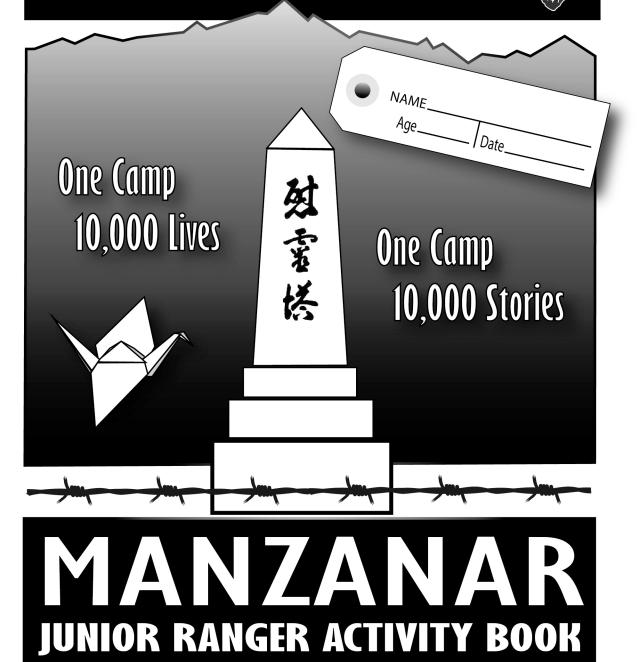
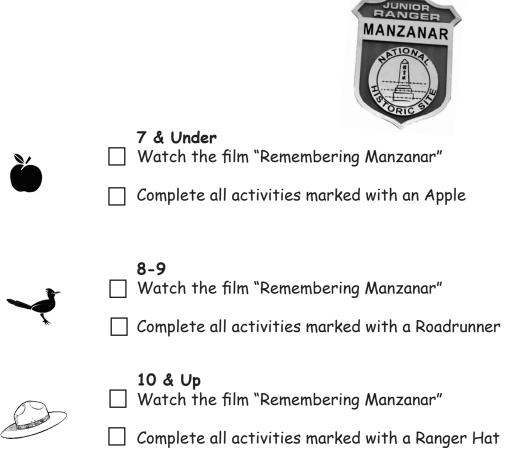
# Manzanar

National Historic Site National Park Service U.S. Department of the Interior



## Welcome to the Manzanar Junior Ranger Program

You can become a Junior Ranger by completing the activities for your age group. Find your age-appropriate symbol below and on each page. When you have completed your activities, bring this booklet to the front desk. A Ranger will review what you have learned, sign your certificate, and award you with a Junior Ranger Badge.



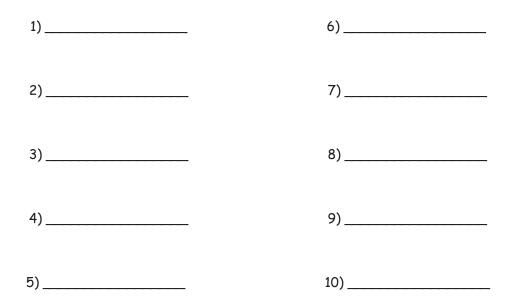
Answers to the questions in this booklet can be found by reading the exhibits, going on the driving tour, and by using your observation skills while exploring the site on your own. If you have extra time we recommend that you attend a Ranger Talk, a special program, and/or visit the Eastern California Museum in Independence.

