



# Trip Planner

The official guide for planning your trip to National Park Areas in South Florida.



**Big Cypress**

**Biscayne**

**Dry Tortugas**

**Everglades**

## Planning a Trip?

A visit to South Florida's national parks and preserves can be an experience you won't soon forget. Biscayne, Dry Tortugas, and Everglades National Parks, and Big Cypress National Preserve offer opportunities ranging from snorkeling to wildlife photography to camping on a backcountry chickee. Planning ahead is the best way to take advantage of these opportunities, and choosing what time of year to visit, based on your interests, can be the key to an enjoyable trip.

### Rainy Season

During the rainy season warmer, clear ocean waters make snorkeling in Biscayne and Dry Tortugas the perfect way to explore these parks. Boating and canoeing in open waters helps to avoid mosquitoes. Boat tours out of Biscayne National Park and the Gulf Coast and Flamingo areas of Everglades National Park are another way to stay cool.

Seasonal rains bring higher water levels within Everglades and Big Cypress, causing wildlife such as alligators and wading birds to disperse and to be seen less frequently. Mosquito levels may become high, and exploring trails in some areas of the parks can become intolerable.

While visiting during this season you may find daily afternoon thunderstorms, high humidity, temperatures in the mid- to hi-80s and a multitude of mosquitoes. During this time of year you will also find an array of blooming plants, views of towering storm clouds and opportunities to experience the parks with fewer visitors. Remember, during the rainy season mosquitoes may be unbearable in some areas.

### Dry Season

While some birds are drawn to the parks year round, the abundance of migrating and wintering birds makes South Florida's National Parks a birder's paradise during the dry season. Falling water levels within the Everglades and Big Cypress areas result in abundant wildlife concentrated in ponds and canals, providing excellent viewing opportunities.

The dry season is the busy season in South Florida's national parks. Most visitors to Big Cypress, Biscayne, and the Everglades come between December and March. March through May are busy months at Dry Tortugas National Park. During months of higher visitation lodging reservations are recommended and campgrounds may be busy.

Larger crowds, fewer mosquitoes, greater wildlife viewing opportunities and more enjoyable hiking, camping and canoeing adventures in all the parks characterize this time of year. Finally, the parks offer a greater variety and number of ranger-led activities that provide an in-depth look into the special natural and cultural resources protected within them.

Month	Average Minimum Temperature	Average Maximum Temperature	Humidity	Average Monthly Rainfall
<b>Dry Season</b>				
November through April	66°F/19°C	76°F/24°C	57%	2.17"/5.5cm
<b>Rainy Season</b>				
May through October	76°F/24°C	85°F/29°C	64%	5.39"/13.3cm
Annual	71°F/22°C	81°F/27°C		45.44"/115.4cm

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**National Park Service**  
 U.S. Department of the Interior

**Everglades National Park**  
 40001 State Road 9336  
 Homestead, Florida 33034



National Park Service  
U.S. Department of the Interior

The National Park Service, an agency of the Department of the Interior, was established in 1916 to manage a growing system of national parks. Today, the National Park System consists of 388 units. National Parks, National Preserves, Seashores, Monuments, Historic Sites, Lakeshores, Battlefields, and others make up a great repository of national treasures entrusted to the National Park Service. In South Florida, nearly 2.5 million acres of pineland, prairie, tropical hardwoods, mangrove forests, estuaries and coral reefs are preserved for this and future generations. Their scientific, recreational, aesthetic and educational values are limitless.

### Experience Your America

**National Parks Guide** is published as a service to park visitors through a generous donation by the Everglades Association.



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# Planning your trip

## Frequently Asked Questions

### Are there entrance fees?

No entrance fees are charged at Big Cypress National Preserve or Biscayne National Park. For cars, vans, and motorhomes, Everglades National Park charges a \$10.00 fee at the Homestead and Shark Valley Entrances. Fees vary for buses (call 305-242-7700 for details). Bicyclists and people on foot pay \$5.00/person. Dry Tortugas charges \$5.00 per person. Entrance fees are valid for 7 days. National Parks Passes, Golden Age, and Golden Access Passes are honored at entrance stations. If you are 62 or older and a U.S. citizen, or permanent resident, Golden Age Passes allow free admission to all National Parks, are good for life, and cost \$10.00.

### What are the hours of operation?

In Everglades National Park, the road from the Coe Visitor Center to Flamingo is open 24 hours; the Shark Valley entrance is open from 8:30 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. Big Cypress National Preserve is open 24 hours. Convoy Point at Biscayne National Park is open from 7:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m., the rest of the park, accessible by boat only, is open 24 hours. For visitor center hours, see pages 4, 5 and 6.

### What about mosquitoes?

Mosquitoes and a variety of biting flies are most severe during the hot, humid summer months, but can be present year-round. As an alternative to using insect repellents, you can take several actions to avoid insects:

- Cover up! Wear long-sleeved clothing. A good mosquito net jacket can go a long way towards making your visit more enjoyable. Look for one that keeps the netting off your skin.

- Avoid grassy areas where mosquitoes can hide.
- Close doors quickly.
- Where provided, stay on boardwalks and pavement.
- Seek open, breezy areas.
- Avoid shady places.

If you use repellent, apply it sparingly to exposed skin. An effective repellent will contain 20% to 35% DEET (N,N-diethyl-meta-toluamide). DEET in high concentrations (greater than 35%) may cause side effects, particularly in children. Repellents may irritate the eyes and mouth, so avoid applying repellent to the hands of children. Insect repellents should not be applied to very young children (< 3 years old).

### Should I be aware of certain regulations?

- When observing animals or plants, pull completely off the road. Exercise caution when exiting your vehicle.
- Rangers monitor speed by radar. Obey speed limits.
- It is dangerous and illegal to feed or harass any wildlife.
- Loaded weapons are not permitted in Everglades, Biscayne, and Dry Tortugas National Parks. In Big Cypress National Preserve, special hunting regulations apply.
- Skateboards, roller skates, and personal watercraft, such as Jet skis, Wave Runners, and Sea Doo's are prohibited.

