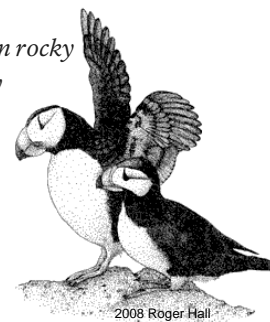




2010 Fact Sheet

Horned puffins nest on rocky islands in Glacier Bay



Superintendent Cherry Payne

Established

Feb 26, 1925	Designated National Monument
Dec 2, 1980	Designated National Park & Preserve
1986	Designated World Biosphere Reserve
1992	Designated World Heritage site

Glacier Bay represents the most dramatic documented large-scale glacial retreat in the world and provides unparalleled opportunities for scientific study of tidewater glaciers and ecosystem development.

Size

National Park	3,283,000 acres	5,130 square miles
National Preserve:	57,000 acres	90 square miles

3,283,000 acres (roughly the size of the state of Connecticut)

Park Wilderness: 2,658,000 acres
World Heritage Site: 24,300,000 acres
also includes Wrangell-St. Elias National Park, Kluane National Park (Canada) and Tatshenshini-Aleek Park (Canada). One of the world's largest protected wilderness areas.

Base Budget \$ 4,500,000

Staffing

Permanent	57
Term/Seasonal	70
Volunteers	78 (contributed 5,339 hours of work in '09)

Access Most visitors arrive on cruise ships and tour boats. The only road is 10 miles from the tiny town of Gustavus. Gustavus has an airport and served by a jet in summer and small planes all year round.

Visitation The number of vessels per day is limited in the summer months. Maximum number of vessels allowed each day include 2 cruise ships, 3 tour boats, 6 charter vessels, and 25 private vessels.

2009: 422,919 Cruise ship passengers
10,984 Tour boat passengers
10,000 Land Visitors
750 Backcountry users

Lodging

Glacier Bay Lodge	48 rooms
Bartlett Cove Campground	33 campsites

also: multiple lodges and B&B's in the nearby community of Gustavus, AK

Trails 3 hiking trails: 10 miles
over 700 miles of shoreline to kayak, camp, and explore.

Prehistory

Glacier Bay has been the homeland of the Huna Tlingit people for countless generations.

Climate

Southeast Alaska is within a cool, wet coastal temperate rainforest. Summer: 50° to 60°; Winter 20° to 30°, with extremes of -10° F. Some form of precipitation occurs on average of 228 days per year. Annual precipitation is 70 to 80 inches, including an annual snowfall of 14 feet. High in the Fairweather Mountains, over 100 feet of snow may fall year-round.

Marine waters & coastlines

Total Marine Waters: 607,099 acres (largest marine area managed by NPS)
Coastline (including the outside coast) 1180 statute miles
Coastline of Glacier Bay proper, excluding all islands: 563 statute miles
Coastline of Glacier Bay proper, including all islands: 760 statute miles

Oceans & Tides

Deepest Point in Glacier Bay: 1,410 feet below sea level
Tides are diurnal: they change every 6 hours (*2 high/2 low every 24 hours*)
Tidal fluctuation: ranges from -5 feet to 18 feet (*an extreme tide can change 23 feet in 6 hours*)

Glaciers

250 years ago a single, large tidewater glacier covered all of Glacier Bay. By 1750 the glacier began to retreat and has now retreated 60 miles to the head of the bay.

Currently glaciers cover 1,375 square miles or 27% of the Park. There are over 50 named glaciers, 7 of which are active tidewater glaciers that calve icebergs into the sea. Most park glaciers originate between elevations from 8,000 to 15,000 feet.

The Grand Pacific, Brady and Carroll Glaciers have areas in excess of 200 square miles.

In general, tidewater and terrestrial glaciers in the Park have been thinning and receding over the last several decades. Exceptions include the Johns Hopkins and Margerie Glaciers.

Selected Glacier Statistics	Height above/below water	Width	Length	Flow rate	Status
Grand Pacific	60' / 0-60'	2 miles	35 miles	1-4'/day	receding
Johns Hopkins	250' / 200'	1 miles	12.5 miles	10-15'/day	advancing
Margerie	250' / 100'	1 miles	21 miles	6-8'/day	stable
Lamplugh	180' / 10-40'	.75 miles	16 miles	2-3'/day	Stable/thinning

Landmarks & Elevations

Mt. Fairweather	15,325' above sea level	Mount Watson	12,516
Mt Quincy Adams	13,615	La Perouse	10,728
Mount Root	12,860	Mount Bertha	10,204
Mount Crillon	12,726		

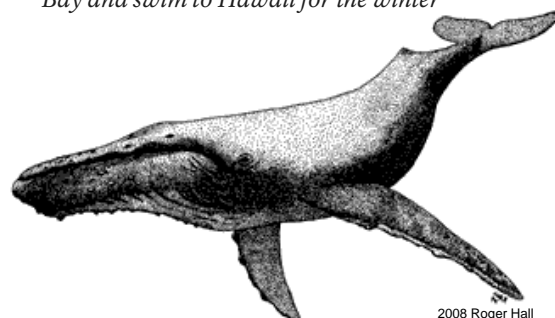
Earthquakes

5 major earthquakes in the last 150 years (date/richter scale reading):
1853 / ?, 1874 / ?, 1899 / 8.6, 1900 / 7.9, 1936 / , 1958 / 7.9

Wildlife

Fish	160 marine and estuarine species
Birds	242 species
Mammals	41 species
Amphibians	3 species
Reptiles	None

Humpback whales spend the summer in Glacier Bay and swim to Hawaii for the winter



2008 Roger Hall

Flora

Vascular Plants -333 individual taxa documented