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# The Flora of Rainbow Bridge National Monument



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Cover: Rainbow Bridge, the world's largest natural stone bridge, viewed from the southeast in Rainbow Bridge National Monument, Utah. Photo by W. Fertig, September 2010.

"This Rainbow Bridge was the one great natural phenomenon, the one grand spectacle, which Shefford had ever seen that did not at first give vague disappointment, a confounding of reality, a disenchantment of contrast with what the mind had conceived. But this thing was glorious. It silenced him, yet did not awe or stun. His body and brain, weary and dull from the toil of travel, received a singular and revivifying freshness. He had a strange, mystic perception of this rosy-hued stupendous arch of stone, as if in a former life it had been a goal he could not reach ... Here at last, apparently, was the rainbow of his boyish dreams and of his manhood: a rainbow magnified even beyond those dreams, no longer transparent and ethereal, but solidified, a thing of ages, sweeping up majestically from the red walls, its iris-hued arch against the blue sky." - Zane Grey, The Rainbow Trail, 1915.

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### Flora of Rainbow Bridge National Monument

#### By Walter Fertig

To the Navajo, it was Nonnezoshe, "the stone arch". Paiutes called it Barhoini - "the rainbow". In all, five tribes from the Four Corners region considered it sacred. White explorers named it "Rainbow Bridge" for its colorful hues (though mostly in orange, tan, and white) and arching shape. Rainbow Bridge is the world's largest natural stone bridge reaching 290 feet from top to bottom and spanning 275 feet across Bridge Canvon\*. President William Howard Taft recognized the significance of the bridge in May 1910, decreeing it one of the nation's first national monuments under the Antiquities Act.

Rainbow Bridge had only been "discovered" by the outside world less than a year earlier. Though likely known by Indians for centuries, word of the colossal stone rainbow first attracted the attention of early settlers in 1907. Over the next two years expeditions were mounted by University of Utah dean Byron Cummings and government survevor William Douglass to discover the bridge rumored to lie somewhere in the poorly explored meandering canvons of the Colorado River west of Navajo Mountain in extreme southern San Juan County, Utah. The two rival parties eventually joined forces with local trader/ explorer John Wetherill, Paiute guide Nasja Begay, and Ute guide Jim Mike to reach the bridge in August 1909.

For years, Rainbow Bridge was the most remote and probably least visited National Park Service unit in the contiguous United States. No paved roads or airstrips were located in the monument. Reaching the bridge entailed a four day trek on foot or horseback from base camps on the south or north sides of Navajo Mountain, or a three day boat trip from Lee's Ferry to the mouth of Bridge Canyon on the Col-



Above: Western redbud (Cercis occidentalis var. orbiculata) produces pealike blooms in April in Bridge Canyon below Rainbow Bridge. Overland trekkers seeking Rainbow Bridge from the south must cross the appropriately named Redbud Pass and Redbud Canyon. Photo by W. Fertig.

orado River and then a 7 mile hike up canyon. With the completion of Glen Canyon Dam in 1963, Rainbow Bridge became accessible by boat on Lake Powell, though it is still nearly a four hour round-trip from Wahweap Marina. Three hundred thousand tourists now visit the bridge each year according to the park service.

Rainbow Bridge is carved entirely within Jurassic-aged Navajo Sandstone sitting on a base of Triassic Kayenta Sandstone. Until 5.5 million years ago, the Colorado Plateau region was a relatively flat plain built up of thousands of feet of sediments. Regional uplift and a wetter climate facilitated extensive erosion by creeks draining Navajo Mountain. Over time, Bridge Creek carved a deep, meandering chasm that pinched off a narrow fin of sandstone. Eventually the creek began to pound at the base of the fin, ultimately creating a small hole in the Navajo Sandstone. Over time the hole expanded thanks to the erosive power of floods and freezing and thawing to ultimately create the massive bridge that stands today. It is thought that nature took 30,000

years to carve the bridge. Engineers predict that it should persist for many thousands of years to come until the massive abutments are eventually eroded to half their current size and will no longer be able to support the weight of the span.

At just 65 acres, Rainbow Bridge National Monument is the smallest national park unit in Utah. Not surprisingly, it also has one of the smallest floras. The low species richness is a consequence of the minimal elevational range (3700-4880 feet) and limited number of vegetation types (Utah juniper, blackbrush-saltbush scrub, hanging gardens, and rock ledges) present in the monument.

The first trained botanists to explore Rainbow Bridge were apparently Elzada Clover and Lois Jotter in 1939, as part of their baseline floristic studies of the canyons of the Colorado River (Clover and Jotter 1941). They noted 18 vascular plant species from the area. During the next four decades just 15 additional species were documented through the efforts of John T. Howell, Duane Atwood, Stan Welsh, and others. In 1985, Jim Holland and colleagues from Glen Canvon NRA made extensive collections at Rainbow Bridge and bumped the known flora to 164. where it stood for the next two decades.

I became interested in the flora of Rainbow Bridge in April 2006 when I first visited the monument with my wife Laura and some friends via the overland route. Although I kept a log of plants observed on the trek, I didn't differentiate between species found in the monument and those from the adjacent Navajo reservation. When we returned in April 2008, Laura and I had Holland and Wood's unpublished species list in hand and began checking off new taxa. In just a few hours we relocated 62 species cited by previous botanists and discovered 26 new species. One of our discoveries was the first report of the rare Texas stork's-bill (Erodium texanum), a native [text continued on page 13]

<sup>\*</sup> To put this in perspective, the bridge is nearly the height of the US Capitol.

