Places

2 Jesús Treviño Fort and Ranch

8 Dolores-Applewhite Crossing

10 La Villita Historic District

13 Comanche Lookout

San Marcos Spring

17 Sugarloaf Mountain

18 Rye School Swale

21 Lobanillo Swales

22 Oliphant House

26 Fort Claiborne

27 Caddo Memorial Plaza

Caddo Mounds State Historic Site

28 Los Adaes State Historic Site

24 Fort Jesup State Historic Site

25 Fort St. Jean Baptiste State Historic Site

20 Mission Nuestra Señora de los Dolores de los Ais

14 Comal Springs

16 Apache Pass

111 Yturri-Edmunds Historic Site

A Republic of the Río Grande Museum

6 Presidio Nuestra Señora de Loreto de la Bahia

San Antonio Missions National Historic Park

Mission San Antonio de Valero (the Alamo)

Mission Nuestra Señora del Espíritu Santo de Zuñiga

3 San José de los Corralitos

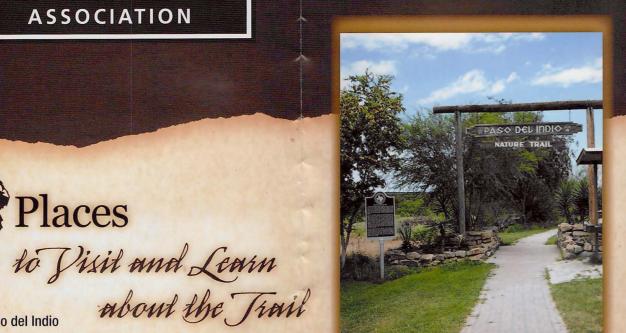
Paso de Francia

ASSOCIATION

Historical Overview

El Camino Real de los Tejas was established in the 1680s when the Spanish began to search for the settlement that Frenchman Robert Cavalier Sieur de La Salle had founded in Garcitas Creek, near present-day Victoria.

Although this French colonization effort was not successful, in the 1690s the Spanish increased their



Paso del Indio

12 9 San Antonio

McKinney Falls State Park

Goliad State Park

Victoria, is the third site of this mission. It

is of particular interest because the original

M State Parks

McKinney Falls State Park

Goliad State Park

Bastrop State Park

Fort Boggy State Park

Mission Tejas State Park

presence in East Texas to be able to monitor and defend against future French threats. By the 1720s they strengthened their position in the region even further by establishing a presidio and village at Los Adaes, which became the Texas capital until 1773 when it was moved to San Antonio de Bexar.

Mission Concepción

For the most part Spanish expeditions followed The Spanish began serious efforts to convert the American Indian trails, which linked complex American Indians in East Texas to Catholicism in the networks of villages and important natural resources. early 1690s when Franciscans missionaries began Travelers' accounts made references to more than 60



Augarlouf Mountain

trail. Chief among them were the Caddo-speaking

of Texas occupied the lands of the Adaes and was

named after that tribe.

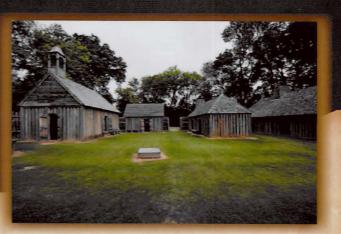
groups, all of whom were intimately connected with El

Camino Real de los Tejas. Indeed, the area was named

after the Tejas (Hasinai). The Spanish Colonial capital

building missions in the area. Although these first attempts to found missions were far from successful, they marked the beginning of increased travel

Eventually the lands along El Camino Real de los Tejas became home to various ethnic groups. These include Spanish, such as Canary Islanders, French, Mexicans, African Americans, Anglos, and a variety of different European peoples. Most of them settled along the trail and managed, to a considerable extent, to retain their cultural traditions.

