



Teewinot

The official newspaper of Grand Teton National Park & John D. Rockefeller, Jr. Memorial Parkway



Building a Better Park

Grand Teton National Park will be buzzing with activity over the next few years. On February 13, 2009, Congress passed the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) to help jump start the economy and create jobs. The park received over \$23 million in ARRA funding to improve facilities and roads, while reducing environmental impacts. The park also received funding from other sources for park improvements.

Several projects are underway, causing some inconveniences. Construction delays will occur on

the Teton Park and North Park roads. A new maintenance building at Colter Bay will allow mechanics to maintain park vehicles more safely. Trail crews are restoring and stabilizing the eroded Granite Canyon trail creating a safer, more pleasant backcountry experience.

In Moose, big changes are underway. Park headquarters will consolidate, removing many temporary and outdated facilities. The developed area will shrink by 8,000 square-feet, and energy consumption for headquarters will drop by 50 percent. Removing the temporary buildings will also allow

for improved access to the Snake River launch for boaters.

Water system improvements and site work for new housing units will begin in Moose and Beaver Creek. At Gros Ventre Campground, a variety of improvements such as water/wastewater systems and new administrative sites will be ongoing.

Please be careful and patient as you visit the park. The inconveniences you experience today will allow for a more enjoyable experience for all visitors in the future.

See page 8 for road construction map & information.

ROADSIDE BEARS!

Bears feeding along roads quickly become habituated to cars and people, increasing their chances of being hit. Do not stop on the road to get closer to bears for their safety and yours.

- Use designated turnouts and stay in your car.
- Use binoculars or spotting scopes to view bears safely.
- Approaching wildlife is prohibited by law.
- Follow food storage regulations.
- Never feed a bear!

See page 5 for more information.



Pets in the Park?

To ensure that you and your pet enjoy a safe visit, follow all pet regulations while inside the park. Wildlife may be drawn to pets and their owners; pets can wander away and may never be found—the park is a wild place!



Pets are allowed inside Grand Teton National Park under the following conditions: they must be physically restrained at all times on a six-foot or less leash and are not permitted on hiking trails, inside visitor centers or other facilities. **Pets are not permitted on the multi-use pathway.**

See page 4 for more information

As You Drive, Keep Them Alive!

Annual Impacts of Vehicle Collisions with Wildlife

\$155,000 Personal property damage

100 Large animals killed annually

Slow Down! Stay Alert!



International Visitors

Des renseignements en Français sont disponibles aux centres des visiteurs dans le parc.

Sie können Informationen auf Deutsch in den Besucherzentren bekommen.

Se puede conseguir información en Español en el Centro del Visitante.

Accessibility information available at visitor centers and on the Grand Teton Web site: <http://www.nps.gov/grte>.

Contact Information

Grand Teton National Park Web site <http://www.nps.gov/grte/>
Grand Teton National Park News Releases <http://www.gtnpnews.blogspot.com>
Grand Teton National Park Tweets <http://twitter.com/grandtetonnps>

EMERGENCY	911
Park Dispatch	(307) 739-3301
Visitor Information	(307) 739-3300
Weather	(307) 739-3611
Road Construction Hotline	(307) 739-3614
Backcountry & River Information	(307) 739-3602
Climbing Information	(307) 739-3604
Camping Information	(307) 739-3603
TTY/TDD Emergency Calls Only	(307) 739-3301

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Superintendent

Mary Gibson Scott

Editor/Designer

Kimberly Finch
Exhibits Specialist

Park Address

Grand Teton National Park
P.O. Drawer 170
Moose, WY 83012

Phone

(307) 739-3300

Email

grte_info@nps.gov

Web site

www.nps.gov/grte

EXPERIENCE YOUR AMERICA™

The National Park Service cares for the special places saved by the American people so that all may experience our heritage.

GRAND TETON *National Park*



Yellowstone National Park Superintendent Horace Albright speaks at the 1929 Grand Teton National Park designation ceremony.

FEW LANDSCAPES IN THE WORLD are as striking and memorable as that of Grand Teton National Park. Rising abruptly from the valley floor, the Tetons offer a testament to the power and complexity of nature. The mountains, valleys, lakes, rivers and skies are home to diverse and abundant plants and animals.

People have been living in the shadow of the Teton Range for more than 11,000 years. The human history of this area is extensive, beginning with prehistoric American Indians, to the early Euro-American explorers, and the more recent frontier settlers. Today, more than 300 historic structures remain in the park.

This spectacular mountain range and the desire to protect it resulted in the establishment of Grand Teton National Park in 1929. Through the vision and generous philanthropy of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., additional lands were added, creating the present day park in 1950.

Grand Teton National Park is truly a special and unique place. With thoughtful use and careful management, it can remain so for generations to come. As with other sites in the National Park System, Grand Teton preserves a piece of the natural and cultural heritage of America for the benefit and enjoyment of future generations.

While you are here, take a moment

to put your cares aside, stroll through a sagebrush meadow, hike a park trail, sit on a quiet lakeshore, and lose yourself to the power of this place.

We hope you will be refreshed and restored during your visit, and stay connected to this magnificent landscape long after you have returned home.

THE NAME TEEWINOT comes from the Shoshone word meaning "many pinnacles." The name Teewinot may have once applied to the entire Teton Range, rather than just a single peak as it does today. Fritiof Fryxell and Phil Smith named Teewinot when they successfully completed the first ascent of the mountain in 1929. This jagged peak towers above Cascade Canyon and Jenny Lake.

Entrance Fees

Single Entry: \$25 - 7 Days

DETAILS: Good for both Grand Teton and Yellowstone national parks: \$25 per vehicle; \$12 per person for single hiker or bicyclist; \$20 per motorcycle.

Interagency Annual Pass: \$80 - Annual

DETAILS: The pass covers entrance and standard amenity recreation fees on public lands managed by four Department of the Interior agencies—the National Park Service, Fish and Wildlife Service, Bureau of Land Management, and the Bureau of Reclamation, and by the Department of Agriculture's U.S. Forest Service. The interagency pass is good at vehicle-based entry sites for all occupants in a single, non-commercial vehicle.

Interagency Senior Pass: \$10 - Lifetime

DETAILS: A lifetime pass for U.S. citizens 62 or older that offers entrance to all areas covered under the Interagency Annual Pass, non-transferable.

Interagency Access Pass: Free

DETAILS: A lifetime pass for citizens with permanent disabilities, offering entrance to all areas covered under the Interagency Annual Pass, non-transferable.

Grand Teton - Yellowstone Pass: \$50.00 - Annual

DETAILS: Allows entrance to Grand Teton and Yellowstone national parks for 12 months from date of purchase; non-transferable.

Commercial Tour Fee: \$ variable - 7 Days

DETAILS: Good for both Grand Teton and Yellowstone national parks; non-transferable. Fee is based on the carrying capacity of the vehicle (driver not included). 1-6 carrying capacity: \$25 plus \$12 per person; 7-15 carrying capacity: \$125; 16-25 carrying capacity: \$200; 26 or more carrying capacity: \$300.

Teton Weather



From June through August the average daily temperature in the valley is 76°F, but high-elevation hiking trails are not snow-free until mid-July. Nighttime temperatures can drop to the lower 40s.

Dress in layers when recreating and be prepared for changing conditions. Afternoon thunderstorms occur frequently during the summer. Since 1999, there have been 14 injuries and one fatality in the park due to lightning. Avoid mountain tops, ridges and open areas.

NOAA weather forecasts are available at www.weather.gov/riverton, on NOAA Weather Radio at 162.525 MHz, or by calling the National Weather Service at 1-800-211-1448.

Lightning Safety

Follow these guidelines to avoid lightning-related injuries.

- Afternoon storms are common in summer, get to a safe place before storms hit.
- Avoid mountain tops, ridges, open areas and lone trees; forested areas with trees of similar height are safer.
- Do not stand on tree roots.
- If boating, get off the water.
- The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) provides a variety of material and links through their website at: <http://www.lightningsafety.noaa.gov/outdoors.htm>. This site contains critical lightning safety and medical information.

Average Temperatures

Moose, WY		
January	High 25.7 °F	Low 1.2 °F
February	High 31.1 °F	Low 3.6 °F
March	High 39 °F	Low 11.9 °F
April	High 49 °F	Low 22.1 °F
May	High 60.9 °F	Low 30.9 °F
June	High 70.6 °F	Low 37.2 °F
July	High 79.8 °F	Low 41.2 °F
August	High 78.8 °F	Low 39.6 °F
September	High 68.9 °F	Low 32.2 °F
October	High 55.9 °F	Low 23.2 °F
November	High 38 °F	Low 13.7 °F
December	High 26 °F	Low 1.5 °F

Visitor Centers 2010



Craig Thomas Discovery & Visitor Center

Located in Moose, 1/2 mile west of Moose Junction. Open Daily. Open year-round, closed Dec. 25th. Summer hours below. (307) 739-3399.

May 1-June 6	8 a.m. to 5 p.m.
June 7-Sept. 26	8 a.m. to 7 p.m.
Sept. 27-Oct. 31	8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Jenny Lake Visitor Center

Located 8 miles north of Moose Junction on the Teton Park Road. Open Daily. (307) 739-3392.

May 14-June 6	8 a.m. to 5 p.m.
June 7-Sept. 6	8 a.m. to 7 p.m.
Sept. 7-Sept. 26	8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Jenny Lake Ranger Station

Located 8 miles north of Moose Junction on the Teton Park Road. Open Daily. (307) 739-3343.

May 15-Sept. 17	8 a.m. to 5 p.m.
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Colter Bay Visitor Center & Indian Arts Museum

Located 1/2 mile west of Colter Bay Junction on Highway 89/191/287. Open Daily. (307) 739-3594.

May 8-June 6	8 a.m. to 5 p.m.
June 7-Sept. 6	8 a.m. to 7 p.m.
Sept. 7-Oct. 11	8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Flagg Ranch Information Station

Located at Flagg Ranch, 16 miles north of Colter Bay on Highway 89/191/287. Open Daily. (307) 543-2372.

