



ground, shows how

wounds on the land-

Living Forest Trail

scape are healing. The

near Travel Trailer Vil-

lage, acquaints you

with your surround

ings and shows how

the natural elements

Crossing Nature Trail.

the natural and human

history in the park.

Pick up leaflets for

these trails at the

nature center, park

headquarters, or at

the trailhead

work together. The

at Telegraph Road

picnic area, tells of







A Woodland Watershed

The land that is now Prince William Forest Park has long been used by man. American Indians used the land along Quantico Creek for hunting and gathering. Scottish settlers established a settlement and port on the estuary of Quantico Creek in 1756 and called it Dumfries. West of the port, the land was rapidly cleared and planted with crops, such as cotton and tobacco. These were harvested and shipped out through the port of Dumfries. Over the years poor farming practices depleted the soil and caused extensive soil erosion. Soil eroded from the farmland was carried down into the harbor by Quantico Creek, gradually filling in the harbor, which became a marsh.

Until the early 20th century, the land in the Dumfries area was farmed intensively, becoming so depleted of nutrients that the remaining farmers were barely able to make a living. In 1933 the Resettlement Administration acquired the land and established the Chopawamsic Recreation Demonstration Area. The Civilian Conservation Corps was put to work to show how land could be reclaimed and used for recreation. The area was later renamed Prince William Forest Park.

When the old farmsteads were first acquired, much of the land was in poor condition. In the years since, most of the old farm

sites have become overgrown with vegetation. Pines were usually the first trees to come into the cleared areas, to be followed later by the shade-tolerant hardwoods, such as oak and hickory. Today, blackberries and blueberries can be found growing wild in the park, many of them marking old homesites. The park also supports populations of whitetail deer, wild turkey, and beaver, as well as numerous smaller animals, such as raccoons and gray squirrels. Prince William Forest Park has a short history as a park, but the land here tells a longer story of man's use of the land. Welcome!

Suggested Activities

The Nature Center A long history of exploitation with little regard for or understanding of conservation makes Prince William Forest Park especially suited for learning about the delicate balance in our natural environment. In the summe and on weekends throughout the year, begin your visit at the Nature Center. During provided the remainder of the year, go to park headquarters. If you see a plant or bird you cannot identify, or if you want to find out about nature's healing processes, go to the Nature Center. There, park rangers and volunteers can answer your questions. They give talks

Picnicking

Either Pine Grove or Telegraph Road pic-

on a host of subjects,

such as the seasonal

blooming of wildflow-

farmed this land, and

recreational opportu-

nities in the forest.

ers, how early settlers

nic grounds, both near the main entrance, is open at any given time. Each area has tables, campfire grills, trash containers, water, restrooms, and playfields. Pine Grove has a shelter for use on a first-come, firstserved basis. Carter's Day Camp is for use by groups for picnick ing on a reservation basis. No firewood is

Bicyclina

Bicycle riding is permitted on all park roads. Ride on the right in single file; bicyclists and motorists have equal responsibilities for safety.

Fishing Bass, bluegill, perch

and catfish are found in the park's streams and lakes. A Virginia fishing license is reguired. The staff at park headquarters can give you a list of State and park fishing regulations and tell you of the closest location for buying a Virginia license

Approximately 56 kilometers (35 miles) of trails and fire roads wind through the park Parking areas along the park roads are adjacent to trailheads and provide convenient starting points for hiking. Each of the seven major trails is color blazed, so they are easy to follow. See the map on the reverse side for a blaze color key. The access trails into the cabin camps are for the use of the groups that have reserved the camps. Please respect their privacy Four self-guiding nature trails are available to help you understand the natural processes at work. The Pine Grove Forest Trail, at the Pine Grove picnic area, is paved and accessible to the handicapped Taped messages at audio stations along

the trail tell about the

different animals and

Farms to Forest Trail,

environments. The

at Oak Ridge camp-

Camping

The park's camp-grounds have different provisions: some are for tents and/or trailers and one is for primitive camping. Camping is limited to 14 nights in a year. Firewood is provided at the camparounds

Oak Ridge camp-

provided. Travel Trailer Village (enter from Va. 234), which is operated by a park concessioner has sites for trailers divided into three types

parking slip. There are

no hookups. Water,

campfire grills, and

trash containers are

restrooms, tables.



sites, available on a first-come, firstserved basis. The spaces are for tents and small recreational vehicles less than 5.5 meters (18 feet) long Each has a payed

of services: (1) hook-ups for electricity, water, and sewage; 2) hookups for electricity and water; and (3) hookups for elec tricity only. It has showers, coin-oper-

ated laundry, and a swimming pool. Call 703-221-2474 for more information.

If you long for the

hushed quiet of the woods and enjoy primitive conditions Chopawamsic Back country Area, south of the main park off Va. 619, is for you. The campsites are 0.8 to 2.4 kilometers (0.5 to 1.5 miles) from the trailhead, so you must pack in your gear and supplies, including drinking water. Only pit toilets and campire grills are provided Please carry out all trash and place it in the containers at the parking lot.

wamsic Backcountry Area you must get a use permit at park headquarters. Call or write the park for an application; telephone reservations are not accepted. You may pick up your permit plus litter bags, at parl headquarters during

business hours.

To camp in the Chopa-

Group Camping

For groups, two types

of camping are avail-For further informaable: cabin camps (for tion call or write to the groups of 50 or more) park and tents. The five cabin camps have For organized groups sleeping cabins, a interested in tent central kitchen-dining hall, restrooms and Run Ridge Group showers staff quar-Camparound is availters, a nature lodge. able. Each site is for 15 to 30 people with and an administrative building. Groups must picnic tables and



provide their own bedding and cooking utensils. Reservations for April through August are due in the park by mid-February; for the fall season, September and October, they

campfire grills. Reservations are required. Call or write to the park for an application

are due by mid-June.

Safety Regulations

You can help protect the park by leaving plants and animals undisturbed. Those who come after you will enjoy the park more if you leave camping and picnic areas the way you would like to find them. All natural features in the park are protected. Destruction, injury, defacement, or removal s prohibited and is a violation of law.

Report emergencies or suspicious activities as soon as possible to a park ranger or to a park office. Secure your property and park in designated areas only

Do not drive or park motor vehicles on grassy areas or on the oad shoulders. Please observe posted speed

Fires are permitted only at established picnic areas and campgrounds, and then only in the campfire grills that are provided. No firewood is

provided at the picnic areas. Extinguish fires completely before leaving, even for a temporary absence

Hunting is prohibited Firearms, fireworks, knives with blades more than 7.6 centi meters (3 inches) long, archery equipment, slingshots, and other weapons are not allowed in the park unless adequately cased, broken down or otherwise packed to prevent their use.

Pets must be kept on a leash at all times.

Consumption of alcoholic beverages is prohibited within the

Lost and found items should be reported to or turned in at park headquarters.

Climbing trees and park structures is dangerous and is not permitted

Swimming in the park is prohibited

Further Information

Prince William Forest Park is administered by the National Park Service, U.S. Department of the Interior. For more information write to the superntendent, whose address is Box 209 Triangle, VA 22172 To telephone park headquarters, dial number for the Nature Center is 703-221-2104.

To reach the Travel Trailer Village, call 703-221-2474.

