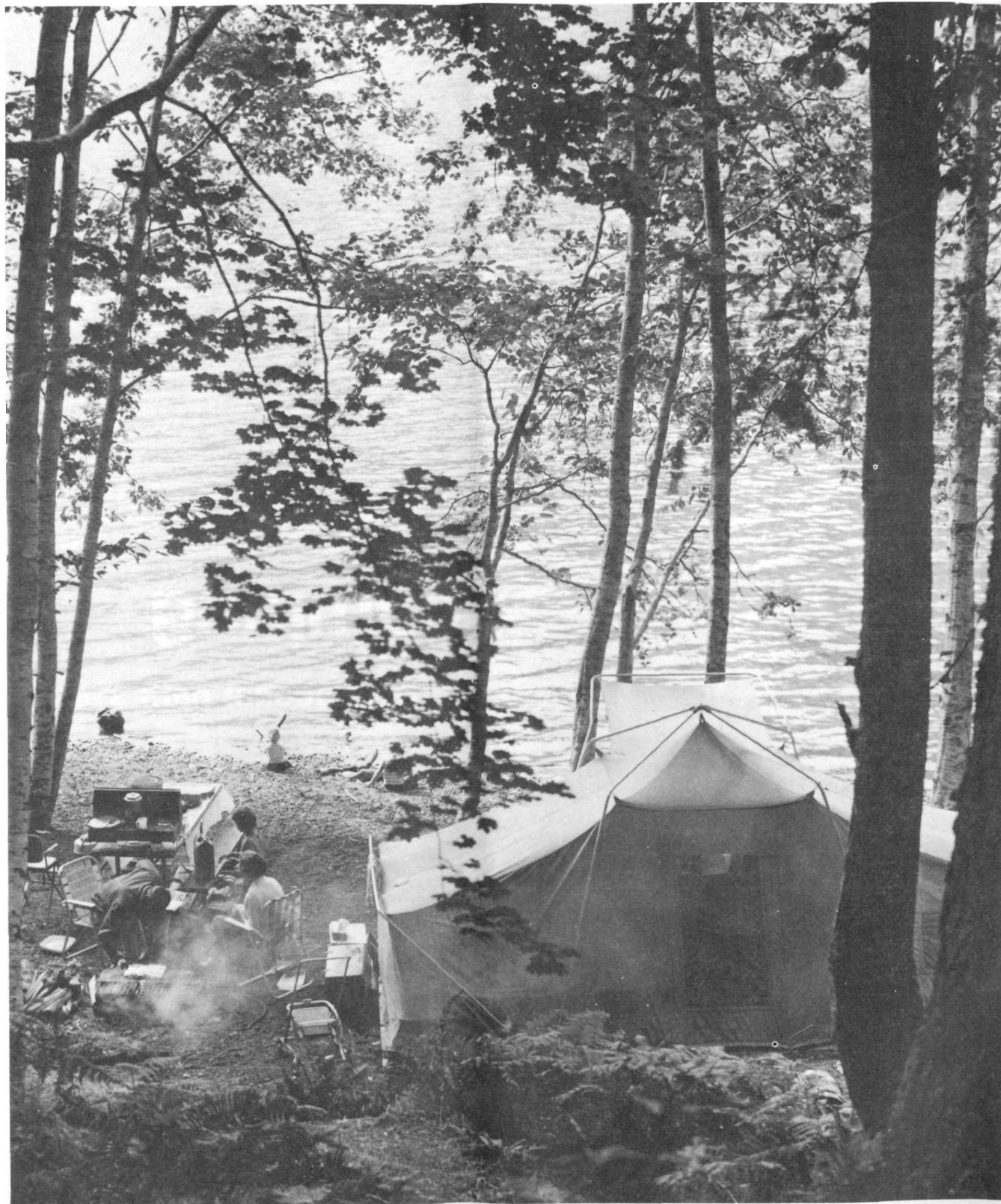


CAMPING AREAS IN THE NATIONAL PARK SYSTEM
 keyed to MAP REFERENCE column in alphabetical listing.



camping

in the national park system



One hundred areas of the National Park System provide camping facilities for people who wish to use them as a base for the enjoyment of the surrounding park area. Limited camping facilities are also provided in some back-country areas to accommodate visits by canoeists, hikers, horseback riders, and other outdoor enthusiasts.

This booklet contains basic information about the facilities and recreational opportunities available to users of National Park System camping areas.

Advance Information

Information on the entire range of facilities, activities, and points of interest at each park is available from park superintendents at addresses listed in the accompanying tables.

Fees in the National Parks

Both entrance fees and recreation use fees are authorized at many park areas.

Single-visit entrance fees range from \$1 to \$3 per private passenger vehicle. No additional entry fee will be charged during a visitor's stay in a particular park, but a second fee may be charged if the visitor leaves and re-enters the park after the first day of his visit. Entrance fees are not charged visitors under age 16.