June 7-Sept. 6	9 a.m. to 4 p.m.	May be closed for lunch
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Laurance S. Rockefeller Preserve Center

Located 4 miles south of Moose on the Moose-Wilson Road. Open Daily. (307) 739-3654.

May 29-Sept. 6	8 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Sept. 7-Sept. 26	9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

For Wildlife Observers & Photographers



Seeing a grizzly bear or a moose for the first time is an exciting experience, but always keep safety in mind. Parking on the roadway slows traffic and may cause accidents. Avoid parking on vegetation (see photo) and use designated turnouts instead.

BE A RESPONSIBLE WILDLIFE OBSERVER. Approaching wildlife stresses animals and can endanger you and your family. During the summer of 2005, a child was suddenly kicked by a moose and seriously injured. Use binoculars, spotting scopes or long lenses for close views and photographs.

Always maintain a safe distance of at least 300 feet from large animals such as bears, bison, moose and elk. Never position yourself between an adult and its offspring. Females with young are especially defensive. It is illegal to feed wildlife, including ground squirrels and birds. Feeding wild animals makes them dependent on people, and animals often bite the hand that feeds them.

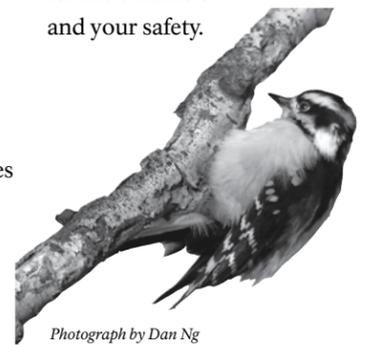
Let wildlife thrive undisturbed. Harassment is any human action that causes unusual behavior or a change of behavior in an animal. Repeated encounters with people can have negative, long-term

Always use designated turnouts when stopping to view wildlife.

impacts on wildlife, including increased levels of stress and the avoidance of essential feeding areas. Please remember, nesting birds are easily disturbed. For wildlife, raising young is a private affair. If an adult bird on a nest flies off at your approach, circles you, or screams in alarm—you are too close to the nest. Unattended

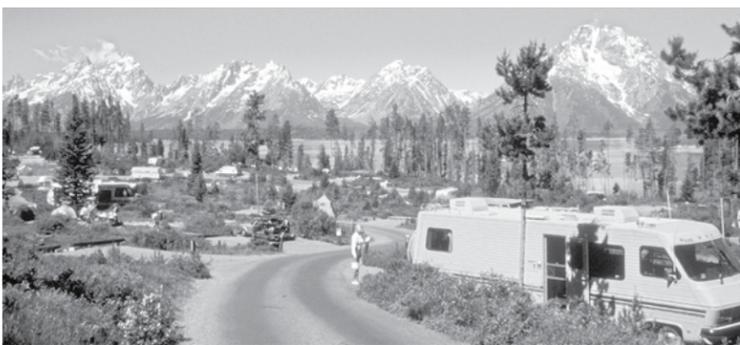
nestlings readily succumb to predation and exposure to heat, cold and wet weather.

Allow other visitors a chance to enjoy wildlife. If your actions cause an animal to flee, you have deprived other visitors of a viewing opportunity. Use an animal's behavior as a guide to your actions, and limit the time you spend near wildlife. Follow all park regulations and policies, they are designated for the wildlife's and your safety.



Photograph by Dan Ng

Campgrounds



All five park campgrounds and two trailer villages are operated by park concessioners.

CAMPGROUNDS

Campground fees start at \$20 per night per site and half price for Senior/Access cardholders. Jenny Lake and Colter Bay have walk-in sites available. All campgrounds provide modern comfort stations, but do not include utility hookups (except for Colter Bay RV Park and Flagg Ranch Campground).

The maximum length of stay is seven days per person at Jenny Lake and 14 days at all other campgrounds—no more than 30 days in the park per year.

These campgrounds operate on a first-come, first-served basis and advance reservations are not accepted, except for group camping reservations and Colter Bay RV Park and Flagg Ranch Campground.

For campground status, contact entrance stations or visitor centers. Additional camping facilities are available in nearby national forests and other areas outside the park. Camping is not permitted within the park along roadsides, in overlooks or in parking areas. Doubling up in campsites is not permitted and there are no overflow facilities.

There are eight free campsites on Grassy Lake Road that have pit toilets but no potable water.

GROUP CAMPING

Reservations are available for group camping at Colter Bay and Gros Ventre campgrounds. The sites range in capacity from 10 to 100 people. Advance reservations are required and may be made through the Grand Teton Lodge Company at (800) 628-9988 or (307) 543-3100.

PUBLIC SHOWERS

The only public shower facilities in the park are located at Colter Bay Village in the laundromat.

RECYCLING CENTERS

Park concessioners Grand Teton Lodge Company and Signal Mountain Lodge collectively recycle more than 170 tons of material annually. When you stay in a park campground, please use the recycling containers to help keep Grand Teton National Park clean and pleasant for other campers and conserve resources.

REDUCE YOUR USE OF DISPOSABLE PLASTIC BOTTLES

Park concessioners are joining Grand Teton National Park to reduce the sale and use of disposable plastic bottles by selling reusable containers. Save money, energy and reduce waste by using reusable bottles for water.

PARK CAMPGROUNDS

Colter Bay Campground*

350 individual, 9 walk-in, 11 group
Open: May 27 to Sept. 26
\$20 per night, (800) 628-9988
Filling Time: evening

Colter Bay Tent Village Park

66 tent cabin sites
Open: June 4 to Sept. 6
\$50 per night, (800) 628-9988
Filling Time: call for information

Colter Bay RV Park

112 RV sites
Open: May 27 to Sept. 26
\$55 per night, (800) 628-9988
Filling Time: call for information
RV hookups available

Flagg Ranch Campground

175 individual sites, hook-ups
Open: May 29 to Sept. 19
\$35-\$60 per night, (800) 443-2311
Filling Time: call for information
RV hookups available

Gros Ventre Campground*

350 individual sites, 5 group
Open: May 7 to Oct. 8
\$20 per night, (800) 628-9988
Filling Time: rarely fills

Jenny Lake Campground (tents only)

49 individual sites, 10 walk-in sites
Open: May 14 to Oct. 3
\$20 per night, (800) 628-9988
Filling Time: 9 a.m.

Lizard Creek Campground

60 individual sites
Open: June 11 to Sept. 6
\$20 per night, \$5 per person for hiker/biker campers without vehicles, (800) 672-6012
Filling Time: rarely fills
30 foot vehicle max

Signal Mountain Campground*

86 individual sites, 1 RV hookup site
Open: May 7 to Oct. 17
\$20 (\$49 RV) per night, (800) 672-6012
Filling Time: noon or earlier
30 foot vehicle max

* dump station available

Safety & Regulations

FIREWORKS

Fireworks and other pyrotechnic devices are prohibited at all times in the park.

PLANTS & ANIMALS

All plants and animals are part of natural processes and are protected within the park and parkway. Leave plants and animals in their natural setting for others to enjoy. Even picking wildflowers is prohibited. Keep a respectful distance from all animals to avoid disturbing their natural routines. Large animals are quick, powerful and unpredictable. Getting too close can result in serious injury. Take special care to avoid encounters with wildlife and to help maintain their natural fear of humans. Many small animals can carry diseases and should never be touched or handled. Allow them to find their own food. Their natural diet ensures their health and survival. No matter how tempting it may be to give food to animals, feeding is prohibited.

HIKING

Hikers are reminded to stay on trails; shortcutting is prohibited because it damages fragile vegetation and causes erosion. Visitor centers sell topographic maps and trail guides. Know your limitations when traveling in the backcountry. If you travel alone, let a friend or relative know your planned destination, route, and expected time of return. These precautions will greatly increase your chance of survival in an emergency. Permits are not required for day hiking. Trailhead parking areas fill early during the day in July and August, so start your hike early to avoid parking problems. In early summer, many trails are snow-covered and you may need an ice axe.

FISHING

Whitefish and cutthroat, lake, and brown trout inhabit lakes and rivers of the park and parkway. Obtain fishing regulations at visitor centers.

A Wyoming fishing license is required to fish in the park and parkway and may be purchased at Signal Mountain Lodge, Colter Bay Marina, Colter Bay Village Store, Dornan's and Flagg Ranch Lodge. Fishing in Yellowstone National Park requires a separate permit (fee charged); purchase permits at Yellowstone visitor centers and

ranger stations. The use of non-native baitfish is prohibited in all parks.

JACKSON LAKE

Contact visitor centers for information on the availability of services at Leek's, Signal Mountain and Colter Bay marinas. Low water levels will increase the risk of boats striking submerged objects and landforms that are normally well beneath the surface.

PERSONAL FLOTATION DEVICES (PFDs)

PFDs are strongly recommended for all persons in a private floating/boating party, and required in commercial vessels.

BOATING

Motorboats are permitted on Jenny (10 horsepower maximum) and Jackson lakes. Human-powered vessels are permitted on Jackson, Jenny, Phelps, Emma Matilda, Two Ocean, Taggart, Bradley, Bearpaw, Leigh and String lakes. Sailboats, water skiing and windsurfers are allowed only on Jackson Lake. For motorized craft, the fee is \$20 for a 7-day permit and \$40 for an annual permit; for non-motorized craft, the fee is \$10 for a 7-day permit and \$20 for an annual permit. Jet skis are prohibited on all waters within the park. Permits may be purchased at the Craig Thomas Discovery, Jenny Lake or Colter Bay visitor centers.

FLOATING THE SNAKE RIVER

Only human-powered rafts, canoes, dories and kayaks are allowed on the Snake River within the park and parkway. Registration (\$10 for a 7-day permit; \$20 for an annual permit) of non-motorized vessels is required and may be completed at the Craig Thomas Discovery, Jenny Lake or Colter Bay visitor centers. Read the launch site bulletin boards for current river conditions. On the surface, the Snake River may not seem very powerful, but only experienced floaters should attempt this swift, cold river that has many braided channels and debris jams.