- Pets are allowed on a leash in some areas, but not on trails or boardwalks, and must be under physical control at all times.
- Spearfishing is not allowed in Everglades and Dry Tortugas National Parks. It is allowed in Biscayne National Park with a Florida fishing license.
- Fishing regulations at Everglades National Park differ from state law, and some areas of the park are closed to fishing. Pick up your copy of Everglades fishing regulations at any visitor center or entrance station.
- Each park is unique, and regulations are tailored to fit the particular park area. Check at visitor centers, entrance stations, or ask a ranger for more information.

### Local Visitor Information

Everglades City Chamber of Commerce  
**(239) 695-3941 or (800) 914-6355**  
Homestead/Fla. City Chamber of Commerce  
**(305) 247-2332**  
Greater Miami Chamber of Commerce  
**(305) 350-7700**  
Key Largo Chamber of Commerce  
**(800) 822-1088**  
Naples Chamber of Commerce  
**(239) 262-6141**  
Key West Welcome Center  
**(800) 284-4482**  
Tropical Everglades Visitor's Association  
**(800) 388-9669**  
We Love Florida Keys Visitor Center  
**(800) SEE-KEYS (Reservations Only)**



Park Activities	Big Cypress		Biscayne		Dry Tortugas		Everglades		Ranger Tips
	Dry	Rainy	Dry	Rainy	Dry	Rainy	Dry	Rainy	
Alligator Viewing	●	●					●	●	Best in the Dry Season
Bicycling	●						●	●	
Birdwatching	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Best in the Dry Season
Boat / Canoe Rentals			●	●			●	●	
Boat Tours			●	●	●	●	●	●	For Dry Tortugas, from Key West
Camping	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Best in the Dry Season
Crocodile Viewing			●	●			●	●	
Fishing	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	State License Required
Gift and Book Sales	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
Hiking	●		●				●		
Lighthouses			●	●	●	●			Accessible By Boat Only
Lodging							●	●	
Manatees	●		●				●	●	
Paddling	●	●	●	●			●	●	
Picnicking	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Buggy in the Wet Season
Ranger Programs	●		●	●	●	●	●	●	Visitor Centers have Details
Snorkeling/SCUBA			●	●	●	●			
Swimming					●	●			
Tram Tours							●	●	
Walking	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	

# Safety in the Parks...

## WARNING: Wild Wildlife!

*Alligators, crocodiles, and other animals are wild and potentially dangerous—Keep your distance!*



In the area's national parks and preserves it is easy to enjoy viewing wildlife, yet the animals are untamed. It is important that we respect animals by not crowding them. If an animal changes its behavior because of your approach, then you are too close.

### ... While Watching Wildlife

#### Respecting Animal Homes

Alligators, birds, turtles, bobcats. . . the South Florida parks are spectacular places to experience wildlife. In these natural environments, animals are protected and free to move and live as they wish. They remain wild, untamed, and relatively unafraid of humans. It is your responsibility to keep a safe distance from all wild animals; they can be dangerous if approached too closely.

Do not feed alligators or any other wild animal; it is bad for the animal, risky for you, and illegal in a national park. If you see someone feeding or harassing wildlife, please report this to a ranger or call (305) 242-7740 or #NPS on cell phones.

#### Viewing Alligators Safely

An adult alligator has powerful jaws, strong teeth, and a brain the size of a walnut. This reptile acts primarily on instinct, assessing other creatures as potential threat or prey. Avoid approaching an alligator closer than 10 feet; they can easily outrun you.

Wading or swimming is prohibited in most freshwater bodies of water in the parks. Take special care with your small children and dogs; they are closer in size to an alligator's natural foods.

Elevated boardwalks like the Anhinga Trail, the Shark Valley Tram Road and Observation Tower, the Eco Pond viewing platform in Everglades, and the HP Williams area in Big Cypress offer good opportunities to safely view these remarkable creatures.

#### Keeping Raccoons Healthy

Raccoons can be aggressive if confronted, and may carry rabies. These animals are abundant in many areas of the South Florida parks, and are attracted to our food, water, and garbage. Unnatural food sources have led to artificially high populations of raccoons. This means that in times of low visitation (less food and garbage),

there are more raccoons turning to the eggs of endangered crocodiles and sea turtles as a food source than in the past. Store food in your vehicle or a hard-sided container when camping.

#### Identifying Snakes

Twenty-six species of snakes may be found in the South Florida parks. Four of these species are venomous—the eastern diamondback rattlesnake, dusky pygmy rattlesnake, cottonmouth, and coral snake. Venomous snakes are not known to exist at the Dry Tortugas. Snakes usually shy away from people. If you see a snake, give it a wide berth.

#### This place is for the birds!

Feeding gulls and crows human food can make them overly aggressive and annoying. When pelicans are fed fish they learn to associate humans with food. Many habituated pelicans are then caught on fish hooks while trying to steal from anglers. Discarded monofilament line entangles and kills many birds and other animals, so please dispose of it in designated fishing line recycle containers.

### ... On The Trails

#### Heat

Summer heat and humidity can be oppressive, but heat-related injuries can occur during any time of the year in South Florida. Be sure to drink plenty of water. Most doctors recommend drinking at least one gallon of water or electrolyte beverages per day while involved in outdoor activities. Don't wait to drink until you feel thirsty as at that point you may already be dehydrated. Sugary or caffeinated drinks actually do more harm than good.

#### Thunderstorms

Thunderstorms occur almost daily during much of the summer, and sporadically during the rest of the year. If you hear thunder, seek cover immediately, especially if you are on the water. The safest places to be are inside a building or a vehicle. Check the local weather forecast before heading out for the day.