An annual entrance permit—the Golden Eagle Passport—is issued for \$10 at all parks where entrance fees are charged. In addition, a lifetime entrance permit—the Golden Age Passport—is issued free to any U.S. citizen age 62 or older upon presentation of any reasonable proof of age at any park where entrance or recreation use fees are charged. Both passports provide for free entry to all areas of the National Park System for the permit holder and those accompanying the holder in a private, noncommercial vehicle. The passports will also admit the holder and any members of the holder's family, regardless of their mode of entry into the park.

Campsite users are charged recreation use fees at all campgrounds that have certain minimum facilities and services. These fees are generally set at rates comparable to similar private campgrounds in the vicinity and range from \$1 to \$4 per night per campsite. They are charged in addition to any park entrance fee, and the Golden Eagle Passport does not apply to them or to any other recreation use fee. However, the Golden Age Passport provides a 50% reduction of such fees to the holder. The accompanying tables indicate the campgrounds at which a camping fee is charged.

Fees for group campsites may vary with size of group, but most have a minimum charge of up to \$10.

Fees for concession-operated facilities, including trailer village sites and the campgrounds at John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Memorial Parkway and Virgin Islands National Park, are charged by the concessioners and are not Federal recreation use fees. Concessioner fees are not affected by either the Golden Eagle or Golden Age Passports.

In addition to camping fees, recreation use fees may be charged for guide service or elevators and similar services or facilities.

Fee schedules are posted in individual parks and are subject to change.

Reservations

Most individual campsites are available on a first-come, first-served basis and cannot be reserved. However, reservations can be obtained for campsites at the boat-access campgrounds at Dinosaur National Monument; certain campgrounds at Mount McKinley, Acadia, and Grand Canyon National Parks; and all campgrounds at Chickasaw National Recreation Area and Cumberland Island and Point Reyes National Seashores by writing to the appropriate park superintendent. Virgin Islands National Park campsites may be reserved by mail through the park concessioner, Cinnamon Bay Campgrounds, P.O. Box 120, St. John, V.I. 00830.

Many areas of the National Park System require reservations for use of group campsites and hike-in campsites in the back country.

Length of Stay

The steadily increasing demand for campsites has made it necessary to limit the number of days a person may occupy a site at some parks during peak seasons. Time limits indicated in the accompanying tables are subject to change.

Recreation Vehicles

Trailer village sites are offered on a fee basis by many park concessioners. Some may be reserved. Utility connections are only in these sites.

Self-contained recreation vehicles—those requiring no utility connections—can be accommodated at most National Park System campgrounds, but size restrictions are imposed at some campgrounds. Sanitary (dumping) stations are available in some parks for disposal of liquid wastes from recreation-vehicle holding tanks.

Back-country Camping

Primitive camping is permitted in many of the remote, roadless areas of the National Park System. Hikers, mountain climbers, horseback riders, boaters, and canoeists are encouraged to take advantage of camping opportunities in distant reaches of the parks.

Tips on back-country camping: At least one member of your party should be an experienced outdoorsman; inform the park superintendent or ranger of your route, destination, and time schedule; offer your equipment for ranger inspection and advice. Experienced park personnel can help make your trip more enjoyable by

SAFETY COMES FIRST.

YOU MAY BE IN AN UNFAMILIAR ENVIRONMENT. OBSERVE PARK

WARNING SIGNS—THEY ARE FOR YOUR PROTECTION.

assisting in planning travel routes and advising on possible hazards and unusual features of a particular park.

Occasionally, back-country use is prohibited because of emergency conditions—such as high fire danger or severe weather conditions.

Many parks offering back-country camping opportunities require camping and/or fire permits, which may be obtained at park headquarters.

Back-country use has been restricted in many areas of the National Park System. This program, which requires free permits for back-country use and limits the number of people permitted in the back country at one time, has proven successful in protecting the fragile ecology of these areas and alleviating the crowding that back-country users seek to avoid. For information about specific back-country restrictions, contact the appropriate park.

Fires

The National Park Service is sympathetic with the love of campers for campfires. But fire danger, wood shortage, or air pollution (from too many campfires in one area) may make it necessary for a park to place a temporary or permanent ban on open fires. Campers are encouraged to use liquid-fuel campstoves or charcoal for cooking. The gathering of wood for campfires is always limited to dead material found on the ground; sometimes it is prohibited. Firewood may be purchased in some campgrounds.

Outdoor programs

In many parks, interpretive programs, including nature walks, guided tours, and campfire talks, are conducted by park personnel. Other activities which campers may enjoy, such as swimming, boating, and fishing, are indicated in the campground listings on the following pages.

Regulations

For protection of natural or historic features and for your comfort and safety, regulations are enforced.

Natural features. Every area of the National Park System is a museum of natural or human history; removal or destruction of any feature is not allowed. This also applies to manmade facilities.

Wildlife. Do not feed wild animals. Injuries to campers by bears or other animals are usually due to the campers' attempts to feed them. Observe the animals, but do not interfere with them. Food supplies should be locked up or hung out of reach; such measures are required at some parks.

Hunting is prohibited in national parks, monuments, and

historical areas of the National Park System. The use of campgrounds in these areas as base camps for hunting outside park boundaries also is prohibited. Hunting is authorized, in accordance with State laws, in national recreation areas, national seashores, and other recreational areas of the System.