#### **Destination Unknown**





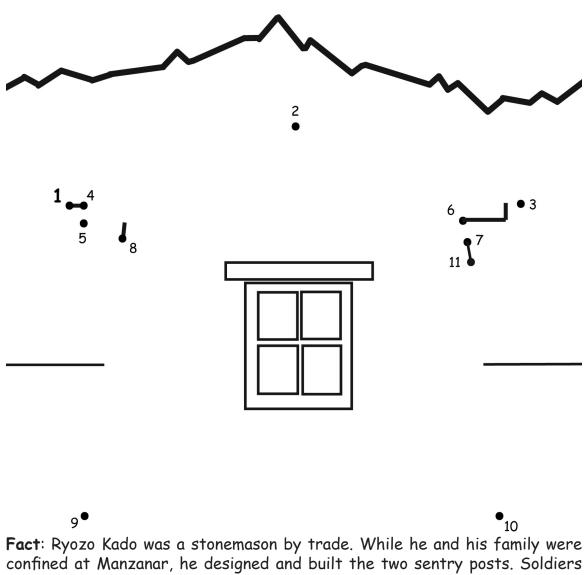
Japanese Americans who came to Manzanar brought only what they could carry. They weren't allowed to bring their pets! Imagine you are given 7 days to move from your home. What items would you need for an unknown place?Please choose 10 that you would take with you. You only have 2 suitcases for everything, so choose what you feel would be the most important. Make sure you can carry them!



**Fact**: Norman Mineta remembers taking a baseball bat to the camp. A guard took the bat away because it was a weapon. Mineta and his family were confined at Heart Mountain, Wyoming. He later became the Mayor of San Jose, CA, served in Congress, and was the U.S. Secretary of Commerce and later U.S. Secretary of Transportation.

Connect The Dots

What do you see when you first enter Manzanar? Connect the dots to find out.



worked in the larger building, and Japanese American police in the smaller one. Mr. Kado also designed and built the cemetery monument and many gardens.

## Follow the Clues

Before people were sent to Manzanar and other camps each family was assigned a number and given tags. Select one of the tags hanging on the red ID TAG STATION. In other exhibits, look for the item mentioned on the back of your chosen tag. There you will find more information about the person to help you answer the following questions:





What was this person's name?

What did this person do at Manzanar?

Where did this person go after the war?

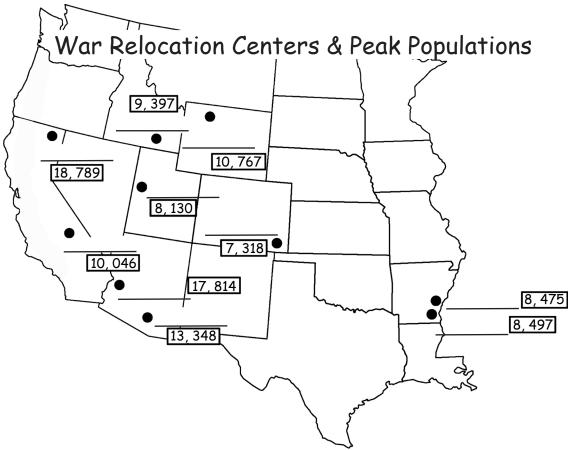
Bonus: Find this person in the roster books or on the wall of names.



## **Confinement Sites**

The Japanese Americans at Manzanar and other camps had lived in what was called the Military Exclusion Zone. Using the map located next to the guard tower exhibit, complete the following on the map below:

- 1) Draw and shade in the Military Exclusion Zone on the map.
- 2) Label the War Relocation Centers, using the peak populations.
- 3) Would your home have been within the Military Exclusion Zone?

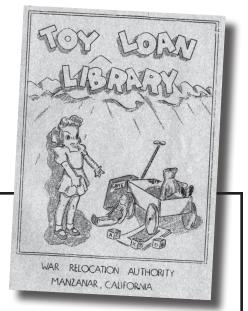


**Fact**: The United States Department of Justice Internment Camps confined Japanese, German, and Italian Aliens as well as those brought to the U.S. from Latin America.

# Toy Loan Library

Because families could bring only what they could carry, most kids couldn't bring their toys to Manzanar. A toy loan center was set up so kids could check out toys like dolls, wagons, books, and more. In the visitor center, locate the barracks with toys inside. Draw a toy or game you would have played with in Manzanar.







# Layers of History

Read the paragraphs below and circle the bold key words in the word search.

The area between Lone Pine and Independence known as **Manzanar** is home to the Owens Valley **Paiute** Indians. Georges Creek is located a mile south of Manzanar and is named after **Captain George** who was a local Paiute leader. Shepherd Creek is located one mile north of Manzanar and is named for **John Shepherd**, a European-American settler who arrived in the Owens Valley in 1864. Some Paiute continued to live at Manzanar and work on the Shepherd ranch or Shepherd's toll road under supervision of Captain George. You can learn more about this history by visiting the Eastern California Museum in Independence. They have an amazing collection of Paiute baskets and more.