### Flora of Rainbow Bridge National Monument

The following checklist is based on herbarium records (primarily from the University of Nevada Las Vegas, Glen Canyon NRA, and Brigham Young University), published and unpublished literature, and recent field collections and observations by Walter and Laura Fertig and John Spence. Species are organized alphabetically by family and genus. Life forms include annual forbs (AF), annual graminoids (AG), ferns and fern-allies (fern), perennial forbs (PF), perennial graminoids (PG), shrubs (S), and trees (T). Range describes the distribution of each species in Utah and includes: local endemics (LE), regional endemic (RE), peripheral (P), sparsely distributed (S), and widespread (W). Status within Rainbow Bridge NM is either confirmed present (Pres) with an herbarium record, photograph, or recent observation; historical (Hist) - not observed since 1970; or reported (Rep) in the literature. Population Size ranges from common (com) to uncommon (unc) or rare. The source is the basis for a record in the Rainbow Bridge flora and may be an herbarium specimen, literature citation, or observation. The year documented is the earliest year in which a species was reported for the monument. Species taxonomy follows the 4th edition of *A Utah Flora* (Welsh et al., 2008).

Family	Species/Synonym	Common Name	Life form	Range	Status	Pop Size	Source	Year Doc.
Agavaceae	Yucca harrimaniae var. harrimaniae	Spanish bayonet	S	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Spence obs Sep 2010	2008
	Yucca toftiae (Y. angustissima var. toftiae)	Toft's yucca	S	LE	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
Anacardiaceae	Rhus aromatica var. simplicifolia (R. trilobata var. simplicifolia)	Squawbush	S	W	Pres	Unc	Clover & Jotter 4048 (MICH)	1939
	Rhus aromatica var. trilobata (R. trilobata var. trilobata)	Squawbush	S	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Toxicodendron rydbergii	Western poison ivy	S	W	Pres	Com	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
Apiaceae (Umbelliferae)	Cymopterus acaulis var. fendleri (C. fendleri)	Fendler's spring-parsley	PF	RE	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott & Wood 2711 (UNLV)	1985
Apocynaceae	Apocynum cannabinum	Common dogbane	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
Asclepiadaceae (Apocynaceae)	Asclepias asperula var. asperula	Spider milkweed	PF	W	Pres	Rare	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
	Asclepias latifolia	Broadleaf milkweed	PF	W	Pres	Rare	Fertig & Spence obs Sep 2010	2010
	Asclepias macrosperma	Bigseed milkweed	PF	RE	Pres	Rare	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2667 (UNLV)	1985
Asteraceae (Compositae)	Acourtia wrightii (Perezia wrightii)	Wright's perezia	PF	Р	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
	Artemisia bigelovii	Bigelow's sagebrush	S	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Spence obs Sep 2008	2010
	Artemisia ludoviciana var. albula	Louisiana wormwood	PF	W	Pres	Com	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	1985
	Artemisia ludoviciana var. mexicana	Louisiana wormwood	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
	Aster ascendens (Symphyotrichum ascendens)	Pacific aster	PF	W	Pres	Com	Fertig & Spence 26251 (GLCA)	2010
	Aster wasatchensis var. pulcher (Eucephalus pulcher, Her- rickia glauca var. pulchra)	Modest aster	PF	RE	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Spence obs Sep 2010	2010
	Aster welshii (Symphyotrichum welshii)	Welsh's aster	PF	RE	Pres	Rare	Fertig et al. 24036 (GLCA)	2008
	Baccharis salicifolia (B. glutinosa)	Sticky seep-willow	S	W	Pres	Com	Fertig et al. 24040 (GLCA)	2008
	Brickellia atractyloides	Spiny brickellbush	S	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2726 (UNLV)	1985
	Brickellia longifolia	Longleaf brickellbush	S	W	Pres	Com	Fertig et al. obs July 2008	1985
	Bricellia microphylla var. scabra	Rough brickellbush	S	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
	Chaenactis macrantha	Showy dusty-maiden	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2712 (UNLV)	1985
	Chaenactis stevioides	Stevia dusty-maiden	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2713 (UNLV)	1985
	Chrysopsis villosa var. minor (Heterotheca villosa var. minor)	Hispid golden-aster	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008