#### Avoiding Poisonous Plants

Poison ivy, poisonwood and manchineel are three poisonous plants that can be found in the parks and preserves of South Florida. All are poisonous to the touch. Manchineel is primarily found in the Flamingo area of Everglades National Park, and is rarely contacted. Poison ivy and poisonwood can be found in any wooded area of the parks. Avoid contact with these plants by staying on trails and not touching plants you cannot identify. Park staff can assist in recognizing these plants.

### ... On The Water

#### Boating Safely

Boating in Biscayne Bay, Florida Bay, and the Everglades backcountry can be a challenge. Much of the water is quite shallow, and you can ground your boat quickly. In addition to damaging your boat, groundings destroy precious seagrasses that provide food and shelter to creatures inhabiting these waters. Always refer to nautical charts as well as tide charts for a safe boating excursion. Additional boating safety considerations include:

- Be aware of the weather and water conditions. Get up-to-date information from the National Weather Service or at area park visitor centers.
- File a float plan. Be sure that a family member or friend knows where you are going and when you are planning to return. Provide

them with a written description of your vessel and whom they should contact if you do not return as scheduled.

- Be sure that your vessel has all safety equipment, including: Coast Guard approved personal flotation devices (PFD), fire extinguisher, flares, and a working VHF radio. Do not depend on cellular phones.
- Be sure that all passengers 6 years of age and younger wear a PFD at all times.

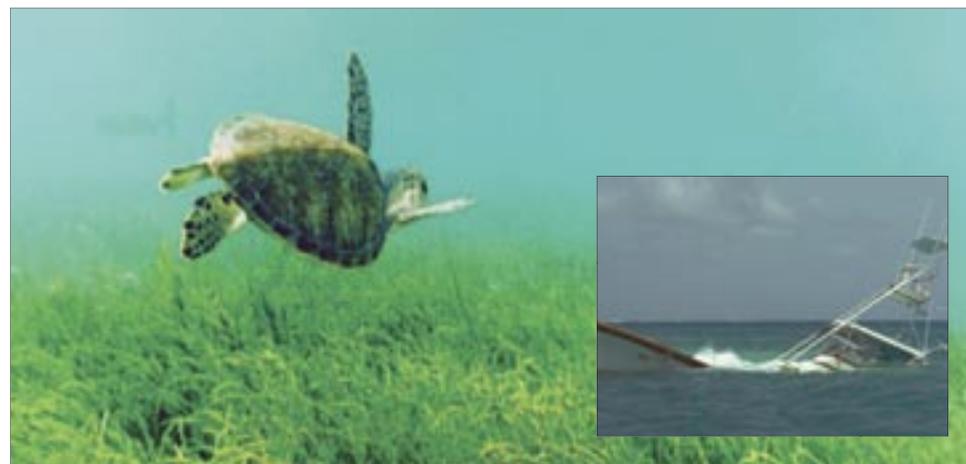
- Alcohol is a major contributor to boating fatalities. Don't drink and boat, impaired boaters become impaired drivers.

#### Manatees

Manatees frequent many of the waterways in Everglades and Biscayne National Parks. Because they are slow-moving and feed in shallow water, many manatees are killed each year by boat propellers. Be especially careful in areas posted with manatee signs. If you see an injured or dead manatee, please report it to the park rangers by calling 305-242-7740 or #NPS on cell phones.

#### What's back there?

Remember to secure everything in your boat before heading home. Valuable items including fishing poles, life vests, seat cushions, coolers, and clothing often blow out of boats and are found along the roads. Garbage left in boats also finds its way to the roadsides. Please help keep South Florida national parks litter-free!



Safe boating protects natural habitats such as seagrass beds and coral reefs, both of which are valuable to a variety of wildlife, and us. Safe boating also saves money and lives. (Sea turtle photo by Bill Keogh.)

#### Navigating

Important nautical charts for South Florida National Parks can be purchased at stores in the parks and within local communities. Charts that relate to specific parks are:

#### Biscayne National Park

NOAA Nautical Chart  
11451 — Miami to Marathon and Florida Bay

#### Dry Tortugas National Park

NOAA Nautical Chart  
11013 — Florida Straits  
11434 — Florida Keys Sombrero Key to Dry Tortugas  
11438 — Dry Tortugas

#### Everglades National Park

NOAA Nautical Chart  
11430 — Lostman's River to Wiggins Pass  
11432 — Shark River to Lostman's River  
11433 — Whitewater Bay  
11451 — Miami to Marathon and Florida Bay

# Big Cypress National Preserve

Photo Courtesy of Jeff Ripple



Established in 1974  
729,000 acres

## Important Information

### Mailing Address

33100 Tamiami Trail East  
Ochopee, FL 34141

### Phone

Toll-free 24 Hour Emergency  
**(800) 788-0511 or #NPS on cell**  
Big Cypress Visitor Center  
**(239) 695-1201**  
Big Cypress ORV Information  
**(239) 695-1205**  
Big Cypress Hunting Information  
**(239) 695-2040**  
Report hunting violations immediately to  
**(800) 788-0511**

### Website

[www.nps.gov/bicy](http://www.nps.gov/bicy)

Seasonal sheet flows of water from northeast to southwest across the Big Cypress Swamp carve narrow, linear valleys just inches deep into the limestone. Cypress trees grow tall in the slightly deeper water of these eroded strands. In some areas the water has eroded deep circular depressions in the limestone substrate, creating suitable soil depths for tall cypress. The shallower soil along the edge, or higher sides, of these depressions results in smaller trees. As a result, dome-shaped humps dot the horizon — cypress domes. Between the strands, clay-like marl soils form prairies lush with grasses and wildflowers. These strands, domes, and prairies, together with pinelands, hardwood islands or “hammocks,” and a fringe of mangrove forest, produce the rich diversity of habitats within Big Cypress National Preserve.

Water is the key here. The Preserve receives nearly 55 inches of rainfall each year, flooding the cypress strands and prairies with a shallow sheet of life-giving water. Plants and animals in Big Cypress and Everglades depend on this water for survival. It flows through the Preserve into the 10,000 Islands area along the Gulf of Mexico, delivering valuable nutrients to estuarine species like snook, shark and crab.

