



Exploring the outdoors in winter is undeniably magical. It is also challenging. Use this map and guide to plan a safe, enjoyable trip.

Tips for a **Great Hike**

Navigating in Winter Can Be Hard

Park trails are not marked or maintained for winter use. You can't rely on others' tracksthey may have been headed somewhere else or made a wrong turn. To find your way in winter:

- Have and know how to use a topographic map and compass. When used correctly, GPS units can also be helpful.
- · Discuss your plans with park staff at visitor centers and trailhead kiosks.

Be Avalanche Aware

Avalanches can be easily triggered by backcountry travelers.

- · Visit avalanche.state.co.us/ for the latest avalanche forecast. If danger is high, consider staying home.
- Avoid traveling in steep gullies and on ridge tops. Open slopes of 30 to 45 degrees can be loaded with dangerous masses of snow.
- · If you choose to travel in these areas, carry an avalanche beacon, probe, and shovel. However, don't take extra risks just because you are carrying this equipment.
- · If caught in an avalanche, make swimming motions and try to stay on top of the snow.

Pay Attention to Weather and Conditions

Expect snow, gusty winds, and cold temperatures at any time. Winter days are short—start early and plan conservatively.

Streams and lakes can have thin ice and be very dangerous. If you choose to cross, first test your steps with a pole.

Only travel off-trail if you are extremely familiar with the area. Snow-covered landscapes look very different than in summer. Snow can be deep once you are off-trail.

Watch for Hypothermia

When your body loses heat faster than it can produce it, your body temperature begins to drop. This is an emergency medical condition called hypothermia. It is serious and can be

Symptoms include shivering, drowsiness, exhaustion, loss of coordination, impaired judgment, and slurred or incoherent speech.

Wear warm, quick-drying layers of clothes. Stay dry. Take frequent stops to warm up. If symptoms occur, warm the chilled person with dry clothing and warm, non-alcoholic liquids. Get back to your car, and promptly seek medical attention.

Bring the Right Gear

- ✓ Wear layers of synthetic or wool clothing that wick moisture.
- ✓ Take extra layers of clothing (socks included).
- ✓ Bring windproof outer layers, a warm hat, and warm gloves or mittens.
- ✓ Wear sunglasses and sunscreen. Sunlight can damage your eyes and skin even on cold
- ✓ Drink lots of water and eat highenergy snacks.

Follow the Rules, Practice Good Etiquette Sledding is not allowed at Bear Lake. Please go to the Hidden Valley Snowplay Area, the only place in Rocky where sledding is permitted.

Don't walk or snowshoe in ski tracks: it creates dangerous conditions for skiers.

You must be in control at all times and let others know when you're approaching them. Yield to those traveling faster than you. Pass with care.

For More Information

Bear Lake Corridor Trails

Unpaved road

Trail distances

Trailhead

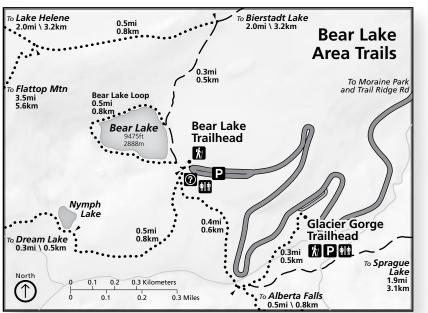
Information

Picnic area

Campground

Parking

Restrooms



DESTINATION	DISTANCE		ELEVATION	ELEVATION GAIN	
one way from nearest TH	mi	km	ft	m	
Alberta Falls	8.0	1.3	160	49	
Bear Lake Loop	0.5	0.8	20	6	
Bierstadt Lake from Bear Lake Trailhead	2.3	3.7	-34	-10	
Cub Lake	2.3	3.7	540	165	
Dream Lake	8.0	1.3	425	130	
Emerald Lake	1.5	2.4	605	184	
Fern Lake	3.8	6.1	1,375	419	
Lake Helene	2.9	4.7	1,215	370	
Mills Lake	1.8	2.9	750	229	
Nymph Lake	0.5	0.8	225	69	
Sprague Lake Loop	0.5	0.8	20	6	
The Loch	2.1	3.4	990	302	
The Pool	2.5	4.0	245	<i>7</i> 5	

All Glacier Gorge trails can be accessed from Bear Lake. Add 0.1 miles to trail distance.

Shuttle buses do not operate in winter.

High risk avalanche areas are marked, but avalanches can happen almost anywhere in this area.