AQUATIC NUISANCE SPECIES

Help protect park waterways and native fish by learning how you can prevent the spread of exotic species. Inspect, clean and dry all equipment including boats, boots and waders before entering a new body of water. Never empty containers of bait, fish, plants

or animals into park waters. Ask at a permits office for information on the new Wyoming state law requiring boaters to purchase a decal to display on their boat.

BACKPACKING

Grand Teton National Park has more than 230 miles of trails of varying difficulty. Obtain the required, free backcountry permit for overnight trips at the Craig Thomas Discovery or Colter Bay visitor centers or the Jenny Lake Ranger Station. One-third of backcountry campsites in high use areas may be reserved in advance from January 5–May 15; there is a fee of \$25 per reservation. Pets are not allowed on park trails or in the backcountry. **Backpackers must use park-approved bear-resistant canisters or food lockers when camping below 10,000 feet. Obtain a free canister for use in the park when registering for your trip.**

CAMPFIRES

Campfires are allowed without a permit at designated campgrounds and picnic areas within metal fire grates, unless fire restrictions are in effect. A permit may be obtained for campfires below the high water line of Jackson Lake at the Colter Bay Visitor Center. Campfires are prohibited in all other areas.

SWIMMING

Swimming is permitted in all lakes. There is a designated swimming beach at Colter Bay with picnic facilities; however, there are no lifeguards. The Snake River is a swift and cold river presenting numerous dangers; swimming is not recommended.

HOT SPRINGS

Thermal water can harbor organisms that cause a fatal meningitis infection and Legionnaires' disease. Exposing your head to thermal water by immersion, splashing, touching your face, or inhaling steam increases your risk of infection.

PETS

Pets must be restrained on a leash (6 feet or less) at all times. Pets are not allowed in visitor centers, on park trails or in the backcountry (which begins six feet from roadways), in boats on the Snake River or

lakes other than Jackson Lake. Pets are not allowed on ranger-led activities. Kennels are available in Jackson. Properly dispose of pet feces in garbage cans. **Pets are not permitted on the multi-use pathway.**

CLIMBING

There are many risks and hazards associated with climbing and mountain travel. Experience and good judgment are essential. The Jenny Lake Ranger Station is staffed from late May to late September by climbing rangers who can provide up-to-date weather and route conditions. Registration is not required for day climbs or cross-country hiking. Backcountry permits are required for all overnight climbs. The park DOES NOT check to see that you get safely out of the backcountry. Leave an agenda with friends or family. Solo backcountry travel is not advised.

BIKING

Bicycles are permitted on public roadways, the multi-use pathway and on the Colter Bay Marina breakwater. Ride on the right side of the road in single file and wear a helmet at all times. Riding bicycles or other wheeled vehicles in the backcountry, on- or off-trail, is prohibited. **Roadway shoulders are narrow—ride at your own risk.**

MULTI-USE PATHWAY

Only NON-MOTORIZED METHODS of transportation are permitted on the multi-use pathway. Persons with physical disabilities may use electric and battery operated transportation. The multi-use pathway is closed from dusk to dawn for wildlife and public safety.

PETS ARE NOT PERMITTED on the park pathway. Guide dogs—used for the sole purpose of aiding a person with physical disability—may travel on the pathway. Ask at a visitor center for suggestions on where to exercise your pet.

FIREARMS

Wyoming state regulations apply. Carrying or possessing firearms is prohibited in buildings where notice is posted. Firearms may not be discharged in a national park, except by permitted individuals during legal hunting seasons.

Interested in Working in Grand Teton National Park?



HAVE YOU EVER THOUGHT ABOUT SPENDING A SUMMER WORKING IN A NATIONAL PARK? Summer seasonal positions are recruited during the winter months. A wide variety of positions provide unique challenges, and many rewards. Imagine yourself fighting wild fires, maintaining backcountry trails, patrolling the Snake River in a boat, providing guided ranger hikes or assisting a park biologist with wolf research.

To view and apply for vacancies for all federal jobs visit www.usajobs.gov. For a list of available jobs in the

Department of Interior, including the National Park Service see <http://www.doi.gov/doijobs/jobs.html>. Positions posted for Grand Teton National Park can be found under jobs listed in Moose or Moran, Wyoming. You can also learn about vacancies at <http://www.nps.gov/grte/supportyourpark/employ.htm>. For jobs in fire management, log on to www.tetonfires.com and click on the Employment link. Go to www.nps.gov/grte/supportyourpark/upload/OF510-fedres.pdf to learn how to apply for federal jobs.

Floating the Snake River

THE SNAKE IS A COMPLEX RIVER TO FLOAT. The beauty and lack of whitewater lulls floaters into inattentiveness. A tangle of channels and constant shifting of logjams present difficulties found on few whitewater rivers. Accidents are common. Use caution whenever you float.

Even boaters frequently floating the Snake should check conditions before every trip, as the river can change overnight. River flow varies greatly throughout the summer. Water depth averages two to three feet, although it exceeds 10 feet in some locations. Boulders and bottom irregularities

can cause standing waves up to three feet high.

For information on Snake River flows, call 1-800-658-5771. For floating regulations and river information, stop by a visitor center and request a floating bulletin.

Don't Feed the Bears—Food Storage Required!



A sow grizzly bear and her three cubs cross a park road. Drive with caution throughout the park and watch for wildlife along the roadways for your safety and theirs. Photograph by Gary Pollock.

BEARS & FOOD

Bears can be anywhere in the park at any time. Bears may become aggressive after just one taste of human food. Odors attract bears into campgrounds and picnic areas. Regulations require that all food, garbage, toiletries, pet food, coolers and food containers (empty or full), and cookware (clean or dirty) be stored in a hard-sided vehicle with the windows rolled up or bear-resistant food locker when not in immediate use, day or night.

The park requires campers to store food in approved bear-resistant food canisters or

food lockers while backcountry camping below 10,000 feet. Failure to follow regulations is a violation of federal law and may result in citations and fines.

Do not leave food, garbage or coolers in the open bed of a truck or on the exterior of any vehicle.

KEEP A CLEAN CAMP

- Keep a clean camp! Improperly stored or unattended food will be confiscated and you could be fined.
- Treat odorous products such as soap, toothpaste, fuel products, suntan

lotion and bug repellent in the same manner as food.

- Never store food, garbage or toiletries in tents or sleeping bags.
- Place all trash in bear-resistant garbage dumpsters.
- Pets must be kept on a leash (6' or less in length) and never left unattended.
- Immediately report careless campers and all bear sightings to the campground kiosk or nearest ranger.
- Bears that receive human food often become aggressive and must be killed.

Help keep park bears wild!

Be Bear Aware

Help us keep our bears wild and healthy. Don't leave backpacks, coolers, or bags containing food unattended for ANY amount of time.

Even food that is left out accidentally can mean removal or death for a bear. Report all bear sightings and incidents to a visitor center or ranger station.

Stay Safe in Bear Country

BE BEAR AWARE

Follow these guidelines to make your hike and camp safer. They are for your protection and for the preservation of the bear, a true sign of wilderness.

Make Noise in Bear Country

Grizzly and black bears live in the park and parkway. Some of the most popular trails travel through prime bear habitat. Bears will usually move out of the way if they hear people approaching, so make noise. Don't surprise bears! Bear bells are often not sufficient. Calling out and clapping your hands at regular intervals are the best ways to make your presence known. Some trail conditions make it hard for bears to hear, see, or smell approaching hikers. Be particularly careful near streams, when it's windy, in dense vegetation, or in any circumstance that limits line of sight (i.e. a blind corner or rise in the trail).

Never Approach a Bear

Individual bears have their own personal space requirements that vary depending on their mood. Each bear will react differently and their behavior cannot be predicted. All bears are wild and dangerous and should be respected equally.

Keep children close by. Hike in groups and avoid hiking early in the morning, late in the day or when it's dark.

- Never leave your backpack unattended!
- Never allow a bear to get human food. If approached by a bear while eating, put food away and retreat to a safe distance.
- Never abandon food because of an approaching bear. Always take food with you.
- Never throw your pack or food at a bear in an attempt to distract it.

If You Encounter a Bear

Do not run; bears can easily outrun you. Running may cause an otherwise non-aggressive bear to attack.

- If the bear is unaware of you, keep out of sight and detour behind and downwind of the bear.
- If the bear is aware of you but has not acted aggressively, slowly back away.
- Do not drop your pack! This teaches bears how to obtain human food and often results in the removal or death of a bear.
- Do not climb trees. All black bears, all grizzly cubs and some adult grizzlies can climb trees.

If a Bear Approaches or Charges You

Do not run! Most bear attacks result from surprise encounters when the bear is defending their young or defending a food source such as a carcass. Some bears will bluff their way out of a threatening situation by charging, then veering off or stopping abruptly. Bear experts generally recommend standing still until the bear stops and then slowly backing away. If you are attacked, lie on the ground completely flat on your stomach. Spread your legs slightly and clasp your hands over the back of your neck. Do not drop your pack as it can protect your back if attacked. Do not move until you are certain the bear has left.

In rare cases, bears have attacked at night or after stalking people. These types of attacks are very serious because it may mean the bear views you as prey. If you are attacked at night or if you feel you have been stalked and attacked as prey, fight back. Use your bear spray, or shout and try to intimidate the bear with a stick or rock. In this type of situation, do whatever it takes to let the bear know you are not easy prey.

Please stop by a park visitor center for more information.

If You Carry Bear Spray

- Bear spray has been shown to be extremely effective in deterring bear attacks.
- Use bear spray. Personal self-defense pepper spray is not effective.
- Keep the canister immediately available, not in your pack.
- Wind, rain, cold temperatures, and using expired canisters can decrease the effectiveness of bear spray.
- Follow the manufacturer's instructions, know how to use the spray, and be aware of its limitations, including the expiration date.
- If you use the spray to stop a bear, leave the area immediately.
- It is not a repellent! Do not spray it on people, tents or backpacks.
- Under no circumstances should bear spray create a false sense of security or serve as a substitute for standard safety precautions in bear country.