Fire. Confine your fire to fireplaces in established campgrounds and picnic areas. Before you retire for the night or leave your campsite unattended for any reason, make certain that your campfire is entirely out. Where required, back-country campers must obtain a fire permit.

Trash. Keep your camp clean by placing all garbage and trash in containers provided. All combustible material should be burned in the fireplaces. In wilderness camps, incombustible trash—including cans—must be carried out or disposed of as directed.

Pets are allowed in the parks and campgrounds if they are kept on a leash or under other physical restraint at all times. They are generally prohibited in back-country areas. Pet owners are asked to be especially careful to prevent disturbance of others enjoying the park.

Noise. Common courtesy is the rule. Be especially careful not to be noisy late at night and early in the morning.

Keep It Safe

The National Park System is intended for your enjoyment, whether you are coming to view the wonders of nature, to tread in the footsteps of history, or simply to get out and have some fun. But first take a minute to read these simple but very important safety rules, and then go on to a pleasant and safe park experience:

- **Know the area.** Ask the park rangers for brochures, maps, and advice about park attractions and hazards.
- **Observe park regulations.** They are for your enjoyment and protection. Snowmobiles, all-terrain vehicles, fires, fishing, swimming, and other activities are governed by regulations which take into account local conditions and problems.
- **Watch your children.** Your knowledge, experience, and wisdom can't help a child who is beyond your protective reach and warning voice.
- **Keep your distance from wild animals.** Don't feed bears or other wildlife. Remember that all wildlife can be dangerous. Remember, too, that young animals are seldom abandoned—a very protective parent is probably nearby.
- **Dress properly.** Even in the heat of summer it is often cool in the mountains or caves. If you are hiking on rough terrain, be sure to wear sturdy shoes or boots.
- **Drive carefully.** Park roads are not expressways, so take it easy and enjoy the view from overlooks and parking

areas. Be alert for less considerate drivers who may stop without warning to see wildlife or scenery. Unusual hazards—rock slides, flash floods, unseasonal snow and ice, animals and visitors crossing roads at unexpected places—are all possible at some time, some place, in park areas.

- **Notify park headquarters of your plans to explore.** Mountain climbing, hiking, or horseback riding in remote areas; exploring caves or lake bottoms; and numerous other enterprises can be dangerous even for experts. If they know your plans, park rangers can alert you to hazards, watch for your return, and, if necessary, organize rescue efforts. Telling them your plans could save your life.
- **Don't try it alone.** Two heads are safer than one. Whether it's a short hike in the woods or a month-long mountain climb, a companion may save your life in an emergency.
- **Know your own limits.** Strenuous exertion in extremes of temperature or altitude can be dangerous if you are unaccustomed to sustained exercise.
- **Report trouble.** Whether it is your own or someone else's problem, a park ranger can help only if he knows help is needed.
- **Leave things as you found them.** The ideal visitor "takes nothing but memories, leaves nothing but footprints." You may want only a stick or a pebble. You may drop only a cigarette butt or a tissue. But if each one of a million visitors does the same, a shining beach or a sylvan glade will soon become a desolate trash heap.

Camping and Wildlife

You may camp in many park areas and never meet anything more wild than a chipmunk. On the other hand, you may see wildlife ranging from the prairie dog to the grizzly bear. And, more often than not, you won't have to wander too far from your campsite to see wild animals. Wherever you camp and wherever you roam in the parks, remember that you—not the animals—are the intruder. Respect them with common sense and caution, and you will have some wonderful wildlife-watching experiences.

Bears

Although national park campgrounds are planned with certain safety factors in mind, there are no fences to separate you from wildlife. Some animals will root through garbage cans and your picnic leavings, but others will approach boldly for a handout. Do not be deceived—tameness is an illusion. All park animals are wild, the "friendly" looking black bear included.

Because of their protected status within parks many bears lose their fear of man and acquire a taste for his

food. Instinctively a hunter, the bear may become aggressive when teased with tidbits from a car window or a picnic table. If the supply of goodies runs out it may try to seize more by force. The result—a badly clawed arm, or worse. For your protection, park regulations prohibit the feeding or molesting of bears.

If you camp away from designated campsites, here are a few things to remember to keep the bears away:

- Do not throw aside or bury garbage and food containers.
- Combustible trash should be burned. Burn tin cans and other non-combustible trash, except glass, to destroy food odors. Then remove cans from the cold ashes, flatten them, and take them to trash receptacles at the trailhead.
- Store foodstuffs (preferably in air-tight containers) out of reach of bears. Food can be suspended by ropes between trees.
- If previous campers have left a dirty camp, clean up the mess for your own protection.
- Use dry, prepackaged foods and avoid greasy, odorous foods such as bacon and ham.
- Packs and sleeping bags should be kept clean and free of food odors. As a precaution against the presence of these odors, sleep some distance from your campfire and cooking area.

Other Wild Animals

The bear is not the only wild animal that has become a beggar. Deer and coyote, especially, have become bold enough to approach people along park roads and campsites. As with bears, caution should be used. The split hooves of deer and elk are sharp and can inflict deep wounds, as can the buck's antlers. *Remember*, the females of some species, notably bears and moose, are very protective of their offspring and may react savagely when approached by a human.