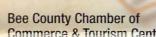


Fort Saint Bean Bustiste State Historic Site

Trail Association Parkners

OUISIANA

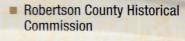




- Bee County Historical Commission
- Commission
- Brush Country Museum
- City of Poteet
- City of San Augustine
- Comal County Commissioner

TARRING REND

- Comal Settlement Association Crockett Area of Chamber of Commerce
- Goliad County Historical Commission
- Greater New Braunfels Chambe of Commerce
- Haley Furniture, Flooring, & Appliance
- Hispanic Heritage Center of Texas
- Nacogdoches CVB
- Natchitoches, LA, CVB
- Poteet Trail Blazers
- Ray Neal's Auto Sales



- Rockdale Chamber of Commerce
- Rockdale Downtown Association
- Sabine Parish Tourist Commission San Antonio River Authority
- San Augustine Chamber of
- Commerce
- Shelby Savings Bank
- Smithville Area Chamber of Commerce
- TexasTejano.com
- Wildflower

We can't do it alone! Please visit our partners as you travel the trail. Visit all of our partners at **▶** www.ElCaminoTrail.org/partners

To become a Trail Partner at www.ElCaminoTrail.org/join



Tuddo Mounds State Hisotire Site

Modern-day travelers will find a variety of sites along the route. Caddo mounds, missions, presidios, trail swales, historic structures, river crossings, museums, and others offer visitors plenty of opportunity to learn about and enjoy the rich heritage of



Mission Tejus Stute Purk

Numerous sites along the trail are open

- Adai Caddo Indian Nation Cultural Center
- Bee County Chamber of Commerce & Tourism Cente
- Brazos County Historical
- Cane River Heritage Association
- City of Nacogdoches Historic Sites Deptartment



Presidio Nuestra Señora de Loreto de la Bahía

relocated to the San Antonio River south of present day Goliad. The Presidio Chapel was built between 1775 and 1790, and is listed in the National Register of Historic Places. This complex of buildings is considered to be the finest example in the country of a Spanish Presidio

Visit our website at

Or contact us at (512) 850-9073 or

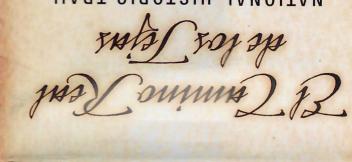
www.ElCaminoTrail.org/join (800) 913-8727

Mission Nuestra Señora del Late in 1749, both the Presidio La Bahia and the Mission Espiritu Santo Espíritu Santo de Zúñiga Along the trail visitors can experience authentic sites, such as the ruins of Mission Nuestra Señora del Espíritu Santo, near Victoria. This location, eight miles above

to the public and offer great recreational opportunities. Visitors can walk on some of the traces left by the original users of the trail.



TRAIL MAP





P.O. Box 41286 Austin, TX 78704 (512) 850-9073

(800) 913-8727

El Camino Real de los Tejas National Historic Trail Association is a non-profit organization dedicated to promoting and conserving El Camino Real de los Tejas National Historic Trail.

The Association seeks to protect the historic integrity of the trail, its contributions to tourism and economic development along its path, and to educate the public about its resources and opportunities.



Visit our website at

www.ElCaminoTrail.org/join Or contact us at (512) 850-9073 or (800) 913-8727



El Camino Real de los Tejas,
Texas' Royal Road, is crucial to
understanding the rich heritage
of the region as it commemorates
significant historic routes from
the Rio Grande to Natchitoches,
Louisiana.



Walk in the footsteps of history!
Visit missions, presidios, river
crossings, trail segments and many
other authentic historic sites.

To plan your trip, peruse our extensive collection of maps and photos at:

www.ElCaminoTrail.org

Join the Trail

As a member or sponsor of the Association, you will be fostering knowledge, awareness, and protection of the trail for present and future generations.

Help your community and others by keeping the trail history animated and inspiring. Join this exciting organization and learn about our mission by visiting:

www.ElCaminoTrail.org/join