Family	Species/Synonym	Common Name	Life form	Range	Status	Pop Size	Source	Year Doc.
Asteraceae (Compositae)	Chrysopsis villosa var. villosa (Heterotheca villosa var. villosa)	Hairy golden-aster	PF	S	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
	Chrysothamnus nauseosus var. junceus (Ericameria nauseosa var. juncea)	Rush rabbitbrush	S	RE	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
	Chrysothamnus nauseosus var. oreophilus (Ericameria nauseosa var. consimilis, E. nauseosa var. oreophila)	Greenish rabbitbrush	S	W	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Cirsium neomexicanum var. neomexicanum	New Mexico thistle	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	1985
	Cirsium rydbergii	Rydberg's thistle	PF	RE	Pres	Rare	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	1985
	Conyza canadensis var. glabrata	Canadian horseweed	AF	W	Pres	Com	Clover & Jotter (1941)	1939
	Encelia frutescens var. resinosa	Bush encelia	S	RE	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2653 (UNLV)	1985
	Erigeron bellidiastrum	Pretty daisy	AF	W	Pres	Rare	Fertig et al. 24038 (GLCA)	2008
	Erigeron divergens var. divergens	Spreading daisy	PF	W	Hist	Unk	Clover & Jotter 4093 (MICH)	1939
	Erigeron lobatus	Lobeleaf daisy	PF	RE	Pres	Rare	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2679 (BRY)	1985
	Erigeron utahensis var. sparsifolius (E. sparsifolius)	Slenderleaf daisy	PF	RE	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2664 (UNLV)	1985
	Euthamia occidentalis (Solidago occidentalis)	Western goldenrod	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Filago californica (Logfia californica)	Fluffweed	AF	Р	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
	Gaillardia pinnatifida	Hopi blanketflower	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2701 (UNLV)	1985
	Glyptopleura marginata	Crustweed	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2707 (UNLV)	1985
	Gnaphalium palustre	Lowland cudweed	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2685 (UNLV)	1985
	Gnaphalium stramineum (G. chilense, Pseudognaphal- ium stramineum)	Cottonbatting cudweed	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Gutierrezia microcephala	Thread snakeweed	S	W	Pres	Com	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	1985
	Gutierrezia sarothrae	Broom snakeweed	S	W	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
	Hymenopappus filifolius var. cinereus	Common hyalineherb	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2672 (UNLV)	1985
	Hymenoxys acaulis var. arizonica (Tetraneuris acaulis)	Stemless woollybase	PF	W	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
	Hymenoxys acaulis var. ivesiana (Tetraneuris ivesiana)	Canyonlands woollybase	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Spence obs Sep 2010	2010
	Machaeranthera canescens var. aristata	Hoary aster	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	1985
	Malacothrix glabrata	Filiform desert- dandelion	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2709 (UNLV)	1985
	Pluchea sericea (Tessaria sericea)	Arrowweed	S	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008 (UNLV)	2008
	Prenanthella exigua (Lygodesmia exigua)	Prenanthella	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2705 (UNLV)	1985
	Solidago canadensis var. salebrosa (S. altissima)	Canadian goldenrod	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Atwood 3304 (BRY)	1939
	Solidago velutina (S. sparsiflora)	Three-nerve goldenrod	PF	W	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008

Family	Species/Synonym	Common Name	Life form	Range	Status	Pop Size	Source	Year Doc.
Asteraceae (Compositae)	Sonchus asper	Spiny-leaf sow-thistle	AF	I	Pres	Rare	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	1985
	Stephanomeria pauciflora	Brown-plume wire- lettuce	PF	W	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Stephanomeria tenuifolia var. tenuifolia	Slender wire-lettuce	PF	W	Pres	Com	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Stylocline micropoides	Desert nest-straw	AF	Р	Pres	Rare	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2661 (UNLV)	1985
	Thymophylla pentachaeta var. belenidium (Dyssodia pentachaeta)	Scale glandweed	PF	W	Pres	Com	Welsh & Atwood 11652 (BRY)	1948
	Townsendia annua	Annual townsendia	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2699 (UNLV)	1985
	Townsendia incana	Hoary townsendia	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2670 (UNLV)	1985
	Wyethia scabra (Scabrethia scabra)	Rough mule's-ears	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2671 (UNLV)	1985
	Xylorhiza imberbis (X. tortifolia var. imberbis, Machaeranthera tortifolia var. imberbis)	Hurtleaf woodyaster	PF	RE	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2668 (UNLV)	1985
Betulaceae	Ostrya knowltonii	Western hop-hornbeam	Т	RE	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Spence 26254 (GLCA)	2010
Boraginaceae	Cryptantha circumcissa	Cushion cryptanth	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2723 (UNLV)	1985
	Cryptantha confertiflora	Basin yellow cryptanth	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	1985
	Cryptantha fendleri	Sand dune cryptanth	AF	W	Hist	Unk	Clover & Jotter 4097 (MICH)	1939
	Cryptantha flava	Plateau yellow cryptanth	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2673 (UNLV)	1985
	Cryptantha gracilis	Slender cryptanth	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
	Cryptantha nevadensis	Nevada cryptanth	AF	Р	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2676 (UNLV)	1985
	<i>Cryptantha pterocarya</i> - variety not determined	Wing-nut cryptanth	AF	W	Rep	Unc	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
	Cryptantha recurvata	Recurved cryptanth	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2675 (UNLV)	1985
	Heliotropium convolv- ulaceum	Bindweed heliotrope	AF	W	Hist	Unk	Cutler 2847 (NY)	1939
	<i>Lappula occidentalis</i> ( <i>L. redowskii</i> ) - variety not determined	Cupseed stickseed	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2724 (UNLV)	1985
	Plagiobothrys jonesii	Jones' popcorn-flower	AF	RE	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2716 (UNLV)	1985
	Tiquilia latior (Coldenia hispidissima)	Matted tiquilia	PF	RE	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
Brassicaceae Cruciferae)	Arabis perennans var. perennans (Boechera perennans)	Perennial rockcress	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2689 (UNLV)	1985
	Arabis pulchra (Boechera pulchra var. pallens)	Desert rockcress	PF	W	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
	Descurainia pinnata var. osmiarum	Western tansy-mustard	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Lepidium alyssoides var. eastwoodiae (L. montanum var. spathulatum)	Eastwood's tall pepper- wort	PF	RE	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
	Lepidium lasiocarpum var. lasiocarpum	Hairy-pod pepperwort	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Lepidium montanum var. jonesii	Jones' pepperwort	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Spence obs Sep 2010	1985
	Physaria rectipes (Lesquerella rectipes)	Colorado Plateau blad- derpod	PF	RE	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2693 (UNLV)	1985
	Rorippa sinuata	Spreading yellowcress	PF	S	Pres	Rare	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2706 (UNLV)	1985