The Preserve provides refuge for species threatened by development of this popular state. Endangered species such as Florida panthers, wood storks and red-cockaded woodpeckers can be found in the Preserve. Rare orchids, ferns and bromeliads (air plants) are found in more inaccessible areas. Humans, too, find refuge here. Clear, bright skies unlit by city lights invite stargazing. Hiking, canoeing and camping opportunities abound. With care, future generations will find refuge and a new vocabulary in Big Cypress National Preserve.

### What is a Preserve?

Big Cypress National Preserve was authorized in 1974 and comprises 729,000 acres. It was the first national preserve established by the National Park Service. A preserve allows a broader range of pre-existing activities. Hunting, off-road vehicle use and oil drilling are allowed here and not in nearby Everglades National Park.

### Visitor Center

Midway between Miami and Naples on the Tamiami Trail (U.S. 41). Information, wildlife exhibits, and a 15-minute film. Educational sales items. Open daily from 9:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., except December 25.

### Ranger-conducted Activities

Programs offered on a regular basis in several areas of the park. A greater number and variety of programs — including swamp walks, canoe trips, bike tours, and campfire programs — are conducted during the dry season. Consult park website or visitor center for details on dates, times and availability. Park rangers at the Preserve are available to conduct programs within local communities and on-site. Call 239-695-1164 for details and arrangements.

### Kirby Storter Boardwalk

Located west of the Oasis Visitor Center along US 41. This elevated boardwalk takes you through prairie, dwarf cypress and into the heart of a cypress strand. Look for alligators, wading birds and a variety of migrating songbirds.



The improved Kirby Storter Boardwalk allows visitors to stroll into the heart of a cypress strand to look for a variety of plant and animal life that thrive in the sub-tropical climate of South Florida. Photo by Clyde Butcher.

### Fishing/Canoeing/Kayaking

Anglers can pursue freshwater fish in the canals along the Tamiami Trail, the Turner River Road and throughout the Preserve. Licenses and regulations are available in Everglades City. Turner River and Halfway Creek, as well as the Barron River Drainage, can be canoed or kayaked southward to the Everglades City area. Check at the visitor center for details about this and other canoe/kayak trips.

### Camping

There are four small, primitive, free campgrounds within the Preserve. Campgrounds on the Loop Road are not suitable for large R.V.s. Monument Lake and Midway Campgrounds have water and modern restroom facilities; a \$16.00 per night fee is charged in the winter season (mid-December through mid-April). No fee is charged late April through November. Prepare for mosquitoes and take water if using the primitive campgrounds. There is a privately owned campground in Ochopee and several nearby in Everglades City.

### Bicycling

Trails suitable for mountain bicycles can be found in the northern portion of the Preserve. Check at the visitor center for details.

### Hiking

The Florida National Scenic Trail begins in the Preserve and provides miles of hiking for the adventurer. Short trails include the Fire Prairie Trail and Tree Snail Hammock. With a GPS unit and good preparation, off-trail hiking is superb in the dry season. Check with the visitor center staff, or website, for trail information.

### Lodging and Dining

There are local restaurants in Ochopee, Everglades City and Chokoloskee. Lodging is located in Everglades City and Chokoloskee.

### Scenic Drives

The Loop Road (county road 94), Turner River Road (county road 839), Wagonwheel Road (county road 837) and Birdon Road (county road 841) all provide excellent opportunities to get off the main highways and experience a wilder Florida. Inquire at the visitor center about current conditions of these gravel/dirt roads.

### Wildlife Viewing and Bird Watching

Alligators, wading birds, and wild flowers are the main attractions here,

seen easily from wildlife viewing platforms at Oasis and HP Williams wayside. A drive along the Turner River Road will provide ample opportunities to see these local residents, especially during the dry season. Ask the visitor center staff for the current birding hot spots. Do not feed wild animals and keep a safe distance of at least 10 feet from them. Alligators can be particularly dangerous when fed and can move much more quickly than most people think. Pets and children are particularly vulnerable; keep them out of harm's way! Remember, no collecting is allowed and all plants and animals within the Preserve are protected.

### Hunting and Off-Road Vehicle Use

Although permitted in the Preserve, these uses are regulated. Permits are required. Inquire at the visitor center.

# Biscayne National Park

Known locally as a fantastic place for outdoor and water-based recreation, the park protects and preserves a nationally significant marine ecosystem with mangrove shorelines, a shallow bay, undeveloped islands, and living coral reefs. Biscayne National Park has protected this unique underwater world for over 35 years.

The shoreline of Biscayne Bay is lined with a deep green forest of mangroves. These trees, with their complex system of prop roots, help stabilize the shoreline and provide shelter for animals, birds, and marine life. Their leaves become a vital part of the food chain when they fall into the waters.

Lush seagrass beds found throughout Biscayne Bay help maintain the water's clarity. The Florida spiny lobster depends on this rich habitat and the bay has been designated a sanctuary where lobsters are protected year-round. Shrimp, fish, sea turtles, and manatees also utilize these productive underwater pastures.

On the eastern edge of Biscayne Bay are the northernmost Florida Keys. These protected islands, with their tropical hardwood forests, remain undeveloped and serve as reminders of the area's past.

On the Atlantic side of the islands lie the most diverse and beautiful of the underwater

communities — the coral reefs. The reefs support a kaleidoscope of life. Plants, fish, and other animals abound in the full spectrum of the rainbow.

The resources protected within Biscayne National Park are beautiful, diverse, and productive; they are also fragile. Fish and animals can be injured and killed by trash in the water. Seagrasses can be torn up by boats. Touching coral may open the way for disease. Some of our actions can cause great damage—forethought and care can preserve and protect.

## Dante Fascell Visitor Center

Tour the park's visitor center with exhibits, videos, information and educational sales items. Open daily, 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. From Florida's Turnpike, take exit 6 (Speedway Boulevard) and follow signs.