Diseases Carried by Animals

Any species of warm-blooded mammal may carry rabies, bubonic plague, or other communicable diseases. For this reason park animals, large or small, should never be handled or fed by visitors. The most common injury to park visitors from wild animals is a bite from a chipmunk, a squirrel, or other rodent that is being fed at the roadside or campsite. A bite from a rabid chipmunk can be as dangerous as one from a rabid dog.

The prairie dog is common in some parks of the Great Plains and the West. Do not feed them, no matter how friendly they look. For an offer of candy and salted peanuts, you may get a painful nip from sharp teeth. Furthermore, you should not let them get close to you, for they carry fleas that can transmit diseases to humans.

Definitions of Campground Types

Type A—Campground. A campground area is classified as having well-defined roads, parking spaces, and campsites. Drinking water and sanitary facilities, including flush toilets and refuse cans, are furnished on a community basis. Each campground has a designed capacity based on the number of campsites therein.

A campground site, or campsite, is a clearly marked plot or location within a campground which provides accommodations for camping by an individual, family, or party. A typical campsite in a campground would include parking space, fireplace, table and bench combination, and tent space; in a walk-in campground or walk-in section of a campground, the parking space is provided but not as an integral part of each campsite.

Type B—Camping Area. A camping area is an area (other than a campground) designated and regularly used for camping by individuals, families, or parties. Camping areas may be accessible by either road or trail. Facilities provided are minimal, generally being limited to access roads, basic sanitary facilities, and a limited number of fireplaces and tables. Trail camps fall within this category, and shelters of the Adirondack or fully enclosed type may be provided. Each camping area has an assigned, as differentiated from designed, capacity based on the number of camping spaces therein. Superintendents assign to each camping area a capacity figure, in terms of camping spaces, based on a realistic evaluation of acreage involved, topography, facilities provided, and average camping party size.

A camping space in a camping area is one which is normally occupied by an individual, family, or party.

Type C—Group Camp. A group camp is an area designated for use by organized groups, such as Boy Scouts, school groups, or other large parties. It is composed of one or more group spaces, each of which is provided with a large fireplace, several tables, and parking space for buses or a number of cars. Capacity of group camps is rated on the basis of the number of group spaces within the camp and the number of persons each can normally accommodate.

Nearby Public Campgrounds

Some parks in the National Park System do not have camping facilities but are located close to publicly operated campgrounds. These parks are listed below. The name of the nearby park is shown in parentheses, following the name and address of the National Park Service area. For information about these facilities, write to the NPS superintendent.

Cape Cod National Seashore (several public campgrounds within area)

Colonial National Historical Park, P.O. Box 210, Yorktown, Va. 23690 (Newport News Park, 4 mi. from Yorktown Battlefield)

Fort Davis National Historic Site, P.O. Box 1456, Fort Davis, Tex. 79734 (Davis Mountains State Park)

Fort Donelson National Military Park, P.O. Drawer F, Dover, Tenn. 37058 (Land Between the Lakes Rec. Area)

Fort Laramie National Historic Site, Fort Laramie, Wyo. 82212 (Municipal Park)

Fort Larned National Historic Site, Route 3, Larned, Kans. 67550 (State roadside rest area)

George Washington Birthplace National Monument, Washington's Birthplace, Va. 22575 (Westmoreland State Park)

Hopewell Village National Historic Site, R.D. 1, Box 345, Elverson, Pa. 19520 (French Creek State Park)

Indiana Dunes National Lakeshore, Route 2, Box 139-A, Chesterton, Ind. 46304 (Indiana Dunes State Park)

Knife River Indian Villages National Historic Site, P.O. Box 175, Stanton, N.D. 58571 (Stanton City Park)

Lincoln Boyhood National Memorial, Lincoln City, Ind. 47552 (Lincoln State Park)

Mount Rushmore National Memorial, Keystone, S.D. 57751 (Black Hill National Forest, Custer State Park)

Perry's Victory and International Peace Memorial, P.O. Box 78, Put-in-Bay, Ohio 43456 (South Bass Island State Park)

