United States Department of the Interior National Park Service



National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determination for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and area of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900A). Use typewriter, word processor or computer to complete all items.

1. Name of Property		
historic name Pyramid Peak Aircraft Warning Ser	vice Lookout	
other name/site number		
2. Location		
street & number 3.5 miles up Pyramid Peak trail Lake Crescent Sub-distri		not for publication
city or town Olympic National Park Headquarter	s, Port Angeles	vicinity
state Washington code WA	county Clallam code 009	zip code <u>98362</u>
3. State/Federal Agency Certification		
Signature of certifying official/Title	statewide locally. (See continuate 4.25.0	
In my opinion, the property X meetsdoes not my opinion, the property X meetsdoes not my opinion. Signature of certifying official/Title National Park S State of Federal agency and bureau	Date	ntinuation sheet for additional comments.)
4. National Park Service Certification		
I hereby certify that the property is:	Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action
entered in the National Register. ———————————————————————————————————	Pn.m.	. 7/13/2007
determined not eligible for the National Register.		
removed from the National Register.		
other, (explain:)		

5. Classification			
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply) Category of Proper (Check only one box)		Number of Resources within Pro (Do not include previously listed resources in t	
private	building(s)	Contributing Noncontributing	ıg
public-local	district	1	buildings
public-State	site		sites
x public-Federal	x structure	1	structures
	Object		objects
		2	Total
(Enter N/A if property is not part of <u>Historic Resources of Olympic N</u>		in the National Register	
6. Function or Use			
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions)	
Domestic: Camp; Government: I Defense: Military Facility; Military		Vacant/Not in Use	
7. Description			
Architectural Classificati (Enter categories from instructions)	on	Materials (Enter categories from instructions)	
Early 20 th century American Mo	vements	foundation Stone walls Wood and Shake roof Wood Shake (cedar) other	

Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Summary: Pyramid Peak Aircraft Warning Service (AWS) Lookout is rectangular in plan and measures 16 feet by 13 feet. Just north of the lookout sits a 7 foot by 8 foot woodshed that is of wood-frame construction with a cedar shake, gable roof. The lookout is one-story structure, wood-frame wall construction with cedar shake siding on three sides. The front facade has an off-center entry (no door). There is a shingle covered gable roof with slightly extended eaves, and a simple 1 foot by 4 foot board trim around the window opening. The horizontal sill is resting on a stone foundation and there are window openings on each elevation.

8. Statement of Significance				
Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)	Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)			
A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.	Criterion A: Politics/Government; Military History			
B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.				
C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses	Criterion C: Architecture			
high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction. D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.	Period of Significance . 1942-1944 A.W.S			
Criteria Considerations (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.) Property is:	Significant Dates <u>built 1942</u>			
A owned by a religious institution or used for				
religious purposes.	Significant Person			
B removed from its original location.	(Complete if Criterion B is marked above.)			
C a birthplace or grave				
D a cemetery.	Cultural Affiliation			
E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.				
F a commemorative property.				
G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.	Architect/Builder United States Army			
Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)				
9. Major Bibliographical References				
Bibliography				
(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more Previous documentation on file (NPS): preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data: State Historic Preservation Office			
previously listed in the National Register	Other State Agency			
previously determined eligible by the National Register	x Federal agency			
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government			
recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #	University			
recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #	Other Name of Repository:			

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of Property: Less than one acre

UTM References

(Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)

1 10 zone

2

439489 easting

5324730

northing

3

4

See continuation sheet

Verbal Boundary Description

The boundary is formed by a 100' circle radiating out from all sides of the structure.

Boundary Justification

The boundary includes the structure and the immediate surrounding land to convey a sense of the historic setting.

11. Form Prepared By

name/title Gail E.H. Evans, Historian, Kirstie Haertel, Archeologist (1998), and Jacilee Wray, Anthropologist (2005).

organization Olympic National Park

date 1986/1998

street & number 600 E. Park Avenue

telephone (206) 220-4138

city or town Port Angeles

State Washington

zip code <u>98362</u>

Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

Continuation Sheets

Maps

A 7.5 minute USGS map indicating the property's location.

A sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

Photographs

Representative black and white photographs of the property.

Additional Items

(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items.)