## Ranger-conducted Activities

Programs are offered on a regular basis in several areas of the park. A greater number and variety of programs are conducted during the dry season. Consult park website, [www.nps.gov/bisc](http://www.nps.gov/bisc), or visitor center staff for details on dates, times, and availability.

## Fishing/Boating

Anglers and boaters can launch their own boats from county-operated marinas adjacent to the

park to venture into Biscayne Bay and to explore offshore coral reefs. Stop at the visitor center for regulations and to purchase nautical charts. For any boats docked after 6:00 p.m., a \$15 overnight docking fee is charged at Boca Chita and Elliott Key harbors.

## Canoeing/Kayaking

Paddlers can explore the mangrove shoreline along the mainland. Canoes and kayaks are rented by the park concessioner. Stop by the visitor center for weather conditions and suggested routes.

## Boat Tours

The park concessioner provides snorkeling, SCUBA and glass bottom boat tours of the park's waters and islands. Reservations required. Call (305) 230-1100 for schedule and reservations.

## Camping

Primitive campgrounds, accessible only by boat, are located on Boca Chita and Elliott Keys. Individual campsites are \$10 per night, group sites are \$25 per night. All supplies must be brought in and all trash must be packed out. Prepare for insects! The park's concessioner provides transportation to Elliott Key for campers November to May — call (305) 230-1100.



Established in 1968 as Biscayne National Monument; rededicated and enlarged as Biscayne National Park in 1980. 173,000 acres

## Important Information

### Mailing Address

9700 SW 328th St  
Homestead, FL 33033-5634

### Phone

Toll-free 24 Hour Emergency  
**(800) 788-0511 or #NPS on cell**  
Park Information  
**(305) 230-PARK**

### Concession Services

Biscayne National Underwater Park, Inc  
**(305) 230-1100**

### Website

[www.nps.gov/bisc/](http://www.nps.gov/bisc/)



## Attention Boaters

To prevent damage to your property and to the fragile resources of the park, come prepared.

- Learn how to read and use nautical charts.
- Refer to your chart prior to leaving the dock.
- Know the tides. Stop by any local marina or the park visitor center for the latest tide information.
- Learn how to use your electronic navigation equipment.
- Be sure that your VHF radio, and any other communication equipment is in good working order. Do not depend on cellular phone service in remote areas.
- Check the marine forecast prior to leaving the dock and watch for any changes in weather.

### Remember these rhymes, which have aided mariners for years:

**Brown, brown, run aground.** Avoid brown areas! This water color indicates that reef formations or seagrass beds are close to the surface.

**White, white, you just might.** Use caution! Sand bars and rubble areas may be much shallower than they appear.

**Green, green, nice and clean.** Green waters are generally safe for shallow draft boats, larger, deeper draft vessels should exercise caution.

**Blue, blue, cruise on through.** Clear sailing in deep water areas.

### Oh No! You ran aground, now what?

**Stop!** Attempting to power off can cause significant damage to your vessel and to the living bottom communities. If you do run aground or if you venture into shallow water and start stirring up mud in your wake,

### Stop!

- Turn your motor off. Do not attempt to power off.
- Trim your motor up.
- Try to push or pole your boat off, following the route in.
- Wait for high tide in order to drift off.
- Call for commercial assistance on VHF channel 16.

**Boaters have the opportunity to enjoy the bay and the upper keys of Boca Chita, Elliott and Adams Keys within Biscayne. On Boca Chita visitors can camp, picnic and glimpse the area's history**

# Everglades National Park

Photo Courtesy of Ralph Atwood



Established in 1947  
1,508,570 acres

## Important Information

### Mailing Address

40001 State Road 9336  
Homestead, FL 33034-6733

### Phone

Toll-free 24 Hour Emergency  
**(800) 788-0511 or #NPS on cell**  
Headquarters  
**(305) 242-7700**  
Flamingo Visitor Center  
**(239) 695-2945**  
Gulf Coast Visitor Center  
**(239) 695-3311**  
Shark Valley Visitor Center  
**(305) 221-8776**  
Key Largo Ranger Station  
**(305) 852-0304**  
Campground Reservations  
**(800) 365-CAMP**

### Concession Services

Everglades National Park Boat Tours and Canoe Rentals in *Everglades City*  
**(239) 695-2591**  
Flamingo Lodge, *including the marina, boat tours, and rentals*  
**(239) 695-3101**  
**(800) 600-3813 (Room reservations)**  
Shark Valley Tram Tours  
**(305) 221-8455**

### Website

[www.nps.gov/ever](http://www.nps.gov/ever)

Everglades National Park is defined by water. Historically, a freshwater river a few feet deep and 50 miles wide crept seaward through this area on a gradually sloping riverbed. Along its 80-mile course, the river dropped only 15 feet, finally emptying into Florida Bay and the Gulf of Mexico. There, fresh and salt water mix in coastal areas, and mangrove forest dominates.

## In General

### Ranger-conducted Activities

Programs offered on a regular basis in several areas of the park. Consult park website, **Parks Stories** or visitor centers for details on dates, time and availability.

### Exploring Trails

In many areas of the park trails allow you to explore the diversity of habitats within South Florida. While exploring the park be sure to bring plenty of water, be aware of changing weather conditions, and be prepared for mosquitoes and a variety of biting flies. Though most severe during the hot, humid summer months, they can be present year-round.

### Fishing/Boating

The mangrove estuary, Gulf of Mexico, and Florida Bay provide opportunities to explore by boat and to fish. Obtain regulations at the Flamingo Visitor Center, Flamingo Marina, or Gulf Coast Visitor Center. Boat ramps are located at Flamingo, the Florida Keys, and Everglades City area. A boat launch fee (good for 7 days) is charged when entering the park: \$5 for motorboats, \$3 for non-motorized craft. An annual pass (\$60) is also available.

### Camping

National Park Service campsites (fees charged.) Long Pine Key and Flamingo Campground sites can be reserved Dec - Apr by calling (800) 365-CAMP, otherwise, first-come, first-served. For information about private campgrounds in Everglades City call their Welcome Center at (239) 695-3941.