Family	Species/Synonym	Common Name	Life form	Range	Status	Pop Size	Source	Year Doc.
Brassicaceae (Cruciferae)	Streptanthella longirostris	Long-beak fiddle- mustard	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
Cactaceae	Echinocereus engelmannii	Engelmann's hedgehog cactus	PF	W	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
	Echinocereus triglochidiatus (E. mojavensis)	Claretcup	PF	W	Pres	Rare	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Opuntia erinacea var. erinacea	Common prickly-pear	PF	W	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Opuntia erinacea var. utahensis	Utah pricklypear	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Sclerocactus whipplei var. roseus (S. parviflorus)	Small-flower fishhook cactus	PF	W	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
Campanulaceae	Lobelia cardinalis ssp. graminea	Cardinal-flower	PF	Р	Pres	Rare	Atwood & Allen 3301 (BRY)	1971
Caryophyllaceae	Silene antirrhina	Sleepy catchfly	AF	W	Pres	Rare	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	1985
Chenopodiaceae (Amaranthaceae)	Atriplex canescens var. canescens	Four-wing saltbush	S	W	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Atriplex saccaria var. saccaria	Stalked orache	AF	RE	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2718 (UNLV)	1985
	Grayia spinosa	Spiny hopsage	S	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2682 (UNLV)	1985
	Monolepis nuttalliana	Nuttall's povertyweed	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2710 (UNLV)	1985
	Salsola tragus (S. kali, S. tragus, S. pestifer)	Russian-thistle	AF	Ι	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
Commelinaceae	Tradescantia occidentalis	Western spiderwort	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2656 (UNLV)	1985
Cupressaceae	Juniperus osteosperma (Sabina osteosperma)	Utah juniper	Т	W	Pres	Unc	Clover & Jotter (1941)	1939
Cyperaceae	<i>Carex hassei</i> (included in <i>C. aurea</i> by some authors)	Salt sedge	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Scirpus pungens var. longispicatus (Schoenoplectus pungens)	Three-square bulrush	PG	W	Pres	Rare	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
Elaeagnaceae	Shepherdia rotundifolia	Roundleaf buffaloberry	S	RE	Pres	Unc	Clover & Jotter (1941)	1939
Ephedraceae	Ephedra torreyana	Torrey's mormontea	S	W	Pres	Unc	Howell 24651 (ARIZ)	1948
	Ephedra viridis var. viridis	Green mormontea	S	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	1985
	Ephedra viridis var. viscida (E. cutleri)	Cutler's mormontea	S	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
Equisetaceae	Equisetum hyemale var. affine	Tall scouring-rush	Fern	W	Pres	Unc	Welsh & Atwood 11660 (BRY)	1972
	Equisetum x ferrisii (hybrid between E. hyemale x E. laevigatum)	Ferris's horsetail	Fern	W	Pres	Rare	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Equisetum laevigatum	Smooth scouring-rush	Fern	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Spence obs Sep 2010	1985
Euphorbiaceae	Chamaesyce fendleri (Euphorbia fendleri)	Fendler's spurge	PF	W	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
Fabaceae (Leguminosae)	Astragalus amphioxys var. amphioxys	Crescent milkvetch	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2658 (UNLV)	1985
	Astragalus amphioxys var. vespertinus	Sheldon's milkvetch	PF	RE	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
	Astragalus lentiginosus var. palans	Straggling milkvetch	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2684 (UNLV)	1985
	Astragalus nuttallianus var. micranthiformis	Small-flowered milk- vetch	AF	RE	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2714 (UNLV)	1985
	Astragalus sabulonum	Gravel milkvetch	PF	W	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
		Zion milkvetch	PF	RE	Pres	Unc		