Property Owner

(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)

name

street & number

telephone

city or town

state

zip code

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

United States Department of the Interior

National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places

Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 and 8 Pyramid Peak A.W.S Lookout: Clallam County, WA Page 1

Narrative Description: The Pyramid Peak Lookout was built as an Aircraft Warning Service (AWS) lookout in the fall of 1942 by NPS employees Joe and Rena Shurnick for the purpose of spotting enemy aircraft during World War II. Under the direction of the United States Army, the AWS was initiated in 1942 when the threat of enemy air attack on the West Coast loomed large in the minds of many military strategists. Small ground based observation posts were activated throughout the Pacific Northwest beginning in that summer and continuing through the winter of 1942-1943. With the United States Forest Service as coordinating agency for the establishment of AWS observation posts, thirteen sites within the present boundaries of the park were established as AWS lookouts. Pyramid Peak, however, may be unique in that the NPS constructed it with US Army funding. Pyramid Peak and Dodger Point lookouts are the only two lookouts extant in the park that were utilized as AWS posts. Following World War II, Pyramid Peak Lookout remained in use as a fire detection lookout.

The building is sited on the southern aspect of Pyramid Peak and has an unobstructed 360-degree view. The lookout is rectangular in plan and measures 16 feet by 13 feet; just to the north of the lookout is an 8 foot by 7 foot woodshed. The lookout is a one-story structure of wood-frame wall construction with cedar shake siding on three sides. The fourth side is wood-frame and appears to have never had its exterior wall shaked. The horizontal sill is resting on a stone foundation and there are window openings on each elevation. The door has been removed. The woodshed is wood constructed with a cedar shake roof. The property appears much as it did historically.

This building has not undergone any alterations other than the in-kind replacement of materials as they became deteriorated. It retains a high degree of integrity in its location, setting, design, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association, and exhibits the registration requirements identified in the Multiple Property Documentation form for the Historic Resources of Olympic National Park.

SEE ATTACHED INVENTORY CARD PREPARED IN 1982 FOR PROPERTY.

Statement of Significance:

Summary: The Pyramid Peak AWS Lookout is significant for its association with politics and government activities within Olympic National Park (criterion A) and as an example of United States Army and United States Forest Service building design (criterion C). The lookout's historical significance is enhanced by its association with the military funding the building of the structure by the NPS specifically for an Aircraft Warning Service station during World War II. The lookout is indicative of two property types identified in the Multiple Property Documentation form for the Historic Resources of Olympic National Park: Government (Military) and Architecture (Forest Service architecture). It has integrity of location, setting, design, workmanship, materials, feeling, and association, and meets the registration requirements set forth for these properties in the Multiple Property Documentation form.

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Continuation Sheet

Section number 8 and 9 Pyramid Peak A.W.S Lookout: Clallam County, WA

Page 2

Narrative:

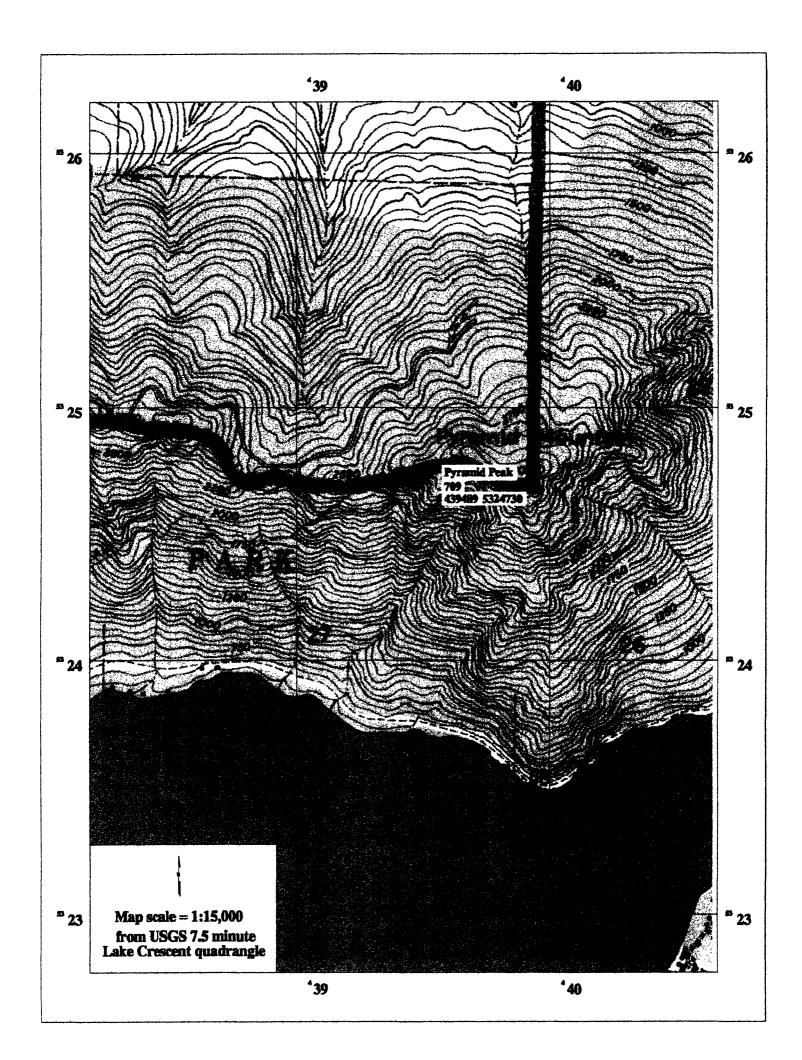
Aircraft Warning Service Station:

Under the direction of the United States Army, the Aircraft Warning Service (AWS) was initiated in 1942 when the threat of enemy air attack on the west coast loomed large in the minds of many military strategists. Small ground-based observation posts were activated throughout the Pacific Northwest beginning that summer and continuing through the winter of 1942-43. AWS work, which was accomplished primarily by trained civilians, required 24 hour reporting of all planes seen or heard. "Flash" messages (aircraft sighted) were transmitted from AWS observation posts by telephone and included information pertaining to the number and type of planes, the altitude, and the flight direction.

The Army established AWS observation posts in more remote isolated coastal and mountainous areas in the Pacific Northwest where inadequate radar screens existed. The USFS became the coordinating agency for the establishment of AWS observation posts. Existing Forest Service fire lookouts were pressed into service as AWS posts as they provided the necessary unobstructed views out over the Pacific Ocean and the Strait of Juan de Fuca. These AWS stations formed an important part of the defense system to protect the Puget Sound area. These structures were used until the United States gained position in the Pacific against the Japanese, and the AWS was gradually phased out, completely abandoned by June 1944.

Pyramid Peak Lookout, along with 12 others in today's national park, was called into service as an AWS observation post during the winter of 1942-43 to provide 24-hour surveillance. Of the 13 original structures, only two remain standing today—Dodger Point and Pyramid Peak lookout. Pyramid Peak may have been the only one constructed by the NPS and is significant for its association with this important era in Olympic National Park history, and in the nation's overall history (criterion A). It is an example of a property type identified in the Multiple Property Documentation form for the Historic Resources of Olympic National Park: Government. It meets the registration requirements set forth in the Multiple Property Documentation form.

Bibliography: Evans, Gail. Historic Resource Study. NPS. 1983.



PNR-100 6/82		PNRO			Westin Building, Room 1920 2001 Sixth Avenue Seattle, Washington 98121			
1. SITE I.D. NO	INVENT	TORY	ORY Cultural Resources Division					
2 NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE 709 PYRAMID PEAK A.W.S. LOOKOUT	5. ORIGINAL USE AWS Lookout	7. CLASS	SIFICATION				9. RATING	
THE PART OF THE PA	12 2001.000						10. DATE	
3 SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO) Pyramid Peak Trail; approx. 3.5 miles from	6. PRESENT USE Unoccupied						1942	
trailhead at end of Camp David, Jr. Rd.	•	8. UTM	ZONE EASTING	NORTHING 9 5 3 2	47	30	11. REGION PNR	
Approx. 45 miles from Port Angeles, Clalla	STATE m, Washington	SCALE	1:24 (1:62.5) OTHER		AD La	ke Cre	escent	
Department of the Interior, National Park	Service, Olympic Nat	ional Pa	ark, 600 East Park A	ve., Port	Ange	les, V	VA 98362	
13. DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), FIMPORTANT BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC.	PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJ	OR ALTERATION	NS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND					