### Wilderness Camping

Most sites in the park's Marjory Stoneman Douglas Wilderness are accessible by boat or canoe only. Permits are required for overnight camping. From November to April a permit must be obtained at the Flamingo or Gulf Coast Visitor Centers, fees apply. In summer, permits are obtained at no charge by self-registration at the Flamingo and Gulf Coast Visitor Centers and the Florida Bay Ranger Station. Ask for a copy of the **Wilderness Trip Planner** for information on backcountry camping.

### Accessibility

All major trails in the park are accessible, and assistance is provided for access to boat and tram tours.

## Ernest F. Coe Visitor Center

From Miami, take the Florida Turnpike south to the last exit. Follow the signs to Everglades National Park. Open daily, December - April 8:00 - 5:00, May - November 9:00 - 5:00. Information, exhibits and educational sales items.

## Royal Palm

4 miles past the Coe Visitor Center

### Royal Palm Visitor Center

Open daily. Information and educational sales items. The Charles Harper gator hole exhibit is next door.

### Anhinga Trail

A must-see! This ½-mile loop trail offers one of the best opportunities to view wildlife, including alligators and birds, up close. Accessible.

### Gumbo Limbo Trail

½-mile loop. The trail winds through a once-dense tropical hardwood hammock reshaped by Hurricane Andrew in 1992. Accessible.

## The Main Park Road

A scenic 38 mile drive from the Coe Visitor Center to Flamingo

### Walking Trails

Experience a diversity of Everglades habitats on several short, wheelchair-accessible trails leaving from parking areas along the Main Park Road.

**Pinelands Trail**—½-mile loop through subtropical pine forest maintained by fire. Pine rocklands are the most diverse habitat in South Florida.

**Pa-hay-okee Overlook**—¼-mile boardwalk leads to an observation deck offering a view of the vast Everglades from horizon to horizon.

**Mahogany Hammock Trail** — ½-mile boardwalk that meanders through a dense, jungle-like hardwood hammock. Glimpse a variety of tropical plants.

**West Lake**—½-mile boardwalk through the mysterious mangrove forest. Clinging airplants, mangroves and a view of the lake await you.

## Flamingo

38 miles past the Coe Visitor Center

### Flamingo Visitor Center

Exhibits, information, and wilderness permits. Staffed daily from late November until May 1, open 9:00 - 5:30.

### Wildlife Viewing

At low tide, birds congregate on the Florida Bay mudflats visible from the visitor center breezeway. Alligators and endangered American Crocodiles bask around the Flamingo Marina boat basins. The viewing platform at Eco Pond provides good sightings of the pond's wild residents.

### Canoeing/Kayaking

Information and maps of local canoe trails are

available in the Flamingo Visitor Center lobby. The Nine Mile Pond Trail (5.5-mile loop) and trips into Florida Bay (variable distances) are suggested routes. Rentals are available at the Flamingo Marina. Be prepared for mosquitoes.

### Boat Tours

Narrated boat excursions into the mangrove estuary and Florida Bay depart daily from the Flamingo Marina. Information is available at the Flamingo Marina or by calling (239) 695-3101

## Shark Valley

On Hwy. 41 (Tamiami Trail) 30 miles west of the Florida Turnpike exit for S.W. 8th Street

### Shark Valley Visitor Center

The visitor center is open daily 8:30 a.m. to 4:45 p.m. December through April. Hours for May through November are 9:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Information and educational sales items.

### Walking Trails

**Bobcat Boardwalk**—a ¼-mile round trip walk starting at the visitor center passes through sawgrass marsh and a bayhead.

**Otter Cave**—1-mile round trip from the visitor center. Enters a tropical hardwood hammock.

**Tram Trail**—The 15-mile tram trail is excellent for strolling and wildlife viewing.

### Bicycling

The 15-mile tram trail is great for bicycling. A variety of marsh animals may be seen. Bicycle rentals are available at Shark Valley. Permits are required for groups of 10 or more. Helmets are required for children under 17.

### Tram Tour

The Shark Valley Tram Tour provides an introduction to the freshwater Everglades and provides opportunities to view wildlife. Reservations can be made by calling (305) 221-8455.

## Gulf Coast

3 miles south of Hwy. 41 (Tamiami Trail) on Highway 29, south of Everglades City

### Gulf Coast Visitor Center

The visitor center is open daily, December - April from 8:00 - 4:30, May - November from 9:00 - 4:30. Wilderness permits, picnicking, wildlife viewing opportunities, and educational sales items. A variety of marinas and boat launch facilities are available near the visitor center.

### Boat Tours

Daily boat tours into the mangrove estuary and Ten Thousand Islands offer views of a unique environment and its wildlife. Information and tickets available in the lower level of the visitor center, general information is available by calling the visitor center.

### Canoeing/Kayaking

From the visitor center, paddlers can venture into the beautiful Ten Thousand Islands and view birds, dolphins, manatees, and other wildlife. Canoes can be rented in the lower level of the visitor center building. Check with rangers for weather conditions and other safety information.



# Dry Tortugas National Park

Lying at the far western end of the Florida Keys, 68 miles west of Key West, are seven coral rubble isles called the Dry Tortugas, dominated by the massive brick fortress of Fort Jefferson.

The Tortugas were first discovered by the Spanish explorer Ponce de Leon in 1513. Abundant sea turtles, “tortugas”, provisioned his ships with fresh meat, but there was no fresh water—the Tortugas were dry.

U.S. military attention was drawn to the keys in the early 1800’s due to their strategic location. Plans were made for a massive fortress and construction began in 1846, but the fort was never completed. The invention of the rifled cannon made it obsolete.

As the military value of Fort Jefferson waned, its pristine reefs, abundant sea life, and impressive numbers of birds grew in value. Recognizing its significance, President Franklin Roosevelt set aside Fort Jefferson and the surrounding waters as a national monument in 1935.

