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National Park Service
U.S. Department of the Interior

Voyageurs National Park



Forest Breeding Birds

Black Bay Ski Trail Area



Beaver pond at the end of the hiking trail

The Black Bay Ski Trail area has many birds for viewing – usually in June. The species listed in this brochure have been heard or spotted since 1997.

When hiking this off-trail area, visitors should remember that it is heavily covered in vegetation and be prepared for ticks, mosquitoes, beaver flowages, and many wet areas.

To get to the Black Bay Ski Trail area, visitors will need to travel by boat from the Rainy Lake Visitor Center boat launch, one mile north to the trailhead.

There are two trails in this area. The Black Bay Beaver Pond Trail and the Black Bay Ski Trail. Both trails extend through four forest communities.

A northern bur oak community is open, high, dry, and south facing. Blueberries, junipers, and bearberry grow amongst the flat rocky outcrops. Chestnut-sided warblers, chipping sparrows, and indigo buntings nest there. Ruffed grouse forage on the many abundant berries.

Veery, red-eyed vireo, white-throated sparrows, yellow-bellied sapsuckers, ovenbirds, and Nashville warblers are most frequently heard in the aspen/birch boreal conifer communities.

Canada warblers are associated with mountain maple and other shrubs near moist areas. They are most common around and near the whitecedar and black ash lowland on the far east end of the trail where steep slopes are densely vegetated with shrubs.

Red and white pine aspen and birch communities support blue-headed vireos, ovenbirds, Blackburnian, black-throated green, Nashville, and yellow-rumped warblers along with red-breasted nuthatches, and hermit and Swainson's thrushes. Scarlet tanagers and wood pewees sing from the tops of the tall forest canopy there.



Vireos

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Blue-headed Vireo

Red-eyed Vireo

Bird rank indicates their abundance during a		ng all	GROUP SPECIES NAME		<u>Rank</u>
years of monitoring on this scale:			Jays & Crows		
			0	American Crow	U
A = abundant to most abundant			0	Blue Jay	U
C = common			0	Common Raven	R
U = uncommon P = rere to least abundant			0	Gray Jay	U
R = rare to least abundant Black Bay Ski Trail			Chickadees Black-capped Chickadee Nuthatches		
					U
<u>GROUP</u>	SPECIES NAME	<u>Rank</u>	0	White-breasted Nuthatch	R
łerons, l	Bitterns, & Allies		Cree	epers	
)	American Bittern	R	0	Brown Creeper	U
)	Great Blue Heron	U	Wre	ens	
Ducks, G	eese, and Swans		0	Winter Wren	U
)	Common Merganser	R	King	glets	
lawks &	Eagles		0	Golden-crowned Kinglet	R
)	Broad-winged Hawk	R	0	Ruby-crowned Kinglet	U
Partridge, Grouse, and Turkey		Thrushes			
	Ruffed Grouse	R	0	American Robin	U
Gulls & T	erns		0	Hermit Thrush	U
)	Herring Gull	U	0	Veery	С
	Ring-billed Gull	R	Wax	kwings	
Hummingbirds			0	Cedar Waxwing	U
	Ruby-throated	U	Woo	od-Warblers	
)	Hummingbird	U	0	American Redstart	U
Woodpeckers			0	Bay-breasted Warbler	R
)	Downy Woodpecker	U	0	Black and White Warbler	С
	Hairy Woodpecker	U	0	Blackburnian Warbler	С
	Northern Flicker	U	0	Black-throated Green Warbler	U
	Pileated Woodpecker	U	0	Canada Warbler	U
)	Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	С	0	Cape May Warbler	U
Tyrant Flycatcher			0	Chestnut-sided Warbler	С
	Eastern Kingbird	R	0	Common Yellowthroat	U
	Eastern Phoebe	R	0	Magnolia Warbler	U
	Eastern Wood Pewee	U	0	Morning Warbler	С
)	Great-crested Flycatcher	U	0	Nashville Warbler	Α
0	Least Flycatcher	U	0	Northern Parula	U
)	Yellow-bellied Flycatcher	R	0	Ovenbird	A

Pine Warbler

Tennessee Warbler

Yellow-rumped Warbler

0

0

0

Α





R

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