Family	Species/Synonym	Common Name	Life form	Range	Status	Pop Size	Source	Year Doc.
Fabaceae (Leguminosae)	Cercis occidentalis var. orbiculata (C. orbiculata)	Western redbud	S	W	Pres	Unc	Atwood 3298 (BRY)	1939
	Dalea occidentalis (D. oligophylla, D. candida var. oligophylla)	White prairie-clover	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. 24037 (GLCA)	2008
	<i>Lupinus pusillus</i> —variety not determined	Dwarf lupine	AF	W	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
	Psoralidium lanceolatum var. stenophyllum	Slenderleaf scurfpea	PF	RE	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2691 (UNLV)	1985
Fagaceae	Quercus gambelii var. gambelii	Gambel's oak	Т	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Quercus x pauciloba (hybrid between Q. gambelii x Q. turbinella)	Few-lobe oak	S	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Spence 26252 (GLCA)	2008
Gentianaceae	Centaurium calycosum	Buckley's centaury	AF	Р	Pres	Rare	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Swertia utahensis (Frasera paniculata)	Utah swertia	PF	RE	Pres	Rare	Fertig & Spence obs Sep 2010	1985
Geraniaceae	Erodium cicutarium	Stork's-bill	AF	Ι	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Erodium texanum	Texas stork's-bill	AF	Р	Pres	Rare	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
Hydrophyllaceae (Boraginaceae)	Phacelia ivesiana	Ives' phacelia	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
Juncaceae	Juncus arcticus (J. balticus)	Baltic rush	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Welsh & Atwood 11662 (BRY)	
	Juncus ensifolius var. brunnescens	Brownish rush	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Juncus longistylis	Longstyle rush	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Juncus tenuis	Poverty rush	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Juncus torreyi	Torrey's rush	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	
Liliaceae (Alliaceae)	Allium macropetalum	San Juan onion	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
	Allium nevadense	Nevada onion	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2657 (UNLV)	1985
Liliaceae (Alliaceae, Themidaceae)	Androstephium breviflorum	Pink funnel-lily	PF	W	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
Liliaceae (Calochortaceae)	Calochortus flexuosus	Sinuous mariposa	PF	W	Pres	Com	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2698 (UNLV)	1985
	Calochortus nuttallii	Sego-lily	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2662 (UNLV)	1985
Liliaceae (Anthericaceae)	Eremocrinum albomargi- natum	Sand lily	PF	RE	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
Loasaceae	Mentzelia albicaulis	White-stem blazingstar	AF	W	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
	Mentzelia multiflora	Desert stickleaf	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Mentzelia pterosperma	Wing-seed stickleaf	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2715 (UNLV)	1985
Malvaceae	Sphaeralcea coccinea	Scarlet globe-mallow	PF	W	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
	Sphaeralcea moorei	Moore's globe-mallow	PF	RE	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
	Sphaeralcea rusbyi	Rusby's globe-mallow	PF	RE	Pres	Rare	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
Nyctaginaceae	Abronia fragrans (ours probably var. elliptica though often in- cluded in var. fragrans)	Fragrant sand-verbena	PF	W	Pres	Com	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2677 (UNLV)	1985
	Mirabilis multiflora	Showy four-o'clock	PF	W	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
	Tripterocalyx carneus var.	Wooton's sand-verbena	AF	RE	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008

Family	Species/Synonym	Common Name	Life form	Range	Status	Pop Size	Source	Year Doc.
Oleaceae	Fraxinus anomala	Singleleaf ash	S	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2669 (UNLV)	1985
Onagraceae	Camissonia walkeri	Walker's camissonia	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2717 (UNLV)	1985
	Oenothera caespitosa var. crinita	Paria evening-primrose	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2700 (UNLV)	1985
	Oenothera coronopifolia	Hairy-throat evening- primrose	PF	W	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
	Oenothera longissima	Bridges evening- primrose	PF	RE	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Oenothera pallida var. pallida	Pale evening-primrose	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Spence obs Sep 2010	2010
Orchidaceae	Epipactis gigantea	Giant helleborine	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Clover & Jotter 4033a (MICH)	1939
Pinaceae	Pinus edulis	Two-needle pinyon	Т	W	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
Plantaginaceae	Plantago patagonica	Woolly plantain	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2680 (UNLV)	1985
Poaceae (Gramineae)	Andropogon gerardii var. gerardii	Big bluestem	PG	W	Pres	Rare	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Aristida purpurea (includes vars. fendleriana, purpurea, & reports of nealleyi)	Purple three-awn	PG	W	Pres	Com	Welsh & Atwood 11654 (BRY)	1972
	Bothriochloa barbinodis	Cane bluestem	PG	W	Pres	Com	Fertig et al. 24033 (GLCA)	2008
	Bouteloua curtipendula	Sideoats grama	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Spence obs Sep 2010	1939
	Bromus diandrus (B. rigidus, Anisantha dian- dra)	Ripgut brome	AG	Ι	Pres	Rare	Welsh & Atwood 11655 (BRY)	
	Bromus japonicus (B. arvensis, B. commutatus)	Japanese chess	AG	Ι	Pres	Rare	Fertig et al. 24039 (GLCA)	2008
	Bromus rubens	Red brome	AG	Ι	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Bromus tectorum (Anisantha tectorum)	Cheatgrass	AG	Ι	Pres	Com	Welsh & Atwood 11651 (BRY)	
	Calamagrostis scopulorum	Jones' reedgrass	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Atwood & Allen 3300 (BRY)	1971
	Cenchrus longispinus	Field sandbur	AG	W	Pres	Rare	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Cynodon dactylon	Bermuda grass	PG	Ι	Pres	Rare	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Distichlis spicata	Desert saltgrass	PG	W	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
	Elymus canadensis	Canada wildrye	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Elymus elymoides (Sitanion hystrix)	Squirreltail	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	1985
	Erioneuron pulchellum (Dasychloa pulchella)	Fluffgrass	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2722 (UNLV)	1985
	Festuca octoflora (Vulpia octoflora)	Six-weeks fescue	AG	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Spence obs Sep 2010	1985
	Hilaria jamesii (Pleuraphis jamesii)	Galleta	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Imperata brevifolia	Satintail	PG	Р	Extirp	Unk	Darrow s.n. (MNA) - apparently inundated by Lake Powell	1945
	Muhlenbergia minutissima	Annual muhly	AG	S	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
	Muhlenbergia thurberi (includes M. curtifolia)	Thurber's muhly	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Spence 26256 (GLCA)	2010
	Panicum acuminatum (Dichanthelium acuminatum)	Bundle panicgrass	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
					-	-		

