

NOW ASK YOURSELF THESE QUESTIONS!

- 1. What bird was most abundant?
- 2. Which bird do you think was most interesting?
- 3. What attracts birds to the refuge?

NOTES

DRAW OR WRITE ABOUT THE THINGS YOU SAW TODAY



We're very happy you could visit the refuge today.

It is one of more than 300

It is one of more than 300 refuges managed by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to furnish wildlife with suitable homes or habitat. The refuge program was begun in the early 1900's and was expanded rapidly following

passage of the "Duck Stamp Act" in 1934. During the 1930's, a long drouth and the drainage of wetlands caused waterfowl numbers to drop to alarmingly low levels. To aid waterfowl, many hunters and other people supported passage of the "Duck Stamp Act" which would require hunters to purchase a "duck stamp" each year they desire to hunt waterfowl. Money collected from the sale of these stamps has been used to purchase many National Wildlife Refuges for both hunters and nonhunters to enjoy.

FOR MORE INFORMATION, CONTACT THE REFUGE MANAGER, BEAR RIVER MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE, P.O. BOX 459, BRIGHAM CITY, UTAH 84302



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR



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CHILDRENS BIRDLIST



BEAR RIVER

MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE



THESE ARE SOME OF THE BIRDS YOU MIGHT SEE TODAY IF YOU WATCH CAREFULLY. PUT A CHECK MARK (J) BY EACH BIRD YOU SEE.





Western Grebe_







Raven ___

Great Blue

Heron

Snowy Egret.



Pelican ___



Mallard_





Cinnamon Teal _



Long-billed Curlew ____



Gull ____



Coot __

Marsh Hawk.

Ring-necked Pheasant_



Black-Necked Stilt _





Avocet _



Black-Crowned Night Heron ___



Shoveler _____



Ruddy Ducks _



Killdeer _____