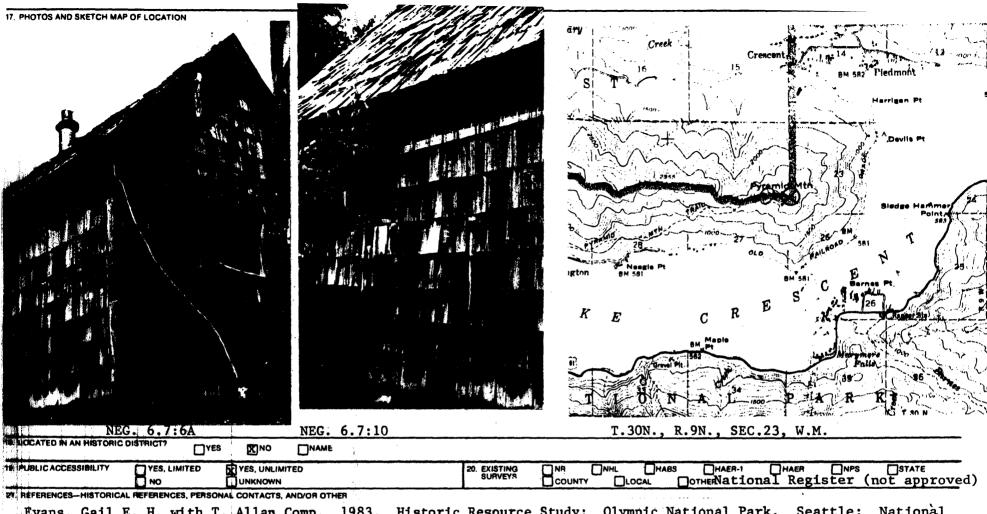
Pyramid Peak Lookout was built as an Aircraft Warning Service (AWS) lookout in the fall of 1942 expressly for the purpose of spotting enemy aircraft during World War II. Under the direction of the U.S. Army, the AWS was initiated in 1942 when the threat of enemy air attack on the West Coast loomed large in the minds of many military strategists. Small ground based observation posts were activated throughout the Pacific Northwest beginning in that summer and continuing through the winter of 1942-1943. With the U.S. Forest Service as coordinating agency for the establishment of AWS observation posts, thirteen sites within the present boundaries of the park were established as AWS lookouts. (A fourteenth AWS structure now stands on the western boundary between the park and Olympic National Forest.) Pyramid Peak and Dodger Point Lookouts are the only two lookouts still standing totally in the park that were utilized as AWS posts. Following World War II Pyramid Peak Lookout remained in use as Afire detection lookout.

Rectangular in plan; measures 16' x 13' with 8' x 7' woodshed off north elevation; 1 story; wood-frame wall construction with cedar shake siding; gable roof with wood shakes; shed roof with shakes over woodshed portion; horizontal sill resting on stone foundation; 1 window opening (without glazing) on each elevation; door removed. Alterations: none apparent. Siting: mountain peak overlooking Lake Crescent.

14. CONDITION	EXCELLENT	GOOD	FAIR	X DETERIORATED	RUINS	15. DANGER OF DEMOLITION? (SPECIFY THREAT)	YES	Пио	⊠ пикиоми

16. SIGNIFICANCE

Pyramid Peak A.W.S. Lookout, built circa 1942, is eligible for the National Register of Historic Places for its association with "Politics and Government" (Criterion A) and "Architecture" (Criterion C). Pyramid Peak Lookout is significant for its role in the air defense efforts on the west coast of the United States during World War II. It stands as one of the few extant A.W.S. lookouts in western Washington and has integrity for listing and meets the registration requirements.



Evans, Gail E. H. with T. Allan Comp. 1983. <u>Historic Resource Study: Olympic National Park</u>. Seattle: National Park Service, Pacific Northwest Region.

Neal, Patrick. 1977. Dodger Point Lookout; Pyramid Peak Lookout.

National Register of Historic Places Inventory-Nomination Form.

Olympic National Park, Port Angeles, Washington.

National Monuments, Mount Olympus, Administration & Personnel, Reports, Monthly Narrative, Superintendents.
1942. Photocopy. History file.



PYRAMIO PEAK A.W.S 1 DOKOUT CLALLAM COUNTY, WA 1 of 1