*Remember:
It all smells to a bear.
Please take care.
Lock it up!*

WHAT KIND OF BEAR DID YOU SEE? Both grizzly bears and black bears live in the park and parkway. Color is misleading – both species can vary from blonde-black.

Black Bear



- No distinctive shoulder hump
- Face profile is straight from nose to tip of ears
- Ears are tall and pointed
- Front claws are short and curved (1-2" long)

Grizzly Bear



- Distinctive shoulder hump
- Face profile appears dish in
- Ears are short and rounded
- Front claws are long and less curved (2-4" long)

Save the Pika!

By Grand Teton National Park Green Team



The American pika. Photograph by Rebecca Wiles.

Enk! Enk! The high-pitched cry of the pika—a small rabbit-like mammal that lives on high elevation rocky slopes—can often be heard while hiking in Grand Teton National Park. The American pika (*Ochotona princeps*) requires a cold environment to prevent overheating. As temperatures warm, pikas move to higher, cooler elevations. Eventually, as global temperatures rise, pikas may lose all suitable habitat causing their numbers to decline or even disappear.

Grand Teton National Park biologists—in collaboration with Yellowstone National Park and the Teton Science Schools—initiated a pika monitoring program in 2009. Biologists will use data from this project to evaluate the health of the park’s pika population.

Grand Teton National Park seeks to help the pika and other species by protecting the environment through green programs such as: installing Energy Star appliances; replacing incandescent lights with compact fluorescent bulbs; and recycling office paper, aluminum, cardboard and other common products. Whenever possible, hazardous materials are being replaced with greener options. All new construction will be Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) certifiable by the Green Building Council. In 2008, the park began purchasing 100% green electrical power.

You can help with these efforts! About four million people visit the park each year; your actions can make a difference to help protect pikas, the park and our planet.

WHAT CAN YOU DO WHILE VISITING GRAND TETON NATIONAL PARK AND AT HOME?

CONSERVATION MEASURE

WHY IS IT IMPORTANT?

WHAT YOU CAN DO

Recycle

Bins are located at visitor centers and campgrounds

Recycled materials use 55-95% less energy than products made from raw materials.

Ask at any visitor center or entrance station for recycling station locations throughout the park.

The park recycles:

- Newspaper/magazines/catalogs
- Office paper
- Corrugated cardboard
- #1/#2 plastic bottles
- Aluminum/tin/steel
- One-pound propane canisters

Reduce/Reuse

Reduce waste by using your own cups, bottles and bags, and buying products made from recycled materials. Reusable products can save you money. Production of plastic water bottles in the U. S. requires 20 billion barrels of oil annually.

- Say “No, thank you” to bags at store checkout
- Use reusable water bottles and coffee mugs
- Avoid purchasing disposable plastic bottles and buy reusable water containers instead.

Practice No Idling

The majority of pollution in national parks is from personal vehicles. Idling for just 10 seconds burns more gasoline than turning your car off and on again.

- Turn the car off if you are idling more than 10 seconds—especially in construction zones.
- Consider walking, biking or carpooling to your destination.

Conserve Energy

Reducing energy consumption helps reduce the carbon footprint of the park.

At your hotel or in your camper:

- Limit heating and cooling by dressing appropriately for the weather
- Turn off lights when leaving

Conserve Water

Large amounts of energy and chemicals are needed to treat both tap water and waste water.

At your hotel or in your campsite:

- Take shorter showers
- Turn the faucet off when brushing your teeth
- Report leaky faucets, pipes or other water-wasters

Increase Your Knowledge

Learn what you can do to help protect Grand Teton National Park, your own community and the planet!

- Go to these websites for more information:
<http://www.nps.gov/climatefriendlyparks>
<http://www.globalchange.gov>
<http://www.epa.gov/climatechange>

Where to Look for Wildlife



TIMBERED ISLAND

A forested ridge southeast of Jenny Lake. Small bands of pronghorn, the fastest North American land mammal, forage on nearby sagebrush throughout the day. Elk leave the shade of Timbered Island at dawn and dusk to eat grasses growing among the surrounding sagebrush. View wildlife safely from your vehicle.

Always maintain a safe distance of at least 300 feet from large animals. Do not feed or harass wildlife of any kind.

MORMON ROW

East of Highway 26/89/191, one mile north of Moose Junction. Along Mormon Row and Antelope Flats Road, bison and pronghorn can be seen grazing in spring, summer and fall. Also watch for coyotes, Northern harriers and American kestrels hunting mice, Uinta ground squirrels and grasshoppers in open fields. Sage grouse, sage thrashers and sparrows also frequent the area.

SNAKE RIVER

Jackson Lake Dam south to Moose. Elk and bison graze in grassy meadows along the river. Bison also eat grasses in the

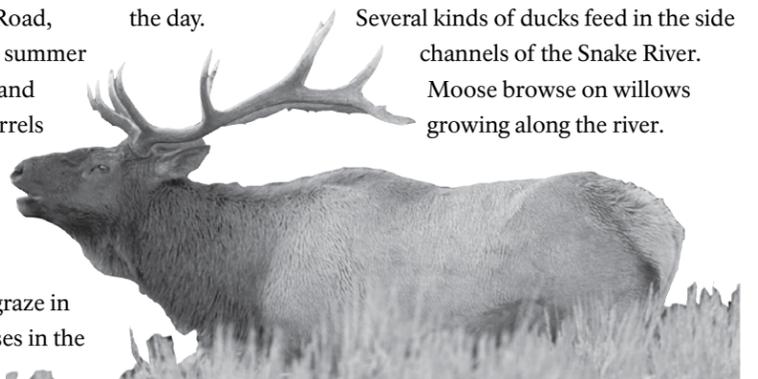
sagebrush flats on the benches above the river. Bald eagles, ospreys and great blue herons build large stick nests within sight of the river. Beavers and moose eat willows lining the waterway.

CASCADE CANYON

West of Jenny Lake. Look for, but do not feed, golden-mantled ground squirrels at Inspiration Point. Pikas and yellow-bellied marmots live in scattered boulder fields along the trail. Mule deer and moose occasionally browse on shrubs growing in the canyon. Listen for the numerous songbirds that nest in the canyon.

BLACKTAIL PONDS

Half-mile north of Moose on Highway 26/89/191. Old beaver ponds have filled with sediment and now support grassy meadows where elk graze during the cooler parts of the day. Several kinds of ducks feed in the side channels of the Snake River. Moose browse on willows growing along the river.



ALL ANIMALS REQUIRE FOOD, WATER AND SHELTER. Each species also has particular living space or habitat requirements. To learn more about wildlife habitats and animal behavior, attend ranger-led activities. Please park in designated turnouts, not on the roadway.

OXBOW BEND

One mile east of Jackson Lake Junction. Slow-moving water provides habitat for fish such as suckers and trout, which become food for river otters, ospreys, bald eagles, American white pelicans and common mergansers. Look for swimming beavers and muskrats. Moose browse on abundant willows at the water’s edge. Elk occasionally graze in open aspen groves to the east.

Spring Trip Planner 2010

Plan for variable weather and snow-covered trails when visiting Grand Teton National Park during the spring. Most park concessioners and visitor centers open in mid- to late-May. The Craig Thomas Discovery and Visitor Center is open daily year-round, except December 25th, for your trip planning needs.

PARK ROADS

Most park roads will be open in May. The Signal Mountain Road opens when the road melts out. Plan for road construction delays (see page 7 for more information).

HIKING TRAILS

Most park trails will be partially to completely snow-covered in early May. Many lower elevation trails will melt out depending on weather by mid-May. Bring water-proof shoes or hiking boots and gaiters to ensure a comfortable excursion. Mountain passes and high elevation trails will remain snow-covered up to mid-July. The park recommends that hikers travel with and know how to use an ice axe when crossing steep mountain passes. Snow on trails will often

be hiker and skier compacted and visitors will generally not need snowshoes or skis for travel. Ask at a visitor center for recommendations.



SPRING WEATHER

While it may snow during any month of the year, spring weather can be quite variable. Expect anything from rain, snow, to mild sunny weather. Wear layers when hiking and plan for weather changes that may happen rapidly

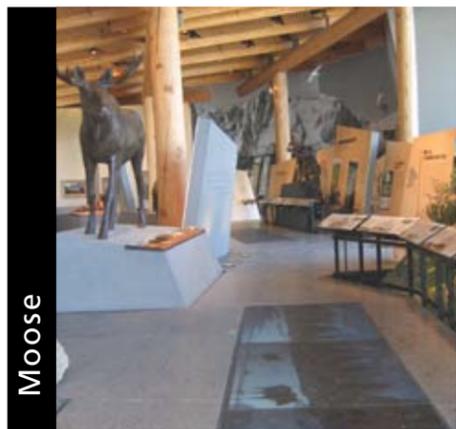
and without warning. The average maximum temperature for May is 60.9 degrees Fahrenheit and the average low temperature is 30.9 degrees Fahrenheit. The park receives an average of two inches of precipitation and 2.8 inches of snow during May.

PLANTS & WILDLIFE

As the snow melts, migratory animals begin their journeys back to their summer ranges in the park. Look for elk, pronghorn, moose and bison returning to the park. A variety of migratory birds pass through and summer in Jackson Hole. Common spring flowers include sagebrush buttercup, arrowleaf balsalmroot, low larkspur, Nuttall's violet, biscuitroot and spring beauty.

LODGING & CAMPGROUNDS

Most lodging facilities and campgrounds open in mid-to-late May as do restaurants and gift shops. The town of Jackson provides year-round lodging facilities. Contact the Jackson Hole Chamber of Commerce for more information at (307) 733-3316 or visit their web site at <http://www.jacksonholechamber.com/>. For park lodging and campgrounds see page 10.