In 1865, a Mexican miner named Pablo Flores discovered silver in the Inyo Mountains near the small town of **Cerro Gordo**. The Cerro Gordo silver

mine was the richest strike in Inyo County, and by 1868 many people had moved to the area. In 1910, George Chaffey, a successful water developer and president of the Owens Valley Improvement Company, acquired 3,500 acres of land including the Shepherd **Ranch**. By 1912, he had planted 20,000 apple and pear trees, creating the town of Manzanar. The town's population reached 203 in the 1920s

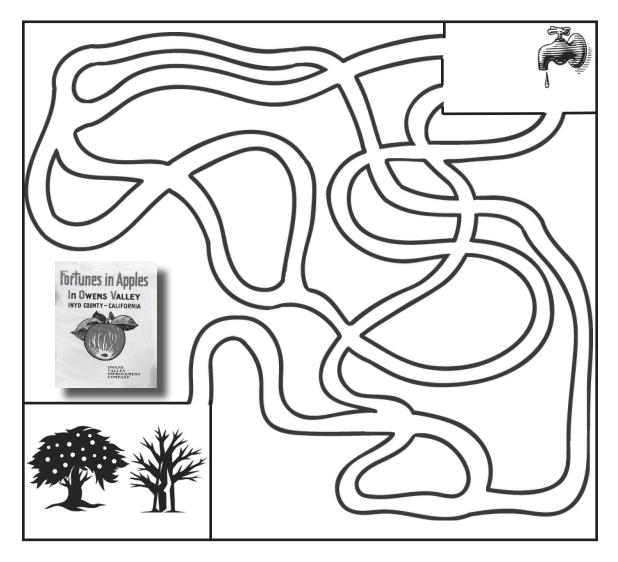
Japanese Amercians were sent to Manzanar in 1942. The camp was built on land then owned by the Los Angeles Department of Water and Power (LADWP). In late 1942, Ralph Merritt became the camp director.



# Apple Orchard Maze



Manzanar is the Spanish word for "apple orchard." The town of Manzanar was first developed as an agricultural community in the early 1900s. Farmers grew apples, pears, peaches, and alfalfa. Over 20,000 fruit trees once grew here. Help the National Park Service get Manzanar's water supply to the historic orchards. As you explore Manzanar you can still see 100-year-old fruit trees!





#### Manzanar Tic-Tac-Toe

Observing is a big part of becoming a Junior Ranger. Use your observation skills as you take the driving tour\* and explore Manzanar. When you locate these items, cross them out. Get three in a row to finish this activity.

Challenge: Go for a blackout by crossing off all 9!



\*Pick up a map for the driving tour at the front desk.

### Manzanar Math



The population of Japanese Americans confined at Manzanar changed over time. For instance, in August 1942, there was an average of 280 people in a block. After 3 years at Manzanar the population of a block changed. Using the grid below figure out how many people lived in a block in August 1945, by adding and subtracting the changes.

Changes In Your Block	Block Pop.		# of People		Total
Births	280	+	2	11	282
Moved into your Block	282	+	10	11	
Moved to another Block		-	20	11	
Sick (Moved to Hospital)		-	10	11	
Deaths		-	3	11	
Relocated for Work (Left Manzanar)		-	65	11	
Drafted into the Army (Left Manzanar)		-	20	11	
Answered "No-No" on Loyalty Questionnaire (sent to Tule Lake)		-	20	11	
Moved to another War Relocation Center		-	30	11	
Sent to Department of Justice Camps (Left Manzanar)		-	12	11	