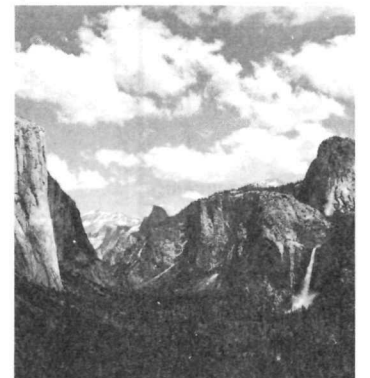
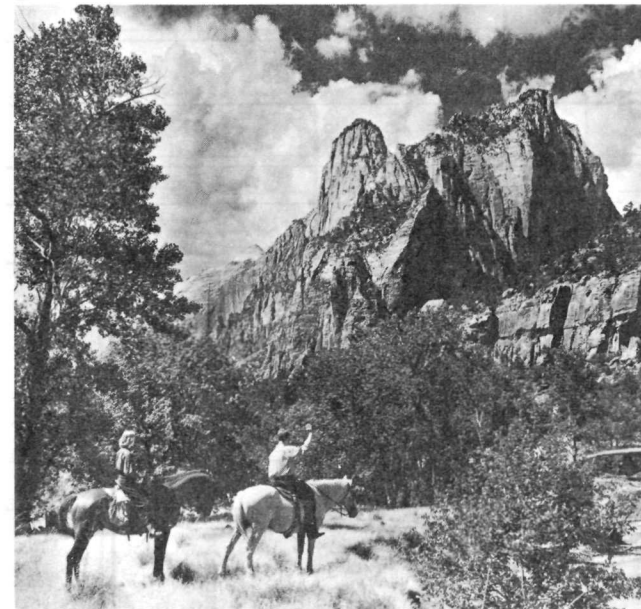
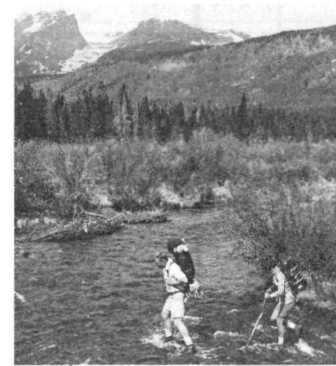
Pipestone National Monument, P.O. Box 727, Pipestone, Minn. 56164 (Split Rock Creek State Park)

Redwood National Park, P.O. Box N, Crescent City, Calif. 95531 (Del Norte Coast State Park; Jedediah Smith State Park; Prairie Creek State Park)

Scotts Bluff National Monument, P.O. Box 727, Gering, Neb. 69341 (Gering City Park)

As the Nation's principal conservation agency, the Department of the Interior has responsibility for most of our nationally owned public lands and natural resources. This includes fostering the wisest use of our land and water resources, protecting our fish and wildlife, preserving the environmental and cultural values of our national parks and historical places, and providing for the enjoyment of life through outdoor recreation. The Department assesses our energy and mineral resources and works to assure that their development is in the best interests of all our people. The Department also has a major responsibility for American Indian reservation communities and for people who live in Island Territories under U.S. administration.

National Park Service
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR



PARKS AND CAMPGROUNDS		Map reference	Camping season	Limit of stay (days)	Campground type	Number of sites or spaces	Group camps	NPS campsite fee	Water and toilets	Sanitary station	Trailer village vehicle sites	Fee (charged by concessioner per day per site)	Showers	Laundry	Stores (food service)	Swimming	Boating	Fishing	Notes
ACADIA NATIONAL PARK Rt. 1, Box 1, Bar Harbor, Maine 04609 Blackwoods (5 mi. S. of Bar Harbor) Seawall (5 mi. S. of Southwest Harbor)		1	All Year May 15-Oct 15	14 14	A A	325 218	5 5	\$4 \$4	* •	• •					• •	• •	• •	• •	Reservations, by mail only, through Superintendent *No water, Nov 15-May 15 {104 sites walk-in only (\$2 fee)}
AMISTAD NATIONAL RECREATION AREA P.O. Box 1463, Del Rio, Tex. 78840 Various locations		2	All Year	15	B	99	1		•							•	•	•	{Chemical toilets; primitive campsites}
APOSTLE ISLANDS NATIONAL LAKESHORE Route 1, Box 152, Bayfield, Wis. 54814 Stockton Island: Presque Isle Point Quarry Bay Various islands		3	All Year All Year Apr-Dec	14 14 14	B C B	20 25	 4		• •								• • •	• • •	{Access by boat only; concession ferry June 1-Sept 30 {No drinking water; access by boat only, back-country use permit required}
ARCHES NATIONAL PARK c/o Canyonlands National Park Moab, Utah 84532 Devil's Garden (18 mi. N. of Visitor Center)		4	Mar-Oct*	14	A	53	2**	\$3	•										*Free camping, no water, rest of year **Reservation only
ASSATEAGUE ISLAND NATIONAL SEASHORE Route 2, Box 294, Berlin, Md. 21811 Maryland Section (8 mi. S. of Ocean City) Bayside Bayside canoe-in North Beach North Beach Group Hike-in Sites 1 and 2 Virginia Section (2 mi. E. of Chincoteague) Hike-in Site 3 Youth Group		5	Apr 15-Nov 1 Apr 1-Oct 31 Mem. Day-Sept 20 All Year All Year All Year All Year	7 3 7 7 1 1 7	B B B C B B C	40 3 86 14 7	 5 5	 • • • • • •	 • • • • • •							• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	Bayside and North Beach fees, \$2.50 per site; group camps, \$3 minimum Reservations required Reservations required Reservations required	