Moose

CRAIG THOMAS DISCOVERY & VISITOR CENTER

Visit the Discovery Center for trip planning, weather and camping information. Watch a video or learn about the park through interactive exhibits. Experience the video river and talk to a park ranger about what to see and do. Shop at the Grand Teton Association bookstore for gifts, educational books and postcards. The visitor center is open from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily during May.

MENORS FERRY HISTORIC DISTRICT

Take a self-guided tour around the

historic district, see the Teton Range framed by windows at the Chapel of the Transfiguration and learn about Jackson Hole history through pictorial displays at the Maud Noble Cabin. Use Guide by Cell (brochure at trailhead) for additional interpretive information during your tour.

TAGGART LAKE TRAILHEAD

Drive three miles west of Moose Junction to enjoy a spectacular view of the Teton Range. The trail may be snow-covered or muddy depending on when you visit. Wear water-proof shoes if you have them to enjoy a 3.0-

mile roundtrip hike on intermittent hard-packed snow to Taggart Lake. A pit toilet and trailhead information are available.

DORNANS

Located 1/4 mile west of Moose Junction. Stock up on snacks at the Trading Post Grocery and Deli or enjoy a sheltered panoramic view of the Teton Range at the Dornan's Pizza and Pasta Company. During May other services open for the summer season. See page 10 for more details.



Jenny Lake

JENNY LAKE VISITOR CENTER

Learn about Teton Range geology in the Jenny Lake Visitor Center, once the historic Crandall Studio. Park rangers provide information and hiking maps. Shop for gifts, educational books and postcards in the sales area. The visitor center opens on May 14th and is open 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. during May, with extended hours during peak summer.

JENNY LAKE LOOP TRAIL

Walk along a glacial moraine and view a glacially carved lake and canyon from this gently rolling 7.1-mile trail. Plan for snow

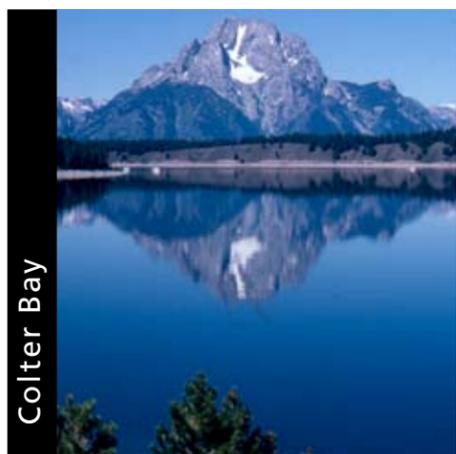
patches on the trail through early to late May; waterproof shoes recommended in early May. Access the trail from South Jenny Lake or the String Lake Trailhead.

LEIGH LAKE TRAIL

Enjoy a level trail along the east shore of String and Leigh lakes with spectacular views of Leigh Canyon and Mount Moran. This trail is 7.4 miles roundtrip to the north end of Leigh lake. Shorten your trip by turning around at any point along the way. Park at the String Lake Picnic Area for trailhead access. Pit and flush toilets available.

JENNY LAKE SHUTTLE & STORE

The Jenny Lake Boating concessioner provides scenic boat shuttles across Jenny Lake and trailhead access to Cascade Canyon. Rent a canoe or kayak to tour the lake. The shuttle boats leave from the boat dock; follow the painted moose tracks along the paved path from the visitor center. See page 10 for hours of operation. Jenny Lake Boating Schedule: May 15-May 31 (10 a.m. to 4 p.m.), extended hours during peak summer. Visit the Jenny Lake Store, located next to the visitor center, to stock up on snacks for your outing.



Colter Bay

COLTER BAY VISITOR CENTER

Visit the David T. Vernon Indian Arts Museum at the visitor center and view a unique collection of artifacts from Indian cultures throughout the United States. Rangers provide trip planning information, trail maps and overnight backcountry permits. Shop for educational gifts in the Grand Teton Association sales area. The visitor center opens on May 8th and is open from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. during May, with extended hours during peak summer.

COLTER BAY LAKESHORE TRAIL

Take a two-mile roundtrip, level self-guided

tour along the north shore of Colter Bay. The trail continues onto a forested peninsula on Jackson Lake, providing inspiring views of the northern Teton Range.

HERON POND & SWAN LAKE

Stroll along a 3-mile roundtrip mostly level trail with excellent opportunities to see birds and other wildlife.

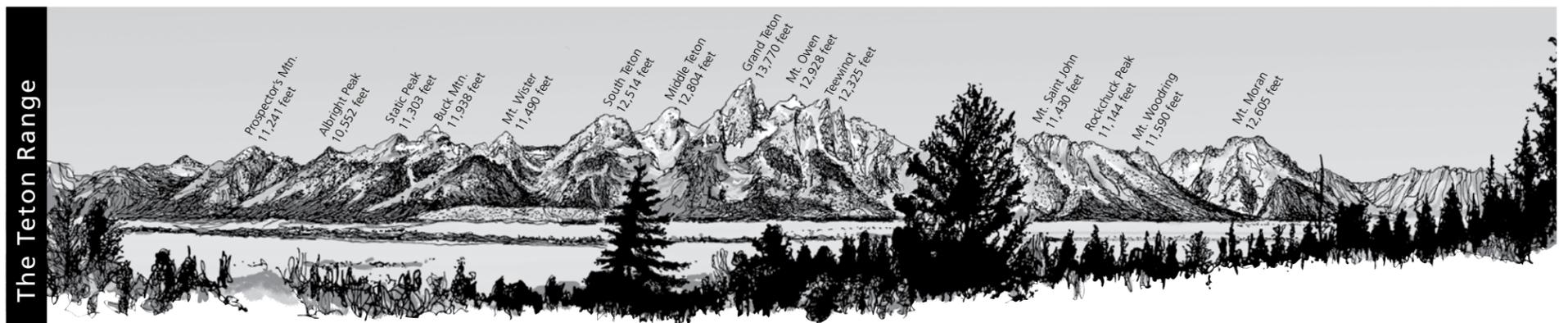
JACKSON LAKE LODGE

Located five miles south of Colter Bay, the historic Jackson Lake Lodge provides spectacular views of the Teton Range and Jackson Lake. The lodge contains gift shops,

a restaurant, a grill, bar, as well as trail access to Colter Bay. The lodge opens on May 21st. See page 10 for hours of operation.

OXBOW BEND

Located seven miles south of Colter Bay, the Oxbow Bend turnout provides a popular view of Mount Moran and the Snake River. Look for river otters, American pelicans, moose and grizzly bear tracks along the shore. Visit the Oxbow during dusk and dawn for best viewing opportunities. Do not approach wildlife, moose and bears can be extremely dangerous and have seriously injured visitors.



The Teton Range

Prospector's Mtn.
11,241 feet

Albright Peak
10,552 feet

Slate Peak
11,303 feet

Buck Mtn.
11,938 feet

Mt. Wister
11,490 feet

South Teton
12,514 feet

Middle Teton
12,804 feet

Grand Teton
13,770 feet

Mt. Owen
12,928 feet

Teewinot
12,225 feet

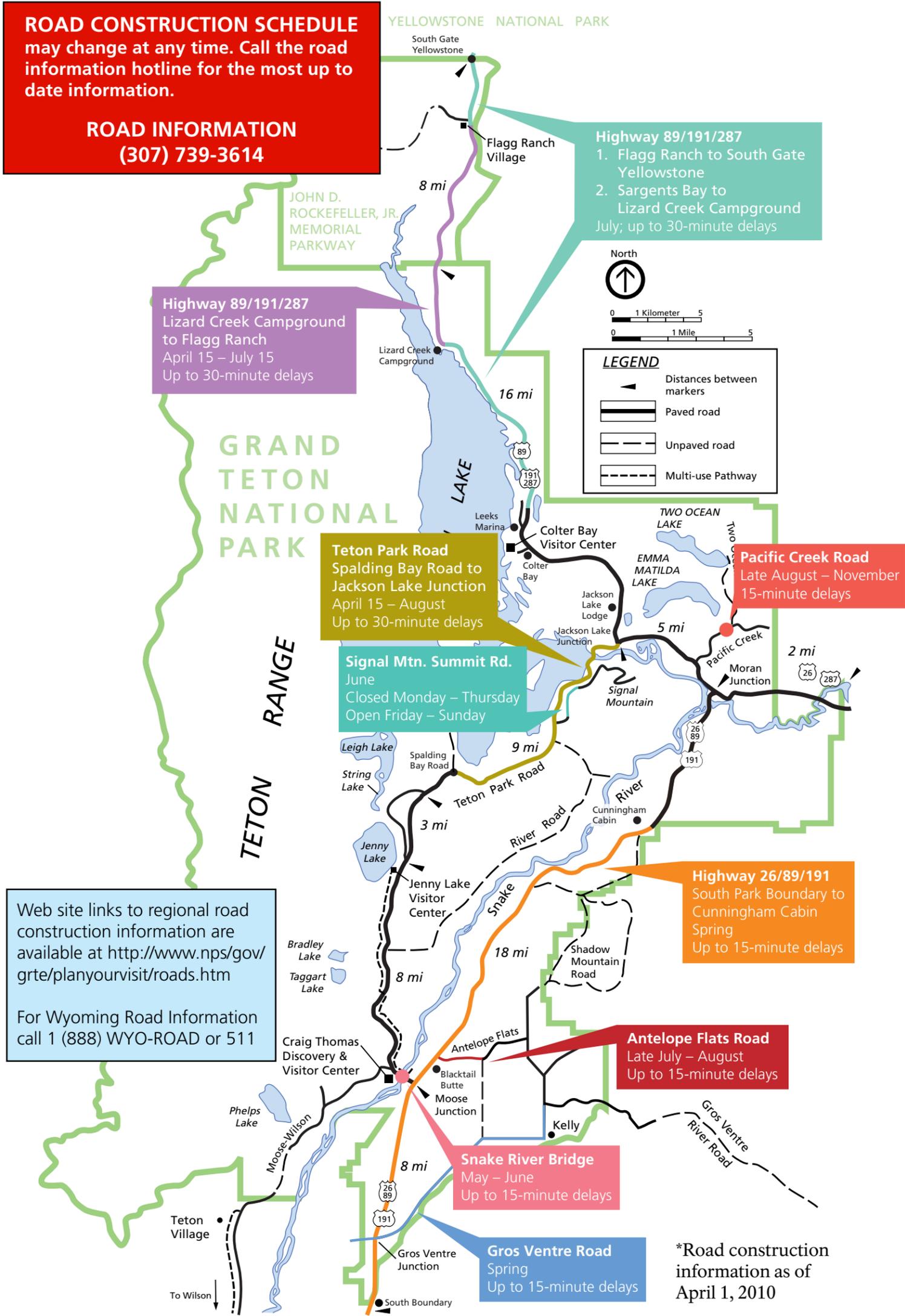
Mt. Saint John
11,430 feet

Rockchuck Peak
11,144 feet

Mt. Wooding
11,590 feet

Mt. Moran
12,605 feet

Road Construction 2010



Road Information

Road Work Delays

Road improvements will take place in Grand Teton and Yellowstone national parks throughout the 2010 season. Changes in schedule may occur at any time. **For the most up-to-date information about road conditions in Grand Teton National Park call (307) 739-3614.** For information about Yellowstone roads call (307) 344-2117 or visit www.nps.gov/yell. Please stay in your vehicle while in work zones for your safety and to keep traffic flowing.