Dry Tortugas National Park is accessible only by boat or seaplane. Check the park’s webpage or local chambers of commerce (see page 2) for a list of private carriers. No water, food, fuel,

supplies, or accommodations are available at the park. There is an entrance fee of \$5.00 per person.

## Visitor Center

Information, exhibits, an orientation video, and educational sales items are available. The visitor center is open daily.

## Touring Fort Jefferson

Take a self-guided walking tour of one of America’s largest 19th century coastal forts. Follow the signs with a Civil War soldier on them.

## Ranger-conducted Activities

Check the dock’s announcement board or the visitor center for dates and times of ranger-guided programs.

## Camping

Camping is available for \$3 per person, per day; all supplies, including fresh water, must be brought in. Parties of more than ten must make reservations by writing the park.

## Fishing

Sports fishing is permitted. Lobstering and spear fishing are prohibited in the park. Florida state fishing laws and regulations apply. Florida

fishing license required. Fishing licenses are available in Key West.

## Boating

Private boaters can visit the park. Nautical charts are sold at the park’s visitor center and in Key West. Information is obtainable from the Key West U.S. Coast Guard Station, the Chamber of Commerce, and the Charter Boat Association. Boaters should be aware of the possibility of extremely rough seas. Check with a ranger for rules on docking and mooring.

## Snorkeling

Patches of healthy coral reef, some easily accessible from shore and in shallow water, are snorkeling havens. Do not disturb coral or shells; all coral, living and dead, is protected from collection. Shipwrecks and all historic artifacts in the park are protected by law.

## Bird Watching

The Dry Tortugas are renowned for spring bird migrations and tropical bird species. Contact the park for a bird checklist and information.

## Bush Key

Bush Key, adjacent to Fort Jefferson, is closed January through September to protect sensitive bird nesting habitat. Please obey all signage.



## Dry Tortugas National Park

Established in 1935 as Fort Jefferson National Monument; rededicated as Dry Tortugas National Park in 1992. 64,700 acres

## Information Inquiries

40001 State Road 9336  
Homestead, FL 33034-6733  
**(305) 242-7700**

## Group Camping Reservations

P.O. Box 6208  
Key West, FL 33041

## Website

[www.nps.gov/drto](http://www.nps.gov/drto)



The Everglades Association is a National Park Service Cooperating Association dedicated to increasing public understanding of the natural and historic values of national parks of South Florida. A wide variety of educational books, maps, posters, DVDs, and park theme-related items may be purchased at park visitor center bookstores or by mail. Proceeds from sales support educational programs in South Florida national parks.

## Mailing Address

10 Parachute Key #51  
Homestead, FL 33034-6735  
(305) 247-1216  
(305) 247-1225 FAX

## Website

[www.nps.gov/ever/fnpma](http://www.nps.gov/ever/fnpma)

Phone and Fax orders accepted with Mastercard, Visa, or Discover.

## Plan Your Trip with the Everglades Association

### BOOKS

**Audubon Society Field Guide to Florida** by Alden, Cech, and Nelson...Complete field guide to Florida’s natural world. Includes birds, insects, reptiles, marine life, plants, geology, weather, ecology, sky maps and a section on the best natural parks and preserves. \$19.95

**Biscayne—The Story Behind the Scenery** by W. Landrum...Dynamic full-color presentation of the mainland, shoreline, and underwater worlds of Biscayne National Park, home to the northernmost coral reefs in the continental U.S. \$7.95

**Everglades—River of Grass** by Marjory Stoneman Douglas...A Florida classic! A study of the unique Florida Everglades – Full of human history and commentary on the present and threatened future of the Everglades. Paper \$9.95; Hardbound \$18.95

**Everglades—The Park Story** by W. B. Robertson...Let an Everglades wildlife biologist introduce you to the flora, fauna, and history of the park in this fascinating, reader-friendly narrative. Full Color. \$6.95

**Everglades—The Story Behind the Scenery** by J. de Golia...An interesting review of the Everglades with over 100 photographs of wildlife and habitats. \$9.95

**Everglades National Park and the Surrounding Area** by R. Hammer...A Guide to Exploring Everglades, Big Cypress and surrounding state park areas. Includes detailed map and trail descriptions, hiking, biking, kayak and canoe trails, as well as facts about the area’s history, flora, fauna, and weather. Excellent for trip preparation! \$12.95

**Everglades Wildguide** by J. C. George... Official National Park Service handbook detailing the plants and animals of the Everglades region. Includes checklists. \$7.99

**Florida’s Unsung Wilderness—The Swamps** by Bransilver and Richardson...Journey to Southwest Florida’s unique natural treasure—the swamplands. 120 photographs and text provide a rare glimpse into this fragile wilderness. \$24.95

**Pages From the Past – Pictorial History of Fort Jefferson** by A. C. Manucy...Historical Fort Jefferson comes alive in this wonderful comprehensive portfolio full of historic photos, color illustrations and fascinating text. \$7.95

**Paddler’s Guide to Everglades National Park** by J. Molloy...Guide to 53 paddling routes in Everglades National Park, including the Wilderness Waterway. Includes maps, a rating system, and descriptions of every wilderness campsite. \$16.95

**Priceless Florida – Natural Ecosystems and Native Species** by Whitney, Means, and Rudloe... An excellent, comprehensive look at the incomparable ecological riches of Florida presented in a way that will appeal to young and old, laypersons and scientists. Full color illustrations and photos. \$21.95

