Glacier Bay

National Park Service U.S. Department of the Interior

Glacier Bay National Park & Preserve Alaska

Horned puffins nest on rocky



2012 Fact Sheet

islands in Glacier Bay **Superintendent** Susan L. Boudreau **Established** Feb 26, 1925 Designated National Monument Dec 2, 1980 Designated National Park & Preserve 1986 Designated World Biosphere Reserve 1992 Designated World Heritage site Glacier Bay represents the most dramatic documented large-scale glacial retreat in the world and provides unparalleled opportunities for scientific study of tidewater glaciers and ecosystem development. Size National Park 3,283,000 acres 5,130 square miles National Preserve: 57,000 acres 90 square miles 3,283,000 acres (roughly the size of the state of Connecticut) Park Wilderness: 2.658.000 acres World Heritage Site: 24,300,000 acres also includes Wrangell-St. Elias National Park, Kluane National Park (Canada) and Tatshenshini-Alsek Park (Canada). One of the world's largest protected wilderness areas. **Base Budget** \$ 4,749,400.00 Staffing Permanent 57 Term/Seasonal 78 Volunteers 71 (contributed 6,533 hours of work in '11) Access Most visitors arrive on cruise ships and tour boats. The only road is 10 miles from the tiny town of Gustavus. Gustavus has an airport and is served by AK Airlines in summer and small planes all year round. The Alaska Marine Highway provides scheduled ferry service from Juneau to Gustavus. Visitation The number of vessels per day is limited in the summer months. Maximum number of vessels allowed each day include 2 cruise ships, 3 tour boats, 6 charter vessels, and 25 private vessels. 2011: 406,947 Cruise ship passengers 8,965 Tour boat passengers 6,725 Land Visitors 1,573 Backcountry users Lodging Glacier Bay Lodge 48 rooms Bartlett Cove Campground 33 campsites also: multiple lodges and B&B's in the nearby community of Gustavus, AK Trails 3 hiking trails: 10 miles over 700 miles of shoreline to kayak, camp, and explore.

Prehistory	Glacier Bay has been the homeland of the Huna Tlingit people for countless generations.					
Climate	Southeast Alaska is within a cool, wet coastal temperate rainforest. Summer: 50° to 60°; Winter 20° to 30°, with extremes of -10° F. Some form of precipitation occurs on average of 228 days per year. Annual precipitation is 70 to 80 inches, including an annual snowfall of 14 feet. High in the Fairweather Mountains, over 100 feet of snow may fall year-roundmaking it one of the world's snowiest places.					
Marine waters & coastlines	Total Marine Waters: 607,099 acres (largest marine area managed by NPS) Coastline (including the outside coast) 1180 statute miles Coastline of Glacier Bay proper, excluding all islands: 563 statute miles Coastline of Glacier Bay proper, including all islands: 760 statute miles					
Oceans & Tides	Deepest Point in Glacier Bay: 1,410 feet below sea level Tides are diurnal: they change every 6 hours (2 high/2 low every 24 hours) Tidal fluctuation: ranges from -5 feet to 18 feet (an extreme tide can change 23 feet in 6 hours)					
Glaciers	250 years ago a single, large tidewater glacier covered all of Glacier Bay. By 1750 the glacier began to retreat and has now retreated 60 miles to the head of the bay.Currently glaciers cover 1,375 square miles or 27% of the Park. There are over 50 named glaciers, 7 of which are active tidewater glaciers that calve icebergs into the sea. Most park glaciers originate between elevations					
	from 8,000 to 15,000 feet.					
	The Grand Pacific, Brady and Carroll Glaciers have areas in excess of 200 square miles.					
	In general, tidewater and terrestrial glaciers in the Park have been thinning and receding over the last several decades. Exceptions include the Johns Hopkins and Margerie Glaciers.					
	Selected Glacier Statistics	Height above/below water	Width	Length	Flow rate	Status
	Grand Pacific	60' / 0-60'	2 miles	35 miles	1-4'/day	receding
	Johns Hopkins	250' / 200'	1 miles	12.5 miles	10-15'/day	advancing
	Margerie	250' / 100'	1 miles	21 miles	6-8'/day	stable
	Lamplugh	180' / 10-40'	.75 miles	16 miles	2-3'/day	Stable/thinning
Landmarks & Elevations	Mt. Fairweather Mt Quincy Adams Mount Root Mount Crillon	15,325' above sea level 13,615 12,860 12,726		Mount Watson La Perouse Mount Bertha	12,516 10,728 10,204	
Earthquakes	5 major earthquakes in the last 150 years (date/richter scale reading): 1853 / ?, 1874 / ?, 1899 / 8.6, 1900 / 7.9, 1936 / , 1958 / 7.9					
Wildlife	Fish160 marine and estuarine speciesBirds242 speciesMammals41 speciesAmphibians3 speciesReptilesNone			Humpback whales spend the summer in Glacier Bay and swim to Hawaii for the winter		
Flora	Vascular Plants -333 individual taxa documented					