Obey Posted Speed Limits

Obey all posted speed limits in construction areas for your safety and the safety of workers. All regular speed limits in the park range between 25 miles-per-hour and 55 miles-per-hour. Speed limits may be reduced in construction zones. Fines for speeding and other violations may increase in construction zones.

Idling Gets You Nowhere

In a time of rising gas prices, needless idling burns hard earned dollars through your exhaust pipe. An idling engine is not operating at optimum temperature leading to incomplete fuel combustion. Fuel residues can condense on cylinder walls, contaminate oil and damage engine components. Vehicle emissions cause respiratory illness and scientific studies link fossil fuel consumption to global climate change. If you find yourself in a construction delay, turn your engine off.

- Idling your vehicle for more than just 10 seconds uses more fuel than restarting your engine.
- Idling your vehicle for 10 minutes uses as much fuel as it takes to travel five miles.
- Idling your vehicle for 10 minutes a day uses more than 27 gallons of fuel per year.

*Natural Resources Canada & Vermont Agency of Natural Resources

Fire Plays an Important Role in Grand Teton National Park

FIRE HAS BEEN A PART OF THE GREATER YELLOWSTONE

ECOSYSTEM for thousands of years. Its presence is important for wildlife habitat, nutrient cycling, plant diversity and overall landscape health. Fire managers at Grand Teton National Park seek to strike a balance between restoring and maintaining natural processes associated with fire, and protecting human life and property.

FIRE ECOLOGY IN THE PARK

Fire naturally changes the forest by creating diverse-aged tree stands, recycling nutrients into the soil and stimulating new plant growth. Fire ecology research shows that many plant and animal species benefit from the rejuvenating effects of fire.

Fire scars are prevalent in Grand Teton and Yellowstone national parks. Burned areas provide an opportunity for the forest to regenerate, which is evident in the plants, trees and wildlife present. Previously burned areas near popular hikes include: the 2009 Bearpaw Bay Fire that burned between Leigh Lake and Jackson Lake, the 1999 Alder Fire near Jenny Lake, the 1985 Beaver Creek Fire near Taggart Lake, the 1974 Waterfall Canyon Fire and the 2000 Teton Complex across from Colter Bay.

HOW WE MANAGE FIRES

Fire managers at Grand Teton National Park



Firefighters apply fire to the landscape to reduce flammable vegetation around developed areas, like during this prescribed fire May 2008.

and surrounding agencies are guided by comprehensive fire plans. Sometimes crews monitor fires closely but take minimal action so a fire can take its natural course, allowing fire-adapted plants to resprout from the roots, seed in open areas or open serotinous (heat-dependent) cones for seed dispersal. When appropriate, firefighters immediately suppress all or portions of a fire to reduce risk to life and property.

Occasionally firefighters apply fire to the landscape under specific conditions to help maintain a healthy and safe forest ecosystem. These planned ignitions, called prescribed fires, create a mosaic of diverse habitats for plants and animals. Burning accumulated fuels also minimizes risk to developments

and cultural resources.

In developed areas, fire crews lower the risk of losing structures to wildfire by thinning trees and removing dead wood and brush from the forest floor. This increases firefighter and public safety in the event of a wildfire. Firefighters pile the slash and let it dry for a year before burning it during wet weather in late spring or fall.

closely monitor them and make sure they are properly extinguished by drowning the fire with water. Stir the remains, add more water and stir again. Make sure fire remains are cool to the touch before leaving the campsite. Campfires may be banned during times of high fire danger. Watch for signs and obey the restrictions.

- Smoke safely. Grind out smoking materials, then dispose of them in the proper receptacle. While in vehicles, smokers should use ashtrays, which should never be emptied on the ground.
- Remember fireworks or other pyrotechnic devices are prohibited at all times in the park.

Report any fires immediately by calling Teton Interagency Fire Dispatch Center at 307-739-3630 or telling a park employee.

For local fire information or seasonal fire job postings, visit: <http://www.tetonfires.com>.

Follow us on Twitter: <http://twitter.com/GrandTetonNPS>

Specialized fire crews monitor burned areas to learn more about fire's effect on the ecosystem. This data is not only used for fire management decisions, but is also shared with wildlife biologists, vegetation ecologists, historic preservation specialists, and other land management agencies to achieve common goals for a healthy ecosystem.

YOUR ROLE IN FIRE PREVENTION

Fire season in the park coincides with the visitor season, which means you may see smoke in the air during your visit. You can do your part to prevent human-caused fires by obeying all fire restrictions and following basic fire safety rules.

- Build campfires only in designated areas,

Park Partners

Grand Teton National Park works closely with a variety of partnership organizations. Partners help accomplish park goals by supporting important projects, programs and visitor services.

PARK PARTNERS INCLUDE:

Grand Teton Association P.O. Box 170 Moose, WY 83012 (307) 739-3403 www.grandtetonpark.org	Teton Science Schools 700 Coyote Road Jackson, WY 83001 (307) 733-1313 www.tetonscience.org	University of Wyoming/ AMK Research Station Department 3166 1000 E. University Ave. Laramie, WY 82071-3166 www.uwyo.edu
Grand Teton National Park Foundation P.O. Box 249 Moose, WY 83012 (307) 732-0629 www.gtnpf.org	The Murie Center P.O. Box 399 Moose, WY 83012 (307) 739-2246 www.muriecenter.org	

Stay Connected with Grand Teton Association



BECOME A FRIEND OF GRAND TETON ASSOCIATION

Grand Teton Association is on Facebook! Become a friend of the Association and stay connected for posts about special events for members, author signings, visiting artist events and new book releases. <http://www.facebook.com/pages/Grand-Teton-Association/401378884609?ref=ts>



WIRELESS IN MOOSE?

The Craig Thomas Discovery and Visitor Center in Moose now offers free wireless internet on an unsecured network. Stay connected during your visit to Grand Teton National Park, thanks to Grand Teton Association. You must have a wireless card in your computer or portable device to connect to the network.

Yes! I would like to be a part of the future of Grand Teton National Park.



Name: _____
Address: _____
City: _____ State/Zip Code: _____
Email: _____ Phone: _____

Please include your check made out to the Grand Teton National Park Foundation, or supply the following credit card information.

Credit Card Number _____ Exp. Date _____
 Visa Mastercard Cardholder's Signature _____

Grand Teton National Park Foundation • P.O. Box 249 • Moose, WY 83012
(307) 732-0629 • www.gtnpf.org

We invite you to become an annual member-at-large entitled to a 15% discount on purchases at all GTA visitor center outlets, as well as on catalog and web site orders. Many cooperating association stores nationwide offer reciprocal discounts.



- \$35 Individual Annual Member with discount privileges and commemorative Grand Teton canvas bookbag
- \$50 Associate Annual Member with discount privileges, *Best of Grand Teton* mini-guidebook, and commemorative Grand Teton canvas bookbag

Name: _____
Address: _____
City: _____ State/Zip Code: _____
Date of Application: _____ Phone: _____
Paid by Cash Check Credit Card
Card Number _____ Exp. Date _____

Grand Teton Association • P.O. Box 170 • Moose, WY 83012
(307) 739-3403 • www.grandtetonpark.org