BADLANDS NATIONAL MONUMENT Box 6, Interior, S. Dak. 57750 Cedar Pass (5 mi. SW. of NE. Entr.) Sage Creek Primitive (11 mi. W. of Pinnacles Entrance)		6	All Year All Year	14 14	A B	136 6	1	\$3	•						•				{No open fires; no water Nov-Apr {Pit toilets; no water; no open fires}
BANDELIER NATIONAL MONUMENT Los Alamos, N. Mex. 87544 Juniper (1/10 mi. inside Entr.) Ponderosa (6 mi. W. of Entr.) Wilderness campsites (various locations)		7	Mar 15-Nov 1 Apr 15-Nov 1* All Year	14 7 2	A C B	93 4 14	 4** 14	\$3	• •	• •					•				*1978 opening may be delayed due to fire damage in 1977 **Group fee; \$5 minimum, 50¢ per person • {Snackbar at H.Q. (3 mi.) (May-Oct) {Wilderness permit required; no pets; access by boat or trail; groups limited to 10 persons}
BIG BEND NATIONAL PARK Big Bend National Park, Tex. 79834 Canyon (48 mi. SW. of H.Q.) Chisos Mts. Lower Basin (10 mi. SW. of H.Q.) Cottonwood (40 mi. SW. of H.Q.) Panther Junction Trailer Court (Park H.Q.) Rio Grande Trailer Village Rio Grande Village (20 mi. SE. of H.Q.)		8	All Year All Year All Year All Year All Year	14 14 14 14 14	B A B A A	6 58 8 99	3	\$1 \$2 \$1 \$2	• • • • •	• • • • •		7 24	3.75 3.75		• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	{25¢ added for each after first 2	
BIGHORN CANYON NATIONAL RECREATION AREA Box 458, Fort Smith, Mont. 59035 Afterbay (Ft. Smith, Mont.) Barry's Landing (30 mi. NE. of Lovell, Wyo.) Black Canyon Boat Camp (2 mi. up canyon) Horseshoe Bend (15 mi. NE. of Lovell) Medicine Creek Boat Camp		9	All Year All Year May 1-Nov 1 All Year May 1-Nov 1	14 14 14 14 14	B B B A B	30 30 6 126 5			• • • •	• • • •					• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	Shopping 1 mi. Graded road Access by boat only Access by boat only	
BISCAYNE NATIONAL MONUMENT P.O. Box 1369, Homestead, Fla. 33030 Elliott Key (8 mi. E. of Homestead Bayfront Park)		10	All Year	30	B	35			•					•	•	•	•	•	Access by boat only (launching ramp at Homestead Bayfront Park); showers use cold salt water; no fresh water
BLACK CANYON OF THE GUNNISON NATIONAL MONUMENT P.O. Box 1648, Montrose, Colo. 81401 North Rim (11 mi. SW. of Colo. 92) South Rim (6 mi. N. of U.S. 50)		11	May-Oct May-Oct	14 14	B B	13 102		\$1	• •						•				Permit required for back-country use
BLUE RIDGE PARKWAY P.O. Box 7606, Asheville, N.C. 28807 Milepost 60.9 Otter Creek, Va. 85.9 Peaks of Otter, Va. 120.4 Roanoke Mountain, Va. 167.0 Rocky Knob, Va. 241.1 Doughton Park, N.C.		12	All Year All Year All Year May 1-Nov 1 May 1-Nov 1	14 14 14 14 14	A A A A A	67 148 105 110 136		\$3 \$3 \$3 \$3 \$3	• • • • •	• • • • •					• • • • •		• • • • •	Hiking trails at all campgrounds Private stable nearby	