Family	Species/Synonym	Common Name	Life form	Range	Status	Pop Size	Source	Year Doc.
Poaceae (Gramineae)	Phragmites australis	Common reed	PG	W	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Poa annua	Annual bluegrass	AG	Ι	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
	Poa fendleriana	Muttongrass	PG	W	Pres	Com	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	1985
	Poa pratensis	Kentucky bluegrass	PG	Ι	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Polypogon monspeliensis	Rabbitfoot-grass	AG	Ι	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	1985
	Polypogon semiverticillatus (Agrostis semiverticillatus)	Water polypogon	PG	Ι	Hist	Unk	Clover & Jotter 4033 (MICH)	1939
	Schismus barbatus	Mediterranean grass	AG	Ι	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
	Schizachyrium scoparium (Andropogon scoparius)	Little bluestem	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
	Sorghastrum nutans	Indian grass	PG	W	Pres	Rare	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Sporobolus cryptandrus	Sand dropseed	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
	Sporobolus flexuosus	Mesa dropseed	PG	W	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Stipa comata (Hesperostipa comata)	Needle-and-thread	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2666 (UNLV)	1985
	Stipa hymenoides (Oryzopsis hymenoides, Achnatherum hymenoides)	Indian ricegrass	PG	W	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
	Stipa speciosa (Jarava speciosa, Achnatherum speciosum)	Desert needlegrass	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Welsh & Atwood 11653 (BRY)	1972
Polemoniaceae	Gilia hutchinsifolia	Broadlobe gilia	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2704 (UNLV)	1985
	Gilia inconspicua var. sinuata	Shy gilia	AF	W	Pres	Com	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2719 (UNLV)	1985
	Gilia leptomeria var. leptomeria (Aliciella leptomeria)	Common gilia	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2674 (UNLV)	1985
	Ipomopsis aggregata var. aggregata (Gilia aggregata)	Scarlet gilia	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Welsh & Atwood 11663 (BRY)	1972
	Ipomopsis gunnisonii (Gilia gunnisonii)	Gunnison's gilia	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2659 (UNLV)	1985
	Ipomopsis polycladon (Gilia polycladon)	Spreading gilia	AF	W	Pres	Rare	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
Polygonaceae	Eriogonum corymbosum var. corymbosum	Crisp-leaf wild buck- wheat	S	W	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Eriogonum corymbosum var. orbiculatum	Rimrock wild buckwheat	S	RE	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
	Eriogonum flexum (Stenogonum flexum)	Bent wild buckwheat	AF	RE	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2702 (UNLV)	1985
	Eriogonum inflatum var. inflatum	Desert trumpet	PF	W	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Eriogonum palmerianum	Palmer's wild buckwheat	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2697 (UNLV)	1985
	Eriogonum wetherillii	Wetherill's wild buck- wheat	AF	RE	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
	Rumex hymenosepalus	Canaigre dock	PF	W	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
Polypodiaceae Adiantaceae)	Adiantum capillus-veneris	Southern maidenhair fern	Fern	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1939
Primulaceae	Primula specuicola	Cave primrose	PF	RE	Pres	Rare	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2683 (UNLV)	1985
Ranunculaceae	Anemone tuberosa	Desert anemone	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Atwood 3561 (BRY)	1971
	Aquilegia micrantha	Alcove columbine	PF	RE	Pres	Rare	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2678 (UNLV)	1939
	Clematis ligusticifolia	White virgin's-bower	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	1985