Services and Facilities

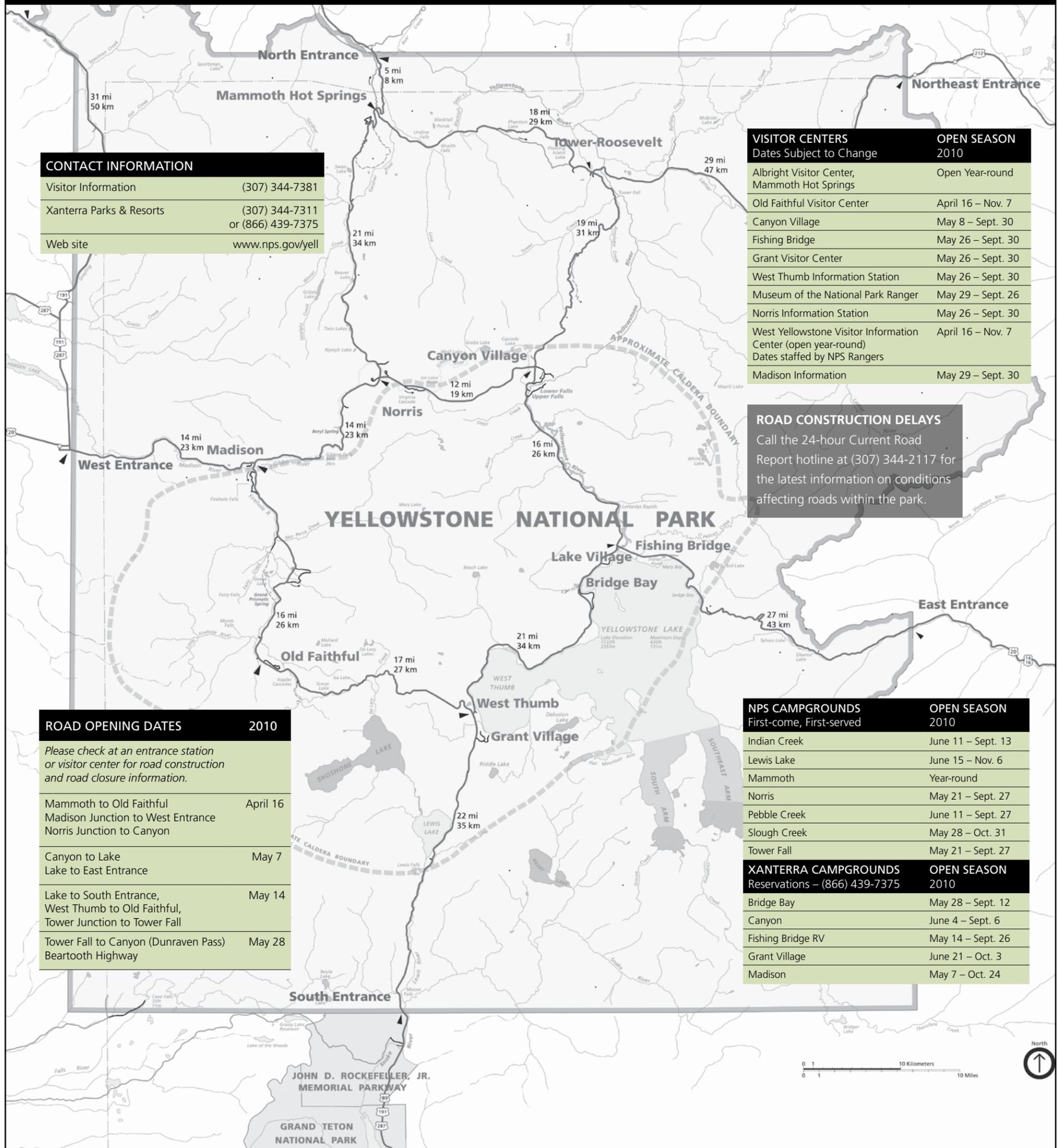
Dates subject to change at any time.

TYPE	LOCATION	DATES	PHONE	DESCRIPTION
Moose				
Lodging	Dornan's Spur Ranch	Year-round	(307) 733-2522	Cabins with kitchens.
Food Service	Dornan's Chuck Wagon	June 12-Sept. 19	(307) 733-2415 x203	Western fare. Breakfast 7-11 a.m., lunch 12-3 p.m., dinner (Sun.-Thurs.) 5-9 p.m.
	Dornan's Pizza and Pasta Co.	Year-round	(307) 733-2415 x204	Open: 11:30 a.m.; Closes: May, 5 or 7 p.m., June-Sept., 9 p.m.. Oct.-Mar., 3 p.m.
	Dornan's Trading Post	Year-round	(307) 733-2415 x201	Groceries. Deli open May-Sept.
	Dornan's Wine Shoppe	Year-round	(307) 733-2415 x202	May 10 a.m.-6 p.m. June-Sept. 10 a.m.-10 p.m. Oct.-Mar. 10 a.m.-6 p.m.
Store/Gift shops	Dornan's Gift Shop	Year-round	(307) 733-2415 x301	May & Sept. 8 a.m.-6 p.m. June-Aug. 8 a.m.-8 p.m. Oct.-Apr. 10 a.m.-5 p.m.
	Moosely Seconds	Mid-May-Sept.	(307) 739-1801	Mountaineering, climbing, camping equipment. 9 a.m.-8 p.m.
Service Station	Dornan's	Year-round		Automotive fuel (no diesel). Pay at pump, 24-hour with credit card.
Other	Snake River Anglers	May-Oct.	(307) 733-3699	Spin and fly fishing, float trips, Wyoming fishing licenses.
	Adventure Sports	May-Sept.	(307) 733-2415 x302	Bike, kayak, and canoe rentals and sales. 8 a.m.-8 p.m.
	Barker Ewing Float Trips	Mid-May-Sept.	(307) 733-1800	8 a.m.-6 p.m. Guided scenic float trips along the Snake River inside the park.
South Jenny Lake				
Lodging	AAC Climber's Ranch	June 11-Sept. 12	(307) 733-7271	Located 3 miles south of Jenny Lake. Rustic accommodations.
Store/Gift shops	General Store	May 15-Sept. 19		Camping and hiking supplies, groceries, film, and gifts.
Boat Tours	Jenny Lake Boating	May 15-Sept. 30	(307) 734-9227	Shuttle & tours across Jenny Lake. Canoe & kayak rentals.
North Jenny Lake				
Lodging	Jenny Lake Lodge	May 30-Oct. 10	(307) 733-4647 or	Modified American Plan. Cabins.
Food Service	Lodge Dining Room	May 30-Oct. 10	(800) 628-9988	Breakfast 7:30-9 a.m. Lunch 12-1:30 p.m. Dinner 6-8:45 p.m.
				Dinner reservations required.
Store/Gift Shops	Jenny Lake Lodge	May 30-Oct. 10		Gifts, books, and apparel.
Signal Mountain				
Lodging	Signal Mountain Lodge	May 7-Oct. 17	(307) 543-2831 or	Lakefront suites, motel units, and log cabins.
Food Service	Peaks Dining Room	May 7-Oct. 3	(800) 672-6012	Dinner 5:30-10 p.m. Sept. 27-Oct. 3, 5:30-9 p.m.
	Trapper Grill	May 7-Oct. 17		Breakfast 7-11 a.m. Lunch/dinner 11 a.m.-10 p.m. (Sept. 27-Oct. 17, 11 a.m.-9 p.m.)
Store/Gift Shops	Needles Gift Store	May 8-Oct. 17		8 a.m.-10 p.m. Hours vary during shoulder seasons.
	Timbers Gift Store	May 8-Oct. 17		8 a.m.-10 p.m. Hours vary during shoulder seasons.
Convenience Store	Signal Service Station	May 1-Oct. 17		7 a.m.-10:30 p.m. Gas, drinks, snacks, supplies. Hours vary during shoulder seasons.
Marina	Signal Marina	May 22-Sept. 12		Rentals, guest buoys, lake fishing trips, gas and courtesy docks.
Jackson Lake Lodge				
Lodging	Jackson Lake Lodge	May 21-Oct. 3	(307) 543-3100 or	Closes at 11 a.m. on Oct. 3.
Food Service	Mural Room	May 21-Oct. 3	(800) 628-9988	Breakfast 7-9:30 a.m. Lunch 11:30 a.m.-1:30 p.m. Dinner 5:30-9 p.m.
				Dinner reservations recommended.
	Pioneer Grill	May 21-Oct. 3		6 a.m.-10:30 p.m.
	Blue Heron Lounge	May 21-Oct. 3		11 a.m.-midnight.
Store/Gift Shops	Jackson Lake Lodge	May 21-Oct. 3		Sundries, magazines, books, gifts, souvenirs, and apparel.
Service Station		May 21-Oct. 3		Gas and diesel.
Horseback Riding	Jackson Lake Lodge Corral	May 29-Oct. 2		Trail rides.
Triangle X				
Lodging	Triangle X Ranch	May 23-Oct. 31 Dec. 26-mid.Mar.	(307) 733-2183	Full service guest ranch. Horseback riding, winter activities.
Colter Bay				
Lodging	Colter Bay Cabins	May 27-Sept. 26	(307) 543-3100 or	
	Tent Village	June 4-Sept. 6	(800) 628-9988	
Food Service	Ranch House	May 27-Sept. 26		Breakfast 6:30-10:30 a.m., lunch 11:30 a.m.-1:30p.m. Dinner 5:30-9 p.m.
	Cafe Court	June 4- Sept. 6		Open 11 a.m.-10 p.m.
Store/Gift Shops	General Store	May 27-Sept. 26		ATM groceries, gifts, and firewood.
	Marina Store	May 27- Sept. 19		Fishing tackle, film, outdoor apparel, beverages, and snacks.
Convenience Store	Highway Station	April 24-Oct. 17		Gas, diesel, beverages, snacks, souvenirs, and firewood.
Horseback Riding	Colter Bay Corral	June 5-Sept. 6		Breakfast and dinner rides, wagon seats available. Trail rides.
Marina	Colter Bay	May 28-Sept. 19		Scenic cruises. Boat rentals. Guided fishing. Gas. Water dependent.
Showers	Colter Bay	May 27-Sept. 26		Pay showers.
Launderette	Colter Bay	May 27-Sept. 26		Laundry services.
Leek's Marina				
Food Service	Leek's Pizzeria	May 26-Sept. 6	(307) 543-2494	Pizza and sandwiches. Open 11 a.m.-10 p.m.
Marina	Leek's Marina	May 22-Sept. 12	(307) 543-2546	Dependent on water levels.
Flagg Ranch				
Lodging	Flagg Ranch Resort	May 17-Sept. 26	(307) 543-2861 or	Log style units.
Food Service	Flagg Ranch Resort	May 17-Sept. 26	(800) 443-2311	Home-style menu. Breakfast, lunch, and dinner.
Store/Gift Shop	Flagg Ranch Resort	May 17-Sept. 26		Essentials for camping and fishing. Diesel.
Horseback Riding	Flagg Ranch Resort	June 1-Aug. 31		One hour, two hour, 1/2 day and full day trail rides.
Other Services				
Education	Teton Science Schools	Year-round	(307) 733-4765	Field natural history seminars.
Programs/Events	The Murie Center	Year-round	(307) 739-2246	Conservation programs and events, guided tours of the historic Murie Ranch.
Lost and Found	Property Office	Year-round	(307) 739-3450	Contact the nearest visitor center.
Mountaineering	Exum Mountain Guides	Year-round	(307) 733-2297	Daily basic and intermediate schools. AMGA accredited.
	JH Mountain Guides	Year-round	(307) 733-4979	Guide service for individuals or small groups. AMGA accredited.
Float Trips	Barker-Ewing Float Trips		(307) 733-1800	Float trips and combination trips with Wildlife Expeditions.
	Heart 6 Guest Ranch		(307) 543-2477	Fishing and float trips.
	Solitude Float Trips		(307) 733-2871	Float trips (private trips available).
	Snake River Anglers		(307) 733-3699	Floating and fishing trips.
	Signal Mountain Lodge		(307) 543-2831	Float trips and Jackson Lake boat rentals.
	Flagg Ranch Resort		(307) 543-2861	Floating and fishing trips.
	OARS		(800) 346-6277	Float trips and kayaking on Jackson Lake.
	Nat'l Park Float Trips/Triangle X		(307) 733-5500	Floating and fishing trips.
	Grand Teton Lodge Company		(307) 543-2811	Scenic float trips, lunch and dinner trips.
	Lost Creek Ranch		(307) 733-3435	Scenic float trips.
Recycling	Throughout the park	Year-round		Look for recycling bins throughout the park, in lodges and campgrounds.
Medical Services				
	Medical emergencies	Year-round	911	
	St. Johns Medical Center	Year-round	(307) 733-3636	Located in Jackson.
	Grand Teton Medical Clinic	May-Oct.	(307) 543-2514	Located at Jackson Lake Lodge. Open 10 a.m.-5 p.m.