### VIDEOS

**Fort Jefferson—Gibraltar of the Gulf** 11 min., NTSC. \$11.95

**Everglades** 60 min., NTSC \$22.95

### DVDs

**Alligators and Birds of the Everglades** Two award-winning wildlife programs. 60 min, \$23.95

**Everglades & National Parks of South Florida** includes Biscayne, Big Cypress & Dry Tortugas. 90 min. \$19.95

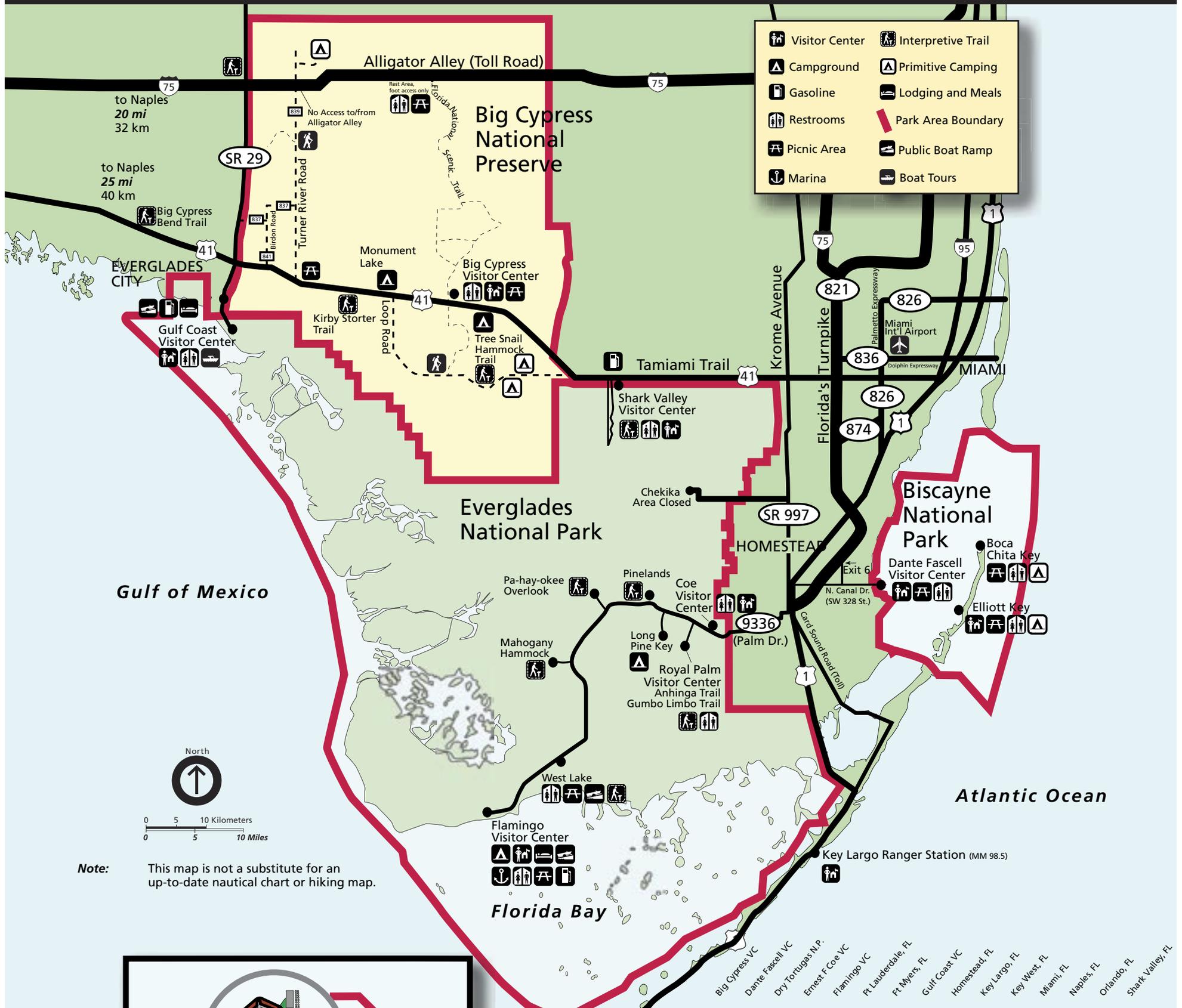
**Everglades A comprehensive look at the Everglades.** Also includes “The Wonders of Biscayne/Keys.” 90 min. \$23.95

### CD-Rom

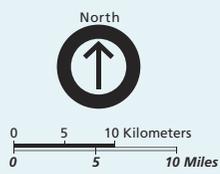
**360° Degrees of Dry Tortugas National Park.** Four Chambers Studio. Interactive tour. \$17.95. Discover this unique national park located at the “Gateway of the Gulf” by using your personal computer.

# South Florida National Parks and Preserves Map

National Park Service  
U.S. Department of the Interior



- Visitor Center
- Campground
- Gasoline
- Restrooms
- Picnic Area
- Marina
- Interpretive Trail
- Primitive Camping
- Lodging and Meals
- Park Area Boundary
- Public Boat Ramp
- Boat Tours



**Note:** This map is not a substitute for an up-to-date nautical chart or hiking map.



Big Cypress VC	69	252	66	104	78	95	28	55	82	184	52	56	198	17
Dante Fascell VC	69		206	21	59	64	178	97	10	36	138	39	146	52
Dry Tortugas N.P.	252	206		218	256	257	371	280	197	170	68	232	339	464
Ernest F. Coe VC	66	21	218		38	72	185	94	11	31	133	47	153	279
Flamingo VC	104	59	256	38		110	223	132	49	69	188	85	191	317
Ft. Lauderdale, FL	78	64	257	72	110		139	99	62	87	189	20	107	214
Ft. Myers, FL	95	178	371	185	223	139		76	176	201	303	154	37	160
Gulf Coast VC	28	97	280	94	132	99	76		83	110	212	80	37	238
Homestead, FL	55	10	197	11	49	62	176	83		27	129	39	111	270
Key Largo, FL	82	36	170	48	69	87	201	110	27		102	62	169	294
Key West, FL	184	138	68	150	188	189	303	212	129	102		164	271	396
Miami, FL	52	39	232	47	85	20	154	80	39	62	164		120	232
Naples, FL	56	146	339	153	191	107	37	37	111	169	271	120		198
Orlando, FL	198	271	464	279	317	214	160	238	270	294	396	232	198	
Shark Valley VC	17	52	234	49	87	61	112	45	38	65	167	36	73	267