PARKS AND CAMPGROUNDS	Map reference	Camping season	Limit of stay (days)	Campground type	Number of sites or spaces	Group camps	NPS campsite fee	Water and toilets	Sanitary station	Trailer village vehicle sites	Fee (charged by concessioner per day per site)	Showers	Laundry	Stores (food service)	Swimming	Boating	Fishing	Notes
BLUE RIDGE PARKWAY—Continued 296.9 Julian Price Park, N.C. 316.3 Linville Falls, N.C. 339.5 Crabtree Meadows, N.C. 408.6 Mt. Pisgah, N.C.		All Year All Year May 1–Nov 1 May 1–Nov 1	14 14 14 14	A A A A	196 75 93 140		\$3 \$3 \$3 \$3	• • • •						•				No motor or sailboats permitted; rental boats available
BRYCE CANYON NATIONAL PARK Bryce Canyon, Utah 84717 North (at H.Q.) Sunset (1 mi. S. of H.Q.)	13	May 1–Nov 1 June 1–Labor Day	14 14	A A	111 115	3	\$2 \$2	• •	• •			• •	• •					Concession facilities open mid-May–Oct 1 Season depends on weather; horseback riding when concessions open
BUFFALO NATIONAL RIVER Box 1173, Harrison, Ark. 72601 Buffalo Point (17 mi. S. of Yellville, Ark.)	14	All Year	14	A	118	1	\$3	•				•		•	•	•		Canoe rentals; restaurant nearby
CANYON DE CHELLY NATIONAL MONUMENT Box 588, Chinle, Ariz. 86503 Cottonwood (1 mi. S. of Entr.)	15	All Year	14	A	95	2		•					* *					Reservations required for group camps *In Chinle (1 mile) Jeep tours; horseback riding
CANYONLANDS NATIONAL PARK Moab, Utah 84532 Squaw Flat (38 mi. W. of U.S. 163) Willow Flat (35 mi. S. of U.S. 163)	16	All Year All Year	14 14	B B	31 8	1	\$2	•										Pit toilets; water available Pit toilets; no water
CAPE HATTERAS NATIONAL SEASHORE Rt. 1, Box 675, Manteo, N.C. 27954 Cape Point (2 mi. S. of Buxton) Frisco (7 mi. S. of Buxton) Ocracoke (5 mi. E. of Ocracoke) Oregon Inlet (13 mi. SE. of Manteo) Salvo (1 mi. S. of Salvo)	17	All Year Mem. Day Week-end–Labor Day All Year All Year Mem. Day Week-end–Labor Day	14* 14* 14* 14* 14*	A A B A A	203 136 140 120 142	1 20	\$4 \$4 \$2 \$4 \$4	• • • • •	• • • • •			• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •		*Memorial Day–Labor Day All showers cold water only Pit toilets	
CAPITOL REEF NATIONAL PARK Torrey, Utah 84775 Capitol Reef (1¼ mi. S. of Utah 24) Cedar Mesa (20 mi S. of Utah 24)	18	All Year All Year	14 14	A B	53 4		\$2	•										Pit toilets; no water
CATOCTIN MOUNTAIN PARK Thurmont, Md. 21788 Owens Creek (5 mi. N. of Entr.) Poplar Grove	19	Mid-Apr–Oct 31 Mid-Apr–Oct 31	5 5	A C	51	5	\$2	• •										Trailer length 22-ft. limit By reservation only
CEDAR BREAKS NATIONAL MONUMENT Box 749, Cedar City, Utah 84720 Point Supreme (2 mi. N. of S. Entr.)	20	June 15–Sept 15	14	A	28	1*	\$2	•										*Reservation required; 25-person limit
CHACO CANYON NATIONAL MONUMENT Star Route 4, Box 6500 Bloomfield, N. Mex. 87431 Gallo Wash (1 mi. E. of Visitor Center)	21	All Year	14	A	35	2	\$2	* •	•									*Mid-Oct–Apr 15—water available at visitor center, pit toilets, only No firewood; no large trailer spaces; group sites by reservation only
CHANNEL ISLANDS NATIONAL MONUMENT 1699 Anchors Way Dr., Ventura, CA 93003 Anacapa Island (13 mi. S. of Channel Island Harbor) Santa Barbara Island (38 mi. SW. of H.Q.)	22	All Year All Year	7 7	BC BC										• •	• •	• •		50-person limit each site; no drinking water; access by boat only; primitive camping; scuba diving; pit toilets; reservations required
CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO CANAL NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK Box 158, Sharpsburg, Md. 21782 Milepost 67.2 Mountain Lock 69.3 Antietam Creek 110.4 McCoys Ferry 140.9 15 Mile Creek 173.3 Spring Gap Hiker-Biker Units	23	All Year All Year All Year All Year All Year All Year	14 14 14 14 14 14	B B B B B B	10 34 23 20 20 31	9		• • • • • •	• • • • • •					• • • • • •	• • • • • •		Near Dargan; hike-in only Off Canal Rd.; park on berm side, cross canal footbridge 10 mi. SW of Williamsport; pit toilets, hand water pumps 12½ mi. SW. of Hancock 7 mi. E of Cumberland, off Md. 51 At intervals between Seneca (26.1) and Cumberland (180.1); access by trail, boat, hiking, biking, horseback, Potomac River	
CHICKASAW NATIONAL RECREATION AREA P.O. Box 201, Sulphur, Okla. 73086 Buckhorn (7 mi. S. of Sulphur off U.S. 177) Central (¼ mi. E. of N. entrance) Cold Springs (½ mi. E. of N. entrance) Guy Sandy (3 mi. S. of Okla. 7, W. of Sulphur) The Point (9 mi. SW. of Sulphur off Okla. 7) Rock Creek (1 mi. W. of N. entrance)	24	All Year Apr–Oct Apr–Oct Apr–Oct Apr–Oct All Year	14 14 14 14 14 14	B C A B B A	177 63 40 52 106	23	\$3 \$3 \$3 \$3 \$3	• • • • • •					• • • • • •	• • • • • •			Reservations accepted for May 22 through Sept 4, 1978	