Services and Facilities Continued Please note: order of columns different for worship services than other services.

TYPE	DENOMINATION	DATES	PHONE	LOCATION/TIME
Worship Services	Interdenominational	June 13-Aug 15 June 13-Aug 15 May 23-Sept. 12 May 23-Sept. 12 May 30-Sept. 12 June 13-Aug. 8	(307) 543-3069	Gros Ventre Campground Amphitheater, Sundays, 9:30 a.m. Jenny Lake Amphitheater, Sundays, 8 a.m. Signal Mountain Campground Amphitheater, Sundays, 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 7:30 p.m. Jackson Lake Lodge, Sundays, 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 7:30 p.m. Colter Bay Village Amphitheater, Sundays, 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 5:30 p.m.
	Episcopal Latter Day Saints	May 30-Sept. 26 May 30-Sept. 26	(307) 733-2603 x102 (307) 733-6337	Flagg Ranch Campfire Circle, Sundays, 8 a.m., 10 a.m. Staff dependent Chapel of the Transfiguration, Sundays. holy eucharist, 8 a.m., worship service, 10 a.m. Jackson Lake Lodge, Sundays, Sacrament 5:45 p.m. Sunday school 6:50 p.m., priesthood/relief society 7:45 p.m.
	Roman Catholic	June 5-Sept. 26	(307) 733-2516	Chapel of the Sacred Heart, Saturday mass, 5:30 p.m., Sunday mass, 5 p.m.

Yellowstone National Park



CONTACT INFORMATION	
Visitor Information	(307) 344-7381
Xanterra Parks & Resorts	(307) 344-7311 or (866) 439-7375
Web site	www.nps.gov/yell

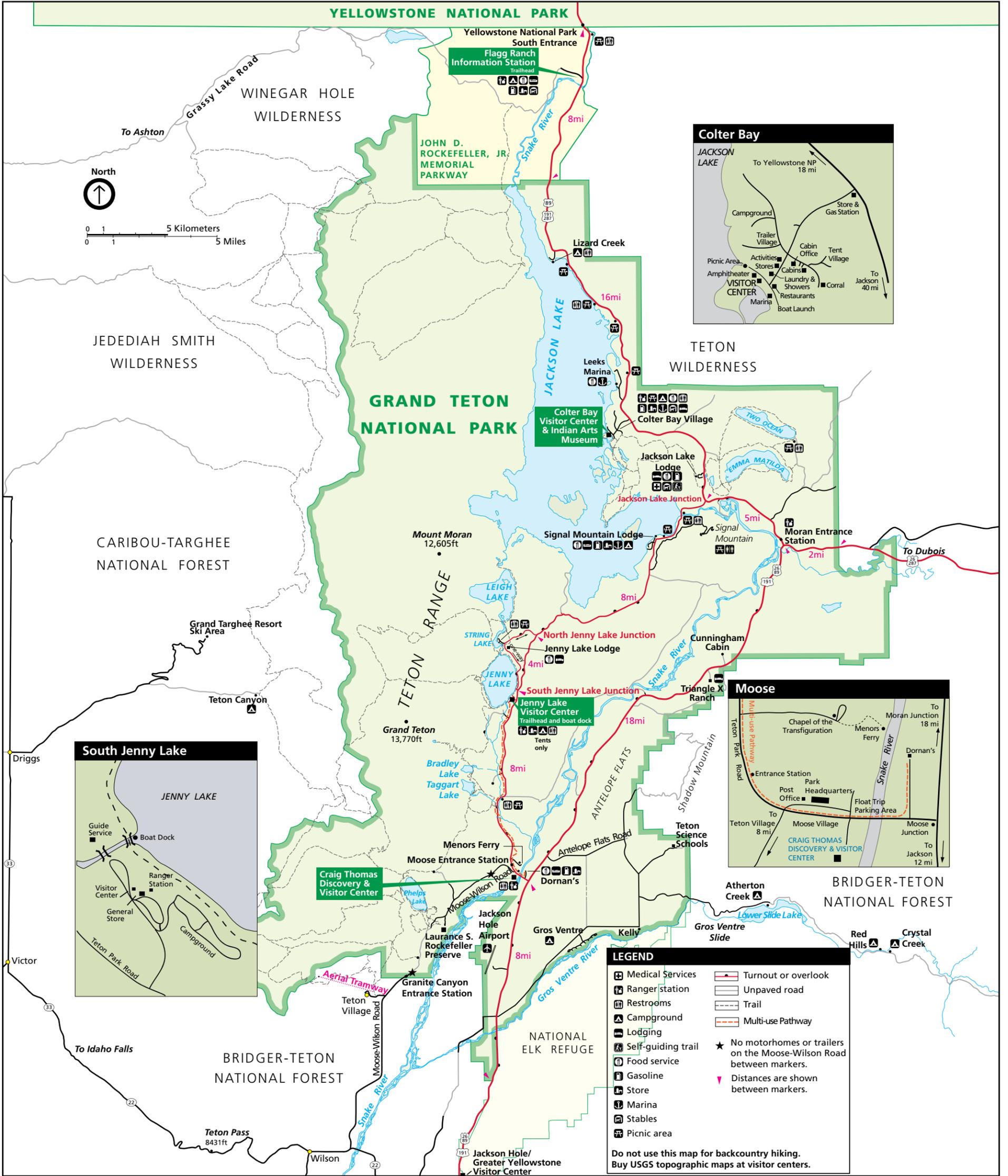
VISITOR CENTERS Dates Subject to Change	OPEN SEASON 2010
Albright Visitor Center, Mammoth Hot Springs	Open Year-round
Old Faithful Visitor Center	April 16 – Nov. 7
Canyon Village	May 8 – Sept. 30
Fishing Bridge	May 26 – Sept. 30
Grant Visitor Center	May 26 – Sept. 30
West Thumb Information Station	May 26 – Sept. 30
Museum of the National Park Ranger	May 29 – Sept. 26
Norris Information Station	May 26 – Sept. 30
West Yellowstone Visitor Information Center (open year-round) Dates staffed by NPS Rangers	April 16 – Nov. 7
Madison Information	May 29 – Sept. 30

ROAD CONSTRUCTION DELAYS
Call the 24-hour Current Road Report hotline at (307) 344-2117 for the latest information on conditions affecting roads within the park.

ROAD OPENING DATES	2010
<i>Please check at an entrance station or visitor center for road construction and road closure information.</i>	
Mammoth to Old Faithful Madison Junction to West Entrance Norris Junction to Canyon	April 16
Canyon to Lake Lake to East Entrance	May 7
Lake to South Entrance, West Thumb to Old Faithful, Tower Junction to Tower Fall	May 14
Tower Fall to Canyon (Dunraven Pass) Beartooth Highway	May 28

NPS CAMPGROUNDS First-come, First-served	OPEN SEASON 2010
Indian Creek	June 11 – Sept. 13
Lewis Lake	June 15 – Nov. 6
Mammoth	Year-round
Norris	May 21 – Sept. 27
Pebble Creek	June 11 – Sept. 27
Slough Creek	May 28 – Oct. 31
Tower Fall	May 21 – Sept. 27
XANTERRA CAMPGROUNDS Reservations – (866) 439-7375	OPEN SEASON 2010
Bridge Bay	May 28 – Sept. 12
Canyon	June 4 – Sept. 6
Fishing Bridge RV	May 14 – Sept. 26
Grant Village	June 21 – Oct. 3
Madison	May 7 – Oct. 24

Park Map



Road Information

Road Work Delays
 Road improvements will take place in Grand Teton and Yellowstone national parks throughout the 2010 season. Changes in schedule may occur at any time. **For the most up-to-date information about road conditions in Grand Teton National Park call (307) 739-3614.** For information about Yellowstone roads call (307) 344-2117 or visit www.nps.gov/yell. See page 11 for more info.



Gary Pollock Photo

As You Drive Keep Them Alive
 Every year drivers kill about 100 large animals, causing property damage and personal injury. Drive at or below all posted speed limits, and drive cautiously during dawn and dusk when animals are most active. Moose, deer, elk, bison, wolves and grizzly and black bears cross roadways and can be especially difficult to see at night.

Park in Designated Turnouts
 It may be tempting to park on the roadway to take photographs or watch wildlife, but this practice is not safe. Pull over in a designated turnout for your safety and that of other motorists.