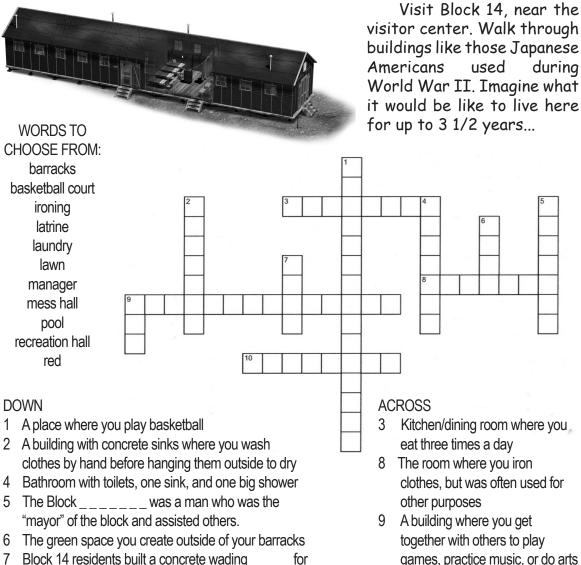
#### NOTES:

**Fact**: In 1942, the average population at Manzanar was 10,017, or 280 people per block. In 1945, the average population was 4,306, or 112 people per block.



# Life in a Manzanar Block

Manzanar had 36 "residential" blocks. Each block had 14 barracks, usually divided into four 20'x25' "apartments." There were also men's and women's latrines, a laundry room, an ironing room, mess hall, and recreation hall.



- 7 Block 14 residents built a concrete wading \_\_\_\_ for kids to swim and cool off in summer
- 9 The color of the old Ford delivery truck outside the Block 14 mess hall

10 A long housing building usually divided into four separate rooms

and crafts

# Gardens Under Guard Towers

Manzanar's rock gardens are powerful reminders of how Japanese Americans created beauty here. Some gardens were near people's barracks. Others were near mess halls where they waited in line for meals. The largest garden is Merritt Park. Take the auto tour and see how many gardens you find. Then, use the featues below to design your own garden.





Archeologists study the past by digging in the dirt. They carefully record what they find. All of the gardens in these photos were once buried. Each year, park staff and volunteers uncover more features at Manzanar. PLEASE DO YOUR PART TO PRESERVE MANZANAR. Don't climb in, on, or around the gardens. Take only pictures, leave only footprints.



Rock wall, Block 9

Rock lantern, Block 15





Pond, Block 34

Wood bridge & turtle rock, Merritt Park





Draw a picture or write about something interesting you saw or did at Manzanar National Historic Site.

Fact: 17-year-old Iwao Takamoto learned animation skills at Manzanar. He went on to create the characters of Scooby-Doo of Scooby-Doo, Where Are You!, Astro on The Jetsons, and Lady in Lady and the Tramp. He also contributed to many animated classics such as 101 Dalmations, Sleeping Beauty, Charlotte's Web, and The Flintstones.

CERTIFICATE of ACHIEVEMENT	Junior Ranger	is an official	Junior Ranger	Manzanar National Historic Site	As a Junior Ranger, I will help preserve special places and share what I learn with others.	Date	National Park Junior Ranger	Date	National Park Ranger
NATIONAL	•					Signed		Signed	

If you are unable to complete this activity booklet during your visit ask the ranger for an instruction sheet to complete it at home. When you are finished, please mail your booklet (with you name and address) to:

> Manzanar National Historic Site Attn: Junior Ranger Program P.O. Box 426 Independence, CA 93526

Learn more about the Japanese American experience on the internet and at your local library. Check out these websites...

www.nps.gov/manz www.nps.gov/miin www.nps.gov/tule www.densho.org www.goforbroke.org Check out our VIRTUAL MUSEUM at www.nps.gov/history/museum/exhibits/manz/ Facebook: www.facebook.com/ManzanarNationalHistoricSite

#### ... and these books.

Farewell to Manzanar by Jeanne Wakatsuki Houston & James D. Houston Children of Manzanar, edited by Heather Lindquist The Bracelet by Yoshiko Uchida & Joanna Yardley Baseball Saved Us by Ken Mochizuki & Dom Lee Only What We Could Carry edited by Lawson Fusao Inada Dear Miss Breed by Joanne Oppenheim

Many National Park Service sites have Junior Ranger activities. We hope that you will continue to explore and learn about America's rich heritage. You can also become a WebRanger at www.nps.gov/webrangers/



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