PARKS AND CAMPGROUNDS		Map reference	Camping season	Limit of stay (days)	Campground type	Number of sites or spaces	Group camps	NPS campsite fee	Water and toilets	Sanitary station	Trailer village vehicle sites	Fee (charged by concessioner per day per site)	Showers	Laundry	Stores (food service)	Swimming	Boating	Fishing	Notes		
LAKE MEAD NATIONAL RECREATION AREA 601 Nevada Highway Boulder City, Nev. 89005 Boulder Beach (7 mi. NE. of Boulder City) Callville Bay Cottonwood Cove (14 mi. E. of Searchlight, Nev.) Echo Bay (25 mi. S. of Overton, Nev.) Hemenway (6 mi. NE. of Boulder City) Katherine (32 mi. W. of Kingman, Ariz.) Las Vegas Bay (10 mi. E. of Henderson, Nev.) Overton Landing (16 mi. S. of Overton) Temple Bar (55 mi. SE. of Boulder City) Willow Beach (27 mi. SE. of Boulder City)		65	All Year All Year All Year All Year All Year All Year All Year All Year All Year All Year All Year	30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	A A A A A A A A B A A	154 80 149 166 184 173 89 40 153 186	3*	\$2 \$2 \$2 \$2 \$2 \$2 \$2 \$2 \$2 \$2 \$2	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	72 25 54 27 33 10 13 19	4-50 4.00 5.00 4.00 5.00 4.00 4.00 4.00	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	*Group fee: \$10 per group Picnic shelters available at Boulder Beach, Katherine, Las Vegas Bay, Rogers Spring, and Willow Beach Boat sanitary dumping stations at most lakeshore developments on Lakes Mead and Mohave Seasonally supervised swimming beaches at Boulder Beach and Katherine only Boat rentals and fishing tackle and licenses available at most marina developments All trailer villages and show-ers concession-operated
LAKE MEREDITH NATIONAL RECREATION AREA P.O. Box 1438, Fritch, Tex. 79036 Blue West (20 mi. SE of Dumas) Fritch Fortress (5 mi. N. of Fritch) McBride Canyon (14 mi. SW of Fritch) Plum Creek (22 mi. SE of Dumas) Sanford-Yake (6 mi. N. of Fritch)		66	All Year All Year All Year All Year All Year	14 14 14 14 14	B B B B B	40 10 10 15 53			•											Chemical toilets; no water Chemical toilets; no water	
LASSEN VOLCANIC NATIONAL PARK Mineral, Calif. 96063 Butte Lake (NE. corner of park) Crags (48 mi. E. of Redding) Juniper Lake (13 mi. N. of Chester) Lost Creek (5 mi. E. of Manzanita Lake) Manzanita Lake (NW. Entr.) Southwest (SW. Entr.) Summit Lake (12 mi. S. of Manzanita Lake) Warner Valley (16 mi. NW. of Chester)		67	May 30–Oct 15 May 30–Oct 10 June 20–Oct 1 June 15–Oct 1 May 30–Oct 15 June 15–Oct 20 June 15–Sept 10 June 1–Oct 1	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	A* B B C* A A A B	98 45 18 183 21 94 15	1*	\$2 \$1 \$2 \$1 \$2 \$1	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •										*Reservations needed No motor boats; horse corra No motor boats; pit toilets; horse corral Pit toilets, fresh water Walk-in Horse corral No large trailers; horseback riding; pit toilets	
LAVA BEDS NATIONAL MONUMENT Box 867, Tulelake, Calif. 96134 Indian Well (H.Q.)		68	All Year	14	A	45*		\$3	•											*30 of these closed Sept 15–May 15	
MAMMOTH CAVE NATIONAL PARK Mammoth Cave, Ky. 42259 Headquarters Houchin's Ferry (2 mi. NE. of Brownsville)		69	All Year All Year	14 14	A B	145 12		\$3	• •	• •			• • •							Ferry in use all year when needed No boat rental No drinking water Nov–Mar	
MESA VERDE NATIONAL PARK Mesa Verde National Park, Colo. 81330 Morfield Canyon (5 mi. S. of Entr.)		70	May 1–Oct 31	14	A	494	17	\$2	• •				• • •								
MOUNT MCKINLEY NATIONAL PARK McKinley Park, Alaska 99755 Igloo (mi. 34) Morino (mi. 2.0) Riley Creek (mi. 1.0) Sanctuary (mi. 22) Savage (mi. 12) Teklanika (mi. 29) Wonder Lake (mi. 85)		71	May 25–Sept 25 May 25–Oct 1 All Year May 25–Sept 25 May 25–Oct 1 May 25–Sept 25 June 10–Sept 10	14 14 14 14 14 14 14	B* B A B* A B* A*	7 10 102 7 24 35 23		\$4 \$4 \$2 \$4	• • • • • • •												*Reservations required Pit toilets; tents Walk-in only; tents Pit toilets Pit toilets Tents only
MOUNT RAINIER NATIONAL PARK Longmire, Wash. 98397 Cougar Rock (8 mi. NE. of Nisqually Entr.) Ipsut Creek (5 mi. E. of Carbon River Entr.) Longmire (6 mi. NE. of Nisqually Entr.) Ohanapecosh (1½ mi. S. of Stevens Canyon Entr.) Sunshine Point (1/5 mi. E. of Nisqually Entr.) White River (5 mi. W. of White River Entr.)		72	June–Oct May–Oct July–Labor Day May–Oct All Year July–Oct	14 14 14 14 14 14	A B A A B A	200 32 110 232 30 125	5 1	\$3 \$1 \$3 \$3 \$1 \$3	• • • • • •	• • • • • •										Chemical toilets; water Chemical toilets; water	
NATCHEZ TRACE PARKWAY R.R. 1, NT-143, Tupelo, Miss. 38801 Jeff Busby (12 mi. S. of U.S. 82) Little Swan (Meriwether Lewis) Rocky Springs (11 mi. S. of Miss. 27)		73	All Year All Year All Year	14 14 14	A A A	18 32 22			• • •					•							
NATURAL BRIDGES NATIONAL MONUMENT c/o Canyonlands National Park Moab, Utah 84532 Natural Bridges (4 mi. off Utah 95)		74	All Year	14	B	13			*												*Pit toilets; water available at visitor center

