UNITED STATES LPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL SURVEY OF HISTORIC SITES AND BUILDINGS

Kansas					XV	"Westward	Expansion	1830 1	to 1898"	- Santa Fe Trail
B. NAME(S) OF SITE	• •		1	27		57				4. APPROX. ACREAGE
Fort Larned		*	n							10
5. EXACT LOCATION (Cou	nty, town	ship, road	s, etc. 1	f difficuli	to find.	, sketch on Supplem	entary Sheet)	wner:	Mar. Ro	bert Frizell
About 5 miles	ves	t of	the	town	of	Larned, K				arned, Kansas
NAME AND ADDRESS O									FOLCE	armed, Aauses
o, minia (100 mbb/100 e										

7. IMPORTANCE AND DESCRIPTION (Describe briefly what makes site important and what remains are extant)

Fort Larned, during the 1860's and early 1870's, was the oldest and most important military post which guarded the Santa Fe Trail in Kansas. It served as headquarters for troops responsible for safeguarding freighters and travelers and the passage of mail along that route. In 1864, Fort Larned was the base of operations against the hostile Cheyenne. In 1867, the Army sent an abortive expedition of about 1,400 men, under General Winfield S. Hancock, to the post to punish any tribes which might molest people traveling across the Plains. In the period from 1859 to 1869 almost 200 whites and Indians were recorded as having been killed in the Fort Larned vicinity.

The fort also, during the 1860's, played a very significant role in the negotiations with and in administering the southern and central plains tribes. In 1860, some 160 troops were stationed there. From 1861 to 1868, the fort was a distributing point for the annuities to several of the Indian tribes under the Fort Wise Treaty of 1861. Because of depredations, the Army in 1864 ordered the Kiowa and Commanche to Fort Larned where the government established an agency for the two tribes. In 1865, bands of Cheyenne, Arapaho and Apache were placed under the charge of the agent at Larned. Following the signing of the Medicine Lodge Treaty, effected in October 1867, the five tribes were removed to reservations set aside for them in Indian Territory. The government, therefore, abandoned the annuity distribution at Larned for the five tribes.

The Army, in accordance with William Bent's recommendation, in 1859 established a temporary post, called Camp Alert, at the mouth of Pawnee Fork on the Arkansas River. Later in the year it moved to a new site three miles west where the erection of a permanent sod fort was completed in 1860 and renamed Fort Larned. In 1866-1868, Fort Larned was rebuilt with stone structures. This post was equipped to house four companies of troops. (See attached ground plan.) Buildings in 1876 are described as follows:

(Continued next page)

8. BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES (dive best sources: give location of manuscripts and rare works) William B. Unrau, "The Story of Fort Larned", The Kansas Ristorical Quarterly, XXIII, (Autumn, 1957) 257-280.

9. REPORTS AND STUDIES (Mention best reports and studies, as, NPS study, HABS, etc.)

Merrill J. Mattes, "Report on the Historical Investigation of Eleven Areas in Kansas Proposed for Rational Recognition", (Omaha, 1955)

10. PHOTOGRAPHS *	11. CONDITION	12. PRESENT USE (Museum, farm, etc.)	13. DATE OF VISIT
ATTACHED: YES 🕅 NO 🗌	Good	Ranch headquarters	October 1957
14. NAME OF RECORDER (Signature)		15. TITLE	16. DATE
		Historian	

* DRY MOUNT ON AN 8 X 101/2 SHEET OF FAIRLY HEAVY PAPER. IDENTIFY BY VIEW AND NAME OF THE SITE, DATE OF PHOTOGRAPH, AND NAME OF PHOTOGRAPHER. GIVE LOCATION OF NEGATIVE. IF ATTACHED, ENCLOSE IN PROPER NEGATIVE ENVELOPES.

(IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED USE SUPPLEMENTARY SHEET, 10-317a, AND REFER TO ITEM NUMBER)

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16---74016-1

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

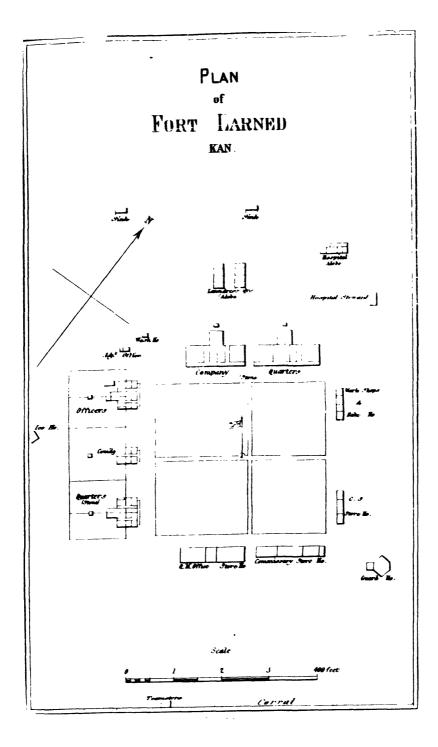
NATIONAL SURVEY OF HISTORIC SITES AND BUILDINGS SUPPLEMENTARY SHEET

This sheet is to be used for giving additional information or comments, for more space for any item on the regular form, and for recording pertinent data from future studies, visitations, etc. Be brief, but use as many Supplement Sheets as necessary. When items are continued they should be listed, if possible, in numerical order of the items. All information given should be headed by the item number, its name, and the word (cont'd), as, 6. Description and Importance (cont'd)...

STATE	NAME(S) OF SITE				
Kansas	Fort Larned				
7. Importance and Descriptic	on (cont'd)				

Quarters for four companies; officers' quarters, three sets, built of sandstone, in good condition; hospital in one of the company quarters; guard house, 57x40 feet; quartermaster's storehouse $157\frac{1}{2}x42$ feet; commissary storehouses, two, 153x30 feet and $82\frac{1}{2}x20$ feet respectively; workshops, bakery; all sandstone buildings; laundress' quarters, ice house, etc., correl for 150 animals.

With the exception of Fort Totten, in North Dakota, which is of considerable less significance, Fort Larned is the best preserved 19th century military post in Region Two. Practically all of the buildings surrounding the parade ground, several of which have undergone considerable alterations, have survived. These include three officers' quarters, probably erected in 1867, two of which have undergone but a few architectural alterations. The two barracks, each of which housed two companies of troops, were converted into a barn. The original stone walls, however, are still in evidence. The quartermaster's office and storehouse has been converted into a barn by the extension of the original stone walls in order to form a hayloft. The old commissary storehouse, which still has the original portholes, is little changed except for the roof. The ordnance sergeant's office and storehouse, the workshops. and the bakery have been changed but little except for the roofs. With the exception of the icehouse, all of the outbuildings have disappeared. The chief intrusion on the parade ground of the old fort are two silos on the northeast and southeast corners. Fort Larned is one of the three sites on the Santa Fe Trail which is recommended for further study by the undersigned.



Ground plan of Fort Larned, 1876. (Copied from Outline Descriptions of The Posts in the Military Division of the Missouri, commanded by Lieutenent General F. H. Eberiden (Chicago, 1876/)



48278

AERIAL VIEW OF FORT LARNED, Kansas. The buildings of the fort surrounding the parade grounds have been converted into farm buildings.



OFFICERS' QUARTERS FORT LARNED. This structure now serves as a museum

October 1957

National Park Service photograph



BARN at FORT LARNED. This structure has been converted from the old commissary storehouse at the post.

October 1957

National Park Service photograph