### Flora of Rainbow Bridge National Monument

Family	Species/Synonym	Common Name	Life form	Range	Status	Pop Size	Source	Year Doc.
Ranunculaceae	Delphinium scaposum var. scaposum (D. andersonii var. scaposum)	Pale larkspur	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2688 (UNLV)	1985
Rhamnaceae	Rhamnus betulifolia (Frangula betulifolia)	Birchleaf buckthorn	S	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
Rosaceae	Amelanchier utahensis	Utah serviceberry	S	W	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Coleogyne ramosissima	Blackbrush	S	W	Pres	Com	Hollan, Ott, & Wood 2654 (UNLV)	1985
	Petrophyton caespitosum	Rock spiraea	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Purshia mexicana var. stansburyana (P. stansburiana)	Cliff-rose	S	W	Pres	Com	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
Rubiaceae	Galium multiflorum var. multiflorum	Shrubby bedstraw	PF	W	Pres	Rare	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2690 (UNLV)	1985
Salicaceae	Populus fremontii var. fremontii (P. deltoides var. fremontii)	Fremont cottonwood	Т	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	1985
	Salix exigua var. stenophylla	Coyote willow	S	W	Pres	Com	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2692 (UNLV)	1985
	Salix gooddingii	Goodding's black willow	Т	W	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
Santalaceae	Comandra umbellata var. pallida	Bastard toadflax	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
Scrophulariaceae (Orobanchaceae)	Castilleja chromosa (C. angustifolia var. dubia, C. applegatei ssp. martinî)	Desert paintbrush	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Castilleja exilis (C. minor)	Annual paintbrush	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Spence obs Sep 2010	2010
	Castilleja linariifolia	Wyoming paintbrush	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Clover & Jotter 4046 (MICH)	1939
Scrophulariaceae (Phrymaceae)	Mimulus eastwoodiae	Eastwood's monkey- flower	PF	RE	Pres	Rare	Atwood & Allen 3303 (BRY)	1971
Scrophulariaceae (Plantaginaceae)	Penstemon ambiguus var. laevissimus	Bush penstemon	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Clover & Jotter 4034 (MICH)	1939
	Penstemon eatonii var. undosus	Eaton's firecracker penstemon	PF	W	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2686 (UNLV)	1985
	Penstemon utahensis	Utah penstemon	PF	W	Rep	Unk	Holland & Wood (1985)	1985
Solanaceae	Datura wrightii	Angel's trumpet	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1985
	Lycium andersonii	Anderson's wolfberry	S	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	2008
	Nicotiana attenuata	Coyote tobacco	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
	Nicotiana trigonophylla	Desert tobacco	AF	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Spence obs Sep 2010	1985
Tamaricaceae	Tamarix chinensis (T. pentandra, T. ramosis- sima)	Five-stamen tamarisk	S	I	Pres	Unc	Fertig & Fertig obs Apr 2008	1939
Typhaceae	Typha domingensis	Southern cattail	PG	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	2008
Ulmaceae (Celtidaceae)	Celtis reticulata (C. laevigata var. reticulata)	Netleaf hackberry	Т	W	Pres	Unc	Fertig et al. obs Jul 2008	985
Urticaceae	Parietaria pensylvanica var. hespera	Pellitory	AF	Р	Pres	Unc	Holland, Ott, & Wood 2681 (UNLV)	1985
Vitaceae	Pathenocissus vitacea	Virginia creeper	S	I	Pres	Unc	Welsh & Atwood s.n. (BRY)	1972

Questionable records: Two species reported for Rainbow Bridge by Holland et al. are not included in this list and considered questionable. *Yucca glauca* is a Great Plains species that is not otherwise known (or expected) from Utah. This report is probably based on a misidentified collection of *Yucca toftiae* or *Y. harrimaniae. Sphaeralcea janeae* is known mainly from the White Rim area and vicinity of Canyonlands National Park. The Rainbow Bridge report is probably based on *S. moorei* or *S. rusbyi*.



Above: Erodium texanum (left) growing next to its more common, weedy cousin, E. cicutarium at Rainbow Bridge NM. Photo by W. Fertig, 12 April 2008.

known from fewer than a dozen sites in San Juan and Washington counties in Utah.

Laura and I revisited Rainbow Bridge in July 2008 to document summer-blooming species. This time we traveled by boat in the company of NPS botanist John Spence, graduate student Emily Palmquist, and University of Michigan sedge expert Tony Reznicek. Our team found 35 new species, bringing the total flora to 224. Among our more noteworthy finds were first records of Welsh's aster (*Aster welshii*), Arrowweed (*Pluchea sericea*), and Indiangrass (*Sorghastrum nutans*).

In September 2010, John Spence and I made one last visit to Rainbow Bridge to document the undercollected fall flora. In particular, I was interested in visiting a side drainage across from the bridge that had caught my eye on earlier visits but required a bit of a scramble to access. With just an hour to spare before our return on the park service boat, John and I clambered over the loose sandy terrace to reach a shady alcove and perennial spring. Our hard work was rewarded with the discovery of a small hanging garden with dangling clumps of rock spirea (Petrophyton caespitosum), wideleaved Rydberg's thistle (Cirsium rydbergii), orange-flowered Eastwood's monkeyflower (Mimulus eastwoodiae), cave primrose (Primula specuicola), and the aptly named cardinal-flower (Lobelia cardinalis). To our surprise, we also found a small grove of Western hophornbeam (Ostyra knowltonii), a rare shrub not previously recorded from Rainbow Bridge. In all we added 10 new species to the monu-

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ment's flora, bringing the total number of confirmed and reported species to 234.

The table below gives the statistical breakdown of the flora of Rainbow Bridge National Monument. Nearly 39% of all plant species in the monument are perennial forbs. Another 27% of all species are annuals. Trees and shrubs make up about 18% of all taxa. Almost 73% of the species in the monument are common and widespread across much of Utah or the west, while just 36 are restricted to the Colorado Plateau.

Only 15 introduced species have been documented at Rainbow Bridge or just 6.4% of the flora. This number is extremely low compared to other park units and half the statewide average. The relative lack of weeds is probably due to the monument's remoteness and absence of roads. The most common exotic species are cheatgrass (Bromus tectorum) and stork's-bill (Erodium cicutarium). Salt cedar (Tamarix chinensis) was once more common, but has decreased significantly due to recent removal efforts by NPS.

Toft's yucca (Yucca toftiae) is arguably the rarest species from Rainbow Bridge. This striking yucca with extremely tall flowering stalks is a local endemic of hanging gardens and canvons along the Colorado River and tributaries upstream of Glen Canyon Dam in Utah. The species has only been recognized since 1975, but is shown in an historical photograph from the 1920s taken in Redbud Canvon south of Rainbow Bridge (Bernheimer 1923)! The state's only known occurrence of lobeleaf daisy (Erigeron lobatus) is found at Rainbow Bridge, though this species is more widespread to the south in Arizona. One other notable rare species is satingrass (Imperata brevifolia) which was collected in the area by Darrow in 1945 but has not been relocated since the filling of Glen Canyon Reservoir. At least five other species from Rainbow Bridge are considered historical and have not been seen since before 1970.

Of the fourteen national parks and monuments managed by the National Park Service and BLM in Utah, Rainbow Bridge is currently 13th in total number of species, exceeding only Golden Spike National

Statistical Summary of the Flora of Rainbow Bridge National Monument	Present, Extirpated or Historical	Reported	Total
Taxonomic Diversity			
Total # of Taxa (including vars. and subspecies)	212	22	234
# of Families	51	2	53
Life Form Diversity			
# of Tree Taxa	5	2	7
# of Shrub Taxa	35	0	35
# of Perennial Forb Taxa	79	12	91
# of Annual Forb Taxa	48	5	53
# of Perennial Graminoid Taxa	33	1	34
# of Annual Graminoid Taxa	8	2	10
# of Fern Taxa	4	0	4
<b>Biogeographic Diversity</b>			
# of Introduced Taxa	14	1	15
# of Native Taxa	198	21	219
# of Locally Endemic Taxa	1	0	1
# of Regionally Endemic Taxa	34	1	35
# of Disjunct Taxa	0	0	0
# of Peripheral Taxa	8	1	9
# of Sparse Taxa	1	2	3
# of Widespread Taxa	154	17	171



Above: Glen Canyon NRA botanist John Spence posing with the prickly Rydberg's thistle or Cirsium rydbergii (Spence is on the left). Rydberg's thistle is an uncommon, native, hanging garden species recognized by its enormous leaves and often drooping inflorescence. Photo by W. Fertig, September 2010.

Historic Site (Fertig 2009). However, with our new discoveries in 2010, Rainbow Bridge is now only one species behind Timpanogos Cave National Monument for a share of 12th place!

John Spence applied a first-order jackknife analysis to collection data from Rainbow Bridge from 1939-2010 and estimates that the total vascular flora of the monument ranges from 242-272 species. Clearly additional floristic work is still needed, and I'll be more than happy to make my way back to Rainbow Bridge to find the missing species!

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### Revolutionary New Plant Taxonomy

By Dave Culp Reprinted from the March 2000 issue of *Castilleja*, the newsletter of the WY Native Plant Society

Following in the footsteps of the Angiosperm Phylogeny Group (see "Farewell to the Aceraceae: Changes in the Angiosperm Family Tree" in the September Sego Lily), an even <u>more</u> novel approach to taxonomy has been developed.

With all due apologies to Arthur Cronquist, the current method of plant classification used in most modern herbaria is cumbersome at best. After working in the Rocky Mountain Herbarium I have developed a simplified method of plant classification to be known as the Culp Method of Filing Plant Corpses.

The main problem with Art's system lies in the families: there are too many of them. The Culp Method of Filing Plant Corpses utilizes only seven families.

In keeping with Art's tradition, we start with primitive plants. The first family is the Mossiaceae. Plants in the Mossiaceae family are characterized by being short, slimy, and generally gross. Members of this family are also readily identifiable by using the Animal Method: If it looks like something the cat drug in, and the dog was afraid to drag it back out, its in the Mossiaceae.

Our second family is the Ferniaceae. There is only one criterion for membership in this family: If it hangs in a fern bar it's a Ferniaceae. Ferniaceae is probably one of the most fun families to study because of its habitat.

Moving up the evolutionary ladder, we come to the Grassiaceae. These plants are very easily identified. If it has long, very thin leaves, tries to cover as much ground as possible, and survives after being run over by machines with whirling blades and the name "Toro" painted on them, it belongs in the Grassiaceae. The next family is the largest. It is the Floweriaceae. This family includes any plant that exists to produce a flower. By flower, we mean a showy plant part that, when presented to your spouse, will probably win you forgiveness for an all night session at the fern bar.

The larger plants of the world fall into one of two families. These families are the Bushiaceae and the Treeiaceae. Both of these families have members that grow tall. Members of the Bushiaceae, however, have branches very low to the ground and are often found around foundations of buildings. Plants of the Treeiaceae don't have low branches and generally live further away from buildings.

Our final family is the most painful and dangerous to study. It is the Cockleburriaceae. Members of this family can be placed into one of two subfamilies: Dog Hair Cloggus or Bicycle Tire Eatus. Members of the Cockleburriaceae are identified by their spines, thorns, and other lethal projections. If you pick up a plant and say "ouch" it's probably a member of the Cockleburriaceae. Placement into the two subfamilies is easy: throw it at your dog. If it gets stuck in its hair, it's a Dog Hair Cloggus. The next test involves a bicycle. If it causes a flat tire after being run over by the bicycle, it goes into the Bicycle Tire Eatus subfamilv.

Use of the Culp Method of Filing Plant Corpses will help most herbaria overcome their difficulties in filing specimens. It should also create lots of debate and frantic research among plant taxonomists. This will create hordes of jobs, stimulate the economy, help establish a new world order, and bring peace to the world. At the very least, it will make working in an herbarium a whole lot easier.

Editor's Note: The author formerly worked at the Rocky Mountain Herbarium at the University of Wyoming. He was fired after refiling the entire collection